2020
DIRECTORS’ REPORT
ON THE OPERATIONS OF KRUK S.A.
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1 OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY

1.1 General information about the Company

Form of incorporation

The Parent of the KRUK Group is KRUK Spółka Akcyjna of Wrocław (the “Company”).

The Company was established in 1998 as KRUK Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością. Pursuant to a resolution of the Extraordinary General Meeting of June 28th 2005, KRUK Sp. z o.o. (limited liability company) was transformed into KRUK S.A. (joint-stock company) and on September 7th 2005 the transformed company was entered in the National Court Register – Business Register by the District Court for Wrocław Fabryczna of Wrocław, 6th Commercial Division of the National Court Register, under No. KRS 0000240829.

On May 5th 2011, the Company shares and allotment certificates for ordinary bearer shares were introduced to stock-exchange trading on the main market of the Warsaw Stock Exchange, by way of ordinary procedure, pursuant to the WSE Management Board’s Resolutions No. 586/2011 and No. 587/2011.

Parent contact details

Name: KRUK SPÓŁKA AKCYJNA

Registered address: Wołowska 8, 51-116 Wrocław, Poland

Telephone: + 48 (71) 79 02 800

Fax: +48 (71) 79 02 867

Corporate website: http://en.kruk.eu/

For the organisational chart of the KRUK Group, see Section 3.1. Description of the Group’s structure.

[102-14] [102-1][102-3][102-5]

1.2 Business model

KRUK S.A. is the parent of the KRUK Group. A comprehensive overview of the Group’s business and sources of revenue is presented in the Director’s Report on the operations of the KRUK Group. In the Management Board’s opinion, reading this document is essential for proper and thorough assessment of the Company’s performance in 2020.

The Company’s operations are based on a successful business model, implemented across the entire Group. The Company is active both in the debt purchase and credit management segments of the debt collection market. Due to the nature of the debt collection industry (particularly operation of securitisation funds) and the wide range of services and activities performed by the KRUK Group (including in particular litigation-based debt collection, credit reference agency services, provision of consumer loans), separate results of the Company do
not reflect the Group’s actual performance. Only an analysis of the combined potential of the Company and its subsidiaries, taking into account the nature of their operations, gives a comprehensive picture of the Company’s business model and enables proper assessment of its operating and financial performance.

The statement by the President the Management Board of KRUK S.A. on the importance of sustainable development for the organisation and its strategy is presented in the Directors’ Report on the operations of the KRUK Group in 2020.

1.3 Summary of financial results for 2020
KRUK S.A. is the parent of the KRUK Group. Given the intra-Group organisational and business links, its financial and operational performance should be assessed in the context of the Group’s overall performance.

In December 2020, the number of FTEs* in the Company was 1,229.79 (2019: 1,645.60).

* FTE employment – the number reflected in the cost of salaries, calculated based on full time job equivalents rather than the actual number of employees. Includes: employment contracts, management service contracts, cooperation agreements, and civil law contracts. Inactive employees (i.e. persons on long-term leaves, e.g. maternity leaves) not included.

Source: Company

### Number of employees by type of employment contract and gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of employment</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internships</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract of employment</td>
<td>788</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>1,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooperation agreement</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management service contract</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-employment</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>790</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>1,365</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Number of employees employed for an indefinite period by type of employment contract and gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of employment</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contract of employment</td>
<td>719</td>
<td>489</td>
<td>1,208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooperation agreement</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management service contract</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>721</td>
<td>494</td>
<td>1,215</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Number of employees by type of position (management and other) and gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of employment</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Managers, directors, CEO</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>503</td>
<td>1,203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>790</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>1,365</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Composition of the Management Board of KRUK S.A., by gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of persons</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
The table below presents selected data and financial highlights of the Company for 2020, with comparative data for 2019.

**Table 1. Financial results in 2019–2020**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Year ended Dec 31</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating income including gain or loss on expected credit losses, fair value measurement, and other income/expenses from purchased debt portfolios excluding other income</td>
<td>158,917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBITDA</td>
<td>-35,659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating profit (EBIT)</td>
<td>-53,655</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net finance costs</td>
<td>-79,219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net profit for period</td>
<td>81,356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash flows from operating activities</td>
<td>-5,304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash flows from investing activities</td>
<td>513,698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash flows from financing activities</td>
<td>-515,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total net cash flows</td>
<td>-7,216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>3,758,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity</td>
<td>2,043,772</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: Company*
2  MARKET AND REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT – External factors with a bearing on the Company’s business

2.1  Structure and description of the debt management market
In 2020, KRUK was active mainly on the Polish and Romanian markets. During the year, KRUK operated in the debt purchase segment of the Polish and Romanian markets and provided credit management services in Poland, to both external clients and entities of the KRUK Group. For a description of the debt management market and its structure, and the presentation of the key factors affecting the Company’s business, see section “Structure and description of the debt management market” of the Director’s Report on the operations of the KRUK Group.

2.2  Legal and regulatory environment
The operations of KRUK S.A. are governed by laws and regulations described in the sections below. Investors are advised to read the “Legal and regulatory environment” section of the Directors’ Report on the operations of the KRUK Group in 2020.

2.2.1  Securitisation funds
On October 12th 2017, KRUK S.A. entered into an agreement to manage the securitised debt of Bison NS FIZ. On April 15th 2016, KRUK S.A. entered into an agreement to manage the securitised debt of P.R.E.S.C.O. Investment I NS FIZ. The agreement provides, among other things, for debt purchase and sale on behalf of the fund, preparation of projects and analyses concerning the fund’s investments, preparation of analyses concerning efficient day-to-day management of the fund’s portfolio, as well as collection and administration of the fund’s securitised receivables. As of April 1st 2015, KRUK S.A. manages the securitised debt of PROKURA NS FIZ. As regards the performance of the above agreements, the Company is subject to the supervision of the Polish Financial Supervision Authority.

2.2.2  Private detective services
The Company’s operations involving private detective services are also regulated and as such must be registered in the register of detective agencies, maintained by the Minister of Internal Affairs and Administration.

2.2.3  Outsourcing of debt collection by banks
Pursuant to the provisions of the Banking Law (consolidated text in Dz.U. of 2016, item 1988), banks are not required to request the PFSA’s approval in order to transfer debt for collection by the Group. The terms and conditions on which debt collection may be outsourced by banks are defined in the Banking Law. In addition, the performance of debt collection outsourcing agreements by the Group companies is subject to supervision by the PFSA.

2.2.4  Personal data protection
Given the large-scale processing of the personal data of individuals by the Group companies in the course of their day-to-day operations, personal data protection laws, including Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General
Data Protection Regulation) (hereinafter: “GDPR”), are of particular importance to the Group’s operations. Personal data must be processed in compliance with the relevant laws and with the use of technical and organisational measures which ensure personal data protection, in particular against disclosure to unauthorised individuals. In addition, data subjects should be provided with a range of information, including:

- the identity and contact details of the controller,
- the contact details of the Data Protection Officer,
- the purpose of and legal basis for the processing of personal data,
- the recipients or categories of recipients of personal data,
- an intention to transfer personal data to a third country,
- the period for which personal data will be stored, or if that is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period,
- the existence of the right to request access to, rectification or erasure of personal data or restriction of processing or the right to object to processing, as well as the right to data portability and the right to withdraw consent,
- the right to lodge a complaint with a supervisory authority concerning the processing of data,
- whether the provision of personal data is a statutory or a contractual requirement, or a requirement necessary to enter into a contract, as well as whether the data subject is obliged to provide personal data and of the possible consequences of failure to provide such data,
- the existence of automated decision-making, including profiling, as well as information about the logic involved, as well as the significance and the envisaged consequences of such processing for the data subject,
- if personal data is further processed for a purpose other than that for which the personal data was collected, information on that other purpose.

2.2.5 Changes in laws and regulations applicable to the Company’s business

In 2020, the most important changes in the laws and regulations applicable to the Company’s operations were related primarily to:

- With respect to the operations of the investment funds – the Regulation of the Minister of Finance, Funds and Regional Policy on the manner, mode and conditions of conducting operations by investment fund management companies, which obliges investment fund management companies to develop and implement a policy for maintaining and enhancing the knowledge and competencies of management and supervisory board members and to establish and implement a policy for assessing and verifying the fulfilment of knowledge and competence requirements applicable to management board members, and expands the scope of responsibility of the legal compliance supervision system to include supervision of compliance with the rules of conduct applicable to prevention of tax evasion.
- The Act Amending the Act on Special Measures to Prevent, Counteract and Combat COVID-19, Other Infectious Diseases and Related Crisis Situations, and Certain Other Acts, as subsequently amended, the Act on Interest Subsidies for Bank Loans Advanced to Ensure Liquidity to Business Undertakings Affected by COVID-19 and Amending Certain Other Acts, providing for a new, lower amount of non-interest costs for consumer loans, criminal liability for demanding twice the maximum loan costs or interest, as well as new obligations for lenders with respect to borrower verification prior to granting a loan, and regulating the issue of ‘repayment holidays’. Auctions to sell residential units or properties with residential units during a state of epidemic emergency or a state of epidemic and 90 days
thereafter was suspended. In addition, court work was reorganised (the procedure for hearing urgent cases was disapproved, hearings could be held online).

- The Act on Electronic Service of Correspondence defines the rules for exchange of correspondence between public entities (including courts and bailiffs) and other entities, including natural persons; the Act expands the scope of services provided electronically or enabling individuals or entrepreneurs to handle administrative matters without having to leave their homes or place of work; correspondence can be sent and collected from any location and the entire process is less time-consuming – no requirement to inform existing or potential correspondents about each change of place of residence.

- A regulation that will be relevant to KRUK S.A.‘s business in all home countries is the proposed Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on credit servicers, credit purchasers and the recovery of collateral. Its provisions are intended to address the high volume of non-performing loans and to prevent their possible further accumulation, to facilitate the sale of non-performing loans by credit institutions to other operators on efficient, competitive and transparent secondary markets, and to provide regulations on the position of loan purchasers and credit servicers in relation to non-performing loans.

KRUK S.A. has brought its operations into compliance with the above regulations. However, as at the date of this report, the regulations’ overall effect on the Company’s operations cannot be reliably quantified. [102-13]

2.2.6 Other authorities materially involved in oversight of the Company’s operations

KRUK S.A.‘s activities are also regulated by other authorities. These include:

- President of the Polish Office of Competition and Consumer Protection, with respect to competition and consumer rights protection,

- The President of the Personal Data Protection Office – with respect to processing and protection of personal data.
3 OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY’S BUSINESS

3.1 The Company’s business and branches
KRUK S.A. is the parent of the KRUK Group. The Company’s core business is debt collection, including debt purchase and credit management services.

3.2 Organisational structure
The structure of the KRUK Group as at December 31st 2020 and KRUK S.A.’s ownership interests in the subsidiaries are presented below.

As at December 31st 2020, the Group comprised KRUK S.A. (the parent) and 23 subsidiaries and 2 entities controlled through personal links. The subsidiaries are presented below.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subsidiary</th>
<th>Registered office</th>
<th>Principal business activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kancelaria Prawna Raven P. Krupa sp.k.</td>
<td>Wroclaw</td>
<td>Comprehensive support for litigation and enforcement proceedings as part of debt collection processes carried out by the KRUK Group and its partners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERIF Biuro Informacji Gospodarczej S.A.</td>
<td>Warsaw</td>
<td>Collection, processing and provision of credit information on natural persons and businesses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUJ Romania S.r.l.</td>
<td>Bucharest</td>
<td>Management of debt portfolios purchased by the KRUJ Group, credit management services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secapital S.a r.l.</td>
<td>Luxembourg</td>
<td>Special-purpose securitisation vehicle which invests in debt or debt-backed assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prokura NS FIZ securitisation fund</td>
<td>Wroclaw</td>
<td>Fund based on professional risk assessment and credit management methodologies; all certificates issued by the fund are held by KRUJ S.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secapital Polska sp. z.o.o. wlikwidacji (in liquidation)</td>
<td>Wroclaw</td>
<td>Management of securitised debt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERIF Business Solutions Sp. z o.o.</td>
<td>Wroclaw</td>
<td>Financial and agency services and support for small and medium-sized enterprises</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOVUM FINANCE sp. z o.o.</td>
<td>Wroclaw</td>
<td>Granting consumer loans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUJ Česka a Slovenska republika s.r.o.</td>
<td>Hradec Kralove</td>
<td>Management of debt portfolios purchased by the KRUJ Group, credit management services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUJ Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A.</td>
<td>Wroclaw</td>
<td>Management of Prokura NS FIZ, P.R.E.S.C.O. Investment I NS FIZ, and Bison NS FIZ funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvestCapital Ltd.</td>
<td>Malta</td>
<td>Investment in equity assets, including shares in KRUJ Group companies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoCapital IFN S.A.</td>
<td>Bucharest</td>
<td>Purchase and management of mortgage-backed portfolios and lending activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUJ Deutschland GmbH</td>
<td>Berlin</td>
<td>Management of debt portfolios purchased by the KRUJ Group, credit management services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUJ Italia S.r.l</td>
<td>Milan</td>
<td>Credit management services, collection of debt portfolios purchased by the KRUJ Group companies in Italy and other European countries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ItaCapital S.r.l</td>
<td>Milan</td>
<td>Investing in debt or debt-backed assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUJ España S.L.</td>
<td>Madrid</td>
<td>Credit management services, collection of debt portfolios purchased by the KRUJ Group companies in Spain and other European countries, as well as debt trading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProsperoCapital S.à r.l.</td>
<td>Luxembourg</td>
<td>Special-purpose securitisation vehicle which invests in debt or debt-backed assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P.R.E.S.C.O. Investment I NS FIZ securitisation fund</td>
<td>Wroclaw</td>
<td>Fund based on professional risk assessment and credit management methodologies; all certificates issued by the fund are held by Presco Investments S.a r.l.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In 2020, the Company had twelve field offices located in Warsaw, Gdańsk, Elbląg, Toruń, Katowice, Łódź, Kraków, Rzeszów, Poznań, Szczecin, Szczawno-Zdrój and Piła. After five field offices had been closed on February 28th 2021, from March 1st 2021 until the date of issue of this report the Company had seven field offices located in Warsaw, Gdańsk, Łódź, Poznań, Szczecin, Szczawno-Zdrój and Piła.

By the date of authorisation of this report, the composition of the KRUK Group and the above information on the Group companies had not changed. [102-2][102-4][102-6][102-7]

3.3 Changes in the structure of the KRUK Group
On April 27th 2020, Secapital Polska Sp. z o.o. of Wrocław, wholly-owned by KRUK S.A., sold one share in InvestCapital LTD of San Ġwann, Malta, to ERIF Business Solution Sp. z o.o. of Wrocław. KRUK S.A. holds directly 100% of shares in ERIF Business Solutions Sp. z o.o. and – indirectly – in InvestCapital LTD.

On July 1st 2020, the Extraordinary General Meeting of Secapital Polska Sp. z o.o. of Wrocław decided to dissolve the company through liquidation. Piotr Krupa, member of the company’s Management Board, was appointed its liquidator. On February 25th 2021, the Extraordinary General Meeting of Secapital Polska Sp. z o.o. in liquidation passed resolutions on approval of the liquidation report and on completion of the liquidation.

No other changes occurred in the KRUK Group’s structure after the end of the reporting period and before the issue of this report.

3.4 Changes in the Company’s and the Group’s significant management policies
In 2020, there were no changes to any significant management policies of the Parent and its subsidiaries.

3.5 Share capital
3.5.1 Structure of the share capital
As at December 31st 2020 and the issue date of this report, the Company’s share capital totalled PLN 18,971,811 and was divided into 18,971,811 shares with a par value of PLN 1 per share.
Table 3. The Company’s share capital as at December 31st 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Number of bearer shares</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>2,692,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series AA</td>
<td>11,366,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>1,250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>491,520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series D</td>
<td>1,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series E</td>
<td>843,876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series F</td>
<td>266,829</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series G</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>18,971,811</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

As at the issue date of this report, the Company’s share capital totalled PLN 19,011,045 and was divided into 19,011,045 shares with a par value of PLN 1 per share.

The Company’s share capital as at the issue date of this report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Number of bearer shares</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>2,692,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series AA</td>
<td>11,366,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>1,250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>491,520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series D</td>
<td>1,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series E</td>
<td>843,876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series F</td>
<td>266,829</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series G</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>19,011,045</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

3.6 Changes in the share capital and the conditional share capital

After the reporting period, before the issue date of this report, the share capital was increased by PLN 39,234.00 in connection with the issue of 39,234 series F shares as part of a conditional capital increase. The shares were registered by the CSDP on January 27th 2021. The funds for the acquisition of the shares were received by the
Company in November 2020, upon completion of subscription for the shares. Details of the change in KRUK S.A.’s share capital are presented in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of registration of the shares with the CSDP</th>
<th>Number of new shares</th>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Basis for the increase</th>
<th>Share capital after the change (number of shares)</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 27th 2021</td>
<td>39,234</td>
<td>Series F</td>
<td>Resolution No. 26/2014 of the Annual General Meeting of May 28th 2014</td>
<td>19,011,045</td>
<td>Issue as part of a conditional share capital increase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.7 Products and services offered by the Company

The Group’s principal business is the management of debt for institutional clients and for the Group’s own account. The Group manages debt in three segments:

- consumer debts (retail, unsecured),
- mortgage debts (retail, secured),
- corporate debts (mortgage-backed and non-mortgage-backed).

We manage receivables of banks, loan brokers, insurers, leasing companies, landline and mobile telecommunications operators, cable TV operators, digital TV operators, and companies from the FMCG sector. We focus our activities on the banking market, where our business is based on long-term relations with the key partners.

Debt monitoring

Very early stage collections, with a strong focus on client’s rehabilitation – the tool used in credit management services provided to third parties.

Monitoring of amounts due from indebted persons is a prompt, early and effective response to payment irregularities and payment delays (even by a couple of days). The process is mainly based on the Contact Center technology. At this stage, the probability of reaching the client and talking to them is very high. At this stage we contact the client via phone, text messages, and personal dunning letters.

Amicable (out-of-court) collection process

The purpose of amicable (out-of-court) debt collection is to recover debt as quickly as possible in cooperation with the client, using the most effective tools for particular debt categories.

The first step in the amicable approach is to reach the client, establish contact and agree on the optimal debt repayment option, taking into account scoring models. The next step in the amicable process is usually the execution of a debt instalment agreement. The amicable process includes, but is not limited to, the use of the following:

- phone calls (and also chats, including chatbots and voicebots),
- letters, including e-mail,
- visits by field advisors – they contact clients when other communication methods fail.
- online tools – via the e-KRUK platform the clients may, e.g., execute a settlement, pay their debt. Online payment tools are also available (e.g. BLIK).
Court and enforcement proceedings

The KRUK Group handles all aspects of court enforcement proceedings, from claim filing to enforcement by court bailiff or equivalent body. We also take active part in bankruptcy proceedings. Worth noting is that the initiation of court proceedings does not exclude the possibility of amicable repayment (hybrid process). The Kruk Group’s activities as part of court and enforcement proceedings include, but are not limited to:

- handling of court proceedings aimed at obtaining an enforcement order, including ordinary, warrant-of-execution and separate proceedings, such as payment order, writ of payment, electronic proceedings by writ of payment, and simplified procedures;
- legal representation of creditors in the course of insolvency and arrangement proceedings;
- handling the probate process, including in particular identification of the indebted person’s heirs and initiating proceedings to secure enforcement order against an heir;
- enforcement of secured debt and debt in the SME sector;
- active monitoring of court proceedings;
- active cooperation with authorities conducting enforcement proceedings – conducting enforcement monitoring.

Hybrid process

The initiation by KRUK of legal proceedings does not exclude the possibility of repaying the debt. Efforts may still be made to amically resolve the problem of the client’s debt. Telephone calls, written communication (including via e-KRUK) and face-to-face contacts can be used at this stage.

Specialised services

As part of our services, we handle advanced and non-standard processes for various types of cases.

The separate bespoke process used with respect to mortgage-backed debts includes all collection tools available to the KRUK Group. It is dedicated to providing bespoke services and solutions that suit the type of case handled and the large size of debts secured by mortgage. The process is based on non-standard solutions and is aimed at effecting voluntary sale of the property. Our dedicated staff advise and support clients at each stage of the process. In managing mortgage-backed debts, we work with our partners offering property and financial agency services.

Each collection case is carefully analysed to determine the client’s financial situation and verify the condition and quality of collateral. Then, depending on the findings, steps are taken to restore regular repayments or arrange credit restructuring (applicable to debts managed for third parties), sell the property in the free market or, as a last resort, organise an auction and sell the property as part of enforcement proceedings, or foreclose the property. Our optimal mortgage-backed debt management system ensures efficient debt collection.

Services provided with the assistance of ERIF Biuro Informacji Gospodarczej

The credit reference agency ERIF Biuro Informacji Gospodarczej provides effective operational support for the activities of KRUK S.A. Amicable collection combined with the possible sanction of entering the debtor’s details in ERIF is a hybrid service, unique on the Polish market. [102-2]
3.8 Significant events with a bearing on the Company’s operations during the financial year

Execution of debt assignment agreement in Spain

On December 30th 2020, InvestCapital Ltd. of Malta and a bank from the BNP PARIBAS Group concluded an agreement providing for the purchase by InvestCapital Ltd. of a portfolio of unsecured retail and SME debt with a total nominal value of approximately EUR 82m (PLN 372m at the mid exchange rate quoted by the National Bank of Poland for December 30th 2020).

Execution of debt assignment agreements in Poland

On December 21st 2020, PROKURA NS FIZ and Getin Noble Bank S.A. concluded an agreement providing for the purchase by Prokura NS FIZ from the Bank of portfolios of unsecured retail debts with an aggregate nominal value of PLN 839m.

3.9 Non-recurring factors and events

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, 2020 was a year like no other, presenting KRUK with unprecedented challenges. The pandemic and restrictions imposed in many markets led to temporary restrictions on movement, including on visits from field advisors and on operations (restrictions on enforcement against property). They affected both the amount of recoveries and the level of revision of recovery projections.

3.9.1 Operations – COVID-19 and measures taken in connection with the pandemic

The coronavirus pandemic had an impact on many aspects of KRUK’s operations. The key ones are presented below:

- We switched to remote working smoothly and fast; most of our employees can and continue to work from home.
- We took care of the employees’ safety by adapting the rooms or providing the required sanitisers and disinfectants; we reduce the need for and frequency of face-to-face meetings.
- We temporarily suspended visits from field advisors, who resumed face-to-face meetings with clients in late May and early June while observing the sanitary regime.
- We further developed our existing online tools and accelerated the implementation of new ones (e-KRUK, e-payments, e-signature, online settlement, self-service process) to enable efficient process management and to enable our clients to pay their liabilities safely and comfortably, regardless of any movement restrictions.
- We temporarily lowered the remuneration of members of the management and supervisory boards and our employees.
- We suspended pay rises and fringe benefits, and curtailed recruitment of new staff.
- We used additional cost cutting measures, some of which consisted in postponing certain expenses, and some may be of a recurring nature.
- In Poland, we received subsidies to salaries and wages under governmental assistance plans.
- We followed a prudent investment policy, taking into account the additional risk related to the pandemic in our valuations.
• We factored in the probable impact of the pandemic on recoveries, accounting for the bulk of the PLN 205m revisions of recovery projections (Group level) in 2020.

The measures we took to support the operating process during the pandemic, the cost-cutting measures we applied, and also our long-standing policy of keeping the Group’s debt at a relatively low level allowed us to maintain a stable financial and liquidity position in this economically challenging time.

3.10 Significant events after December 31st 2020
No significant events occurred from the reporting date to the date of issue of this Directors’ Report.

3.11 Executed agreements
3.11.1 Material agreements
In 2020, the Company did not enter into any agreements that may be considered material. Agreements concluded by other Group companies are presented in detail in the Directors’ Report on the operations of the KRUK Group.

3.11.2 Material related-party transactions executed on a non-arm's length basis
The Company did not execute any material related-party transactions within the Group on a non-arm's length basis.

3.11.3 New and terminated loan and credit facility agreements
The table below presents all KRUK S.A.’s and other credit facilities use by other companies of the KRUK Group in respect of which KRUK S.A. issued security, as at December 31st 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bank</th>
<th>Borrower</th>
<th>Agreement date</th>
<th>Final repayment date</th>
<th>Facility</th>
<th>Limit as at the agreement date, as amended</th>
<th>Limit as at Dec 31 2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Santander Bank Polska S.A.</td>
<td>KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>April 2011</td>
<td>Credit facility (PLN 85m): October 2025</td>
<td>Revolving credit facility</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Additional credit facility (PLN 55m): October 2023</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Getin Noble Bank S.A.</td>
<td>KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>March 2014</td>
<td>May 2024</td>
<td>Revolving credit facility</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Pocztyw S.A.</td>
<td>KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>December 2018</td>
<td>December 2023</td>
<td>Revolving credit facility</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total credit facilities used by KRUK S.A.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ING Bank Śląski S.A.</td>
<td>PROKURA NS FIZ</td>
<td>December 2018</td>
<td>December 2024</td>
<td>Revolving credit facility</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mBank S.A.</td>
<td>PROKURA NSFIZ</td>
<td>July 2015</td>
<td>July 2023</td>
<td>Revolving credit facility</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Debt collateral

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bank</th>
<th>Borrower</th>
<th>Collateral and other security</th>
<th>Value of collateral provided by the borrower as at December 31st 2020 (PLN)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Santander Bank Polska S.A.</td>
<td>KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>- registered pledge over PROKURA NS FIZ investment certificates held by KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>321,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- power of attorney over accounts of KRUK S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of KRUK S.A. on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- financial pledge over PROKURA NS FIZ investment certificates held by KRUK S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- financial pledge over PROKURA NS FIZ’s selected account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Pocztowy S.A.</td>
<td>KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>- power of attorney over KRUK S.A.’s selected accounts</td>
<td>126,224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of KRUK S.A. on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Getin Noble Bank S.A.</td>
<td>KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>- pledge over KRUK S.A.’s ownership interest in a specified compartment of SeCapital Sarl</td>
<td>342,376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- power of attorney over KRUK S.A.’s accounts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of KRUK S.A. on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Borrowings taken out by other Group companies:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bank</th>
<th>Borrower</th>
<th>Collateral and other security</th>
<th>Value of collateral provided by the borrower as at December 31st 2020 (PLN)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mBank S.A.</td>
<td>PROKURA NS FIZ</td>
<td>- registered pledge over selected portfolios held by PROKURA NS FIZ</td>
<td>159,103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- surety under civil law provided by KRUK S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- financial pledge over PROKURA NS FIZ’s selected account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- power of attorney over PROKURA NS FIZ’s selected account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- power of attorney over specified accounts of KRUK S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of KRUK S.A. on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of PROKURA NS FIZ on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ING Bank Śląski S.A.</td>
<td>PROKURA NS FIZ</td>
<td>- registered pledge over selected portfolios held by PROKURA NS FIZ</td>
<td>208,385</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- surety under civil law issued by KRUK S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- financial and registered pledge over PROKURA NS FIZ’s selected account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- financial pledge over KRUK S.A.’s selected account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- power of attorney over KRUK S.A.’s selected account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- power of attorney over PROKURA NS FIZ’s selected account held with PeKaO S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of KRUK S.A. on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of PROKURA NS FIZ on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNB Bank ASA, ING Bank Śląski S.A.,</td>
<td>Invest Capital LTD, KRU</td>
<td>- pledge over Borrowers’ selected debt portfolios</td>
<td>1,384,493</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santander Bank Polska S.A.</td>
<td>Kruk Romania S.r.l., Prokura NS FIZ, Kruk España S.L.U.</td>
<td>- pledge over selected bonds issued by ItaCapital S.r.l.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- pledge over Borrowers’ selected bank accounts - surety under civil law provided by KRUK S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- surety under civil law issued by Kruk Romania S.r.l.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- surety under civil law issued by Kruk España S.L.U.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of KRUK S.A. on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- notarised declaration of PROKURA NS FIZ on submission to enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,541,581</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
On December 4th 2020, all liabilities under the non-revolving credit facility agreements between PROKURA NS FIZ, KRUK S.A. and Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski S.A., i.e. the agreement of June 20th 2016, under which the final repayment date was December 19th 2020, and the agreement of December 5th 2016, under which the final repayment date was June 4th 2021, were prepaid in full.

On December 31st 2020, all liabilities under the multi-purpose credit facility agreement executed on October 3rd 2014 between KRUK S.A. and BNP Paribas Bank Polska S.A., as amended, were repaid in full on the date set in the agreement.

In connection the revolving multi-currency credit facility agreement of July 3rd 2017, as amended, concluded between InvestCapital LTD, Kruk Romania S.R.L., Prokura NS FIZ, Kruk España S.L.U. (the Borrowers) and Kruk S.A. (the Surety Provider), and DNB Bank ASA, ING Bank Śląski S.A., in order to secure liabilities under the agreement:

- On February 14th 2020 InvestCapital Ltd and DNB Bank ASA signed an agreement under Romanian law to create a pledge over portfolios purchased by InvestCapital Ltd on the Romanian market.
- On April 16th 2020 InvestCapital Ltd and DNB Bank ASA signed an agreement under Romanian law to create a pledge over portfolios purchased by InvestCapital Ltd on the Romanian market.
- On May 18th 2020, InvestCapital Ltd and DNB Bank ASA signed an agreement under Romanian law to create a pledge over the borrower’s bank account which receives recoveries from certain debt portfolios purchased by InvestCapital Ltd on the Romanian market.
- After the reporting date, on October 14th 2020 InvestCapital Ltd and DNB Bank ASA signed an agreement under Romanian law to create a pledge over portfolios purchased by InvestCapital Ltd on the Romanian market.
- After the reporting date, on January 7th 2021 InvestCapital LTD, DNB Bank ASA, ING Bank Śląski S.A. and Santander Bank Polska S.A. signed an agreement under Spanish law establishing a pledge over a debt portfolio purchased by InvestCapital LTD on the Spanish market.

As at December 31st 2020, the total value of portfolios pledged as security under those agreements was PLN 332.95m.

**Termination of credit facility and loan agreements**

In 2020, the Company did not terminate any credit facility or loan agreements with entities outside the KRUK Group.

**3.12 Securities in issue**

In 2020, the Company carried out one bond issue with a nominal value of PLN 25m. The retail bond issue was carried out as part of the Seventh Bond Programme. The issue price of each bond was equal to its nominal value of PLN 100.
Bond issues in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Nominal value</th>
<th>Issue date</th>
<th>Due date</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Interest payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK1</td>
<td>PLN 25m</td>
<td>September 2020</td>
<td>September 2025</td>
<td>fixed 4.80%</td>
<td>every 3 months</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

Subsequent to the reporting date, under the same programme, the Company issued a second series of bonds with a nominal value of PLN 20m. The issue price of each bond was equal to its nominal value of PLN 100.

Bond issues between January 1st and March 25th 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Nominal value</th>
<th>Issue date</th>
<th>Due date</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Interest payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK2</td>
<td>PLN 20m</td>
<td>February 2021</td>
<td>February 2026</td>
<td>fixed 4.20%</td>
<td>every 3 months</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

The Prospectus for the Seventh Bond Programme, under which the Company may issue further series of bonds with a total amount of up to PLN 655m, expires in August 2021.

In addition, in July 2020 the Company’s Management Board passed a resolution to establish the First Bond Issue Programme without a Prospectus, under which the Company may (for an indefinite period) issue unsecured bonds with a total nominal value of up to PLN 700m. In 2020, the Company did not issue any series of bonds under that Programme.

Redemption of bonds

In 2020, the Company redeemed debt securities with nominal value of PLN 88.4m, on the maturity dates set forth in the terms and conditions of the relevant series.

Bonds redeemed in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Due date</th>
<th>Number of bonds redeemed</th>
<th>Nominal value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U2+U3</td>
<td>December 2020</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>PLN 45m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W1</td>
<td>June 2020</td>
<td>133,599</td>
<td>PLN 13.4m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W2</td>
<td>November 2020</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>PLN 30m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

Liabilities under bonds

As at December 31st 2020, the nominal value of outstanding bonds issued by the Company was PLN 1,312m.

3.13 Loans advanced and sureties and guarantees granted; sureties and guarantees received

Loans advanced by KRUK S.A. to its subsidiaries
In 2020, KRUK S.A. granted its subsidiaries loans whose total amount translated into the Polish zloty is was PLN 52.72m.

The amounts of loans denominated in foreign currencies were translated into PLN at the mid-rates quoted by the National Bank of Poland for the loan dates. As at December 31st 2020, liabilities under loans denominated in foreign currencies were translated into PLN at the mid-rates quoted by the National Bank of Poland for December 31st 2020.

*Source: Company*

Below are presented the subsidiaries which as at December 31st 2020 had a liability to KRUK S.A. under loans advanced before 2020.

**Loans advanced to KRUK Česká a Slovenská republika s.r.o.**

In 2020, KRUK S.A. did not advance any loans to KRUK Česká a Slovenská republika s.r.o. of Hradec Králové (for operating or investing activities). The CZK-denominated loans were repaid in full in 2020. As at December 31st 2020, the outstanding liabilities of KRUK Česká a Slovenská republika s.r.o. towards KRUK S.A. under EUR-denominated loans stood at PLN 7m (translated into PLN at the mid-exchange rate quoted by the NBP for December 31st 2020). Interest of PLN 0 – accrued as at December 31st 2020 and paid.

**Loans advanced to ERIF Business Solutions Sp. z o.o.**

In 2020, ERIF Business Solutions Sp. z o.o. of Wrocław did not receive any loans from KRUK S.A. The total amount of all liabilities under loans granted by KRUK S.A. as at December 31st 2020 was PLN 0.17m.

**Loans advanced to Novum Finance Sp. z o.o.**

In 2020, Novum Finance Sp. z o.o. of Wrocław did not receive any loans from KRUK S.A. The total amount of all liabilities under loans granted by KRUK S.A. as at December 31st 2020 was PLN 31.2m.

The interest rates were set at 1M or 3M WIBOR (for PLN loans), 1M or 3M PRIBOR (for CZK loans), 1M or 3M EURIBOR (for EUR loans) plus margin.

The agreed maturities of the loans provided to finance day-to-day operations ranged from 350 days to one year, except the loans granted to:

- Novum Finance Sp. z o.o. – the loan is to be repaid in up to 3 years
- Wonga.pl Sp. z o.o. – the loan is to be repaid in up to 7 years.

The agreed maturities of the loans financing the companies’ investing activities ranged from one to three years.
Loans received by the Company from subsidiaries

Borrowings from ERIF Biuro Informacji Gospodarczej S.A. of Warsaw

In 2020, KRUK S.A. did not receive any new loans from ERIF Biuro Informacji Gospodarczej S.A. of Warsaw. As at December 31st 2020, the Company’s outstanding liabilities (principal and interest) towards ERIF BIG S.A. under the borrowings were PLN 7.1m.

Loan from KRUK Italia s.r.l. of Milan

The loan of PLN 15.6m (translated at the mid-rate quoted by the National Bank of Poland for the loan date) received from KRUK Italia s.r.l. of Milan in 2020 was used to finance the Company’s day-to-day operations. The loan has been partly repaid, and as at December 31st 2020 the Company’s outstanding liabilities towards KRUK Italia s.r.l. under loans were PLN 14.2m (translated at the mid-rate quoted by the National Bank of Poland for December 31st 2020).

Guarantees

Guarantees obtained

On December 18th 2020, Santander Bank Polska S.A. executed Annex 6 to the bank guarantee of December 17th 2014 provided to secure the payment of all liabilities towards DEVCO Sp. z o.o. under a contract for lease of a part of an office building signed by the Company and DEVCO Sp. z o.o. Under the annex, the guarantee was extended until December 30th 2021. The guarantee amount is EUR 291,076.65 and PLN 197,482.17. The guarantee is secured by a power of attorney over the Company’s bank accounts held with Santander Bank Polska S.A.

Pursuant to the annex to the bank guarantee agreement, on December 16th 2020 The Company made a declaration on submission to enforcement under Art. 777.1.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure for up to the PLN equivalent of EUR 0.44m and up to PLN 0.3m.

Guarantees provided

Following the cancellation of shares in InvestCapital Ltd effected on August 29th 2019, on August 29th 2019 KRUK S.A. provided InvestCapital Ltd. with a corporate guarantee of up to PLN 30m. The guarantee expired on January 28th 2020. The purpose of the guarantee was to secure the interests of InvestCapital Ltd.’s creditors, who – in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act – had the right to challenge the cancellation of shares by January 28th 2020.

Following the cancellation of shares in InvestCapital Ltd effected on October 9th 2019, on October 9th 2019 KRUK S.A. provided InvestCapital Ltd. with a corporate guarantee of up to PLN 85m. The guarantee expired on February 12th 2020. The purpose of the guarantee was to secure the interests of InvestCapital Ltd.’s creditors, who – in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act – had the right to challenge the cancellation of shares by February 12th 2020.
Following the cancellation of shares in InvestCapital Ltd effected on November 20th 2019, on November 20th 2019 KRUK S.A. provided InvestCapital Ltd. with a corporate guarantee of up to PLN 40m. The guarantee expired on February 28th 2020. The purpose of the guarantee was to secure the interests of InvestCapital Ltd.’s creditors, who – in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act – had the right to challenge the cancellation of shares by February 28th 2020.

Following the cancellation of shares in InvestCapital Ltd effected on March 4th 2020, on March 4th 2020 KRUK S.A. provided InvestCapital Ltd. with a corporate guarantee of up to PLN 50m. The guarantee expired on June 12th 2020. The purpose of the guarantee was to secure the interests of InvestCapital Ltd.’s creditors, who – in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act – had the right to challenge the cancellation of shares by June 12th 2020.

Following the cancellation of shares in InvestCapital Ltd effected on March 30th 2020, on March 30th 2020 KRUK S.A. provided InvestCapital Ltd. with a corporate guarantee of up to PLN 200m. The guarantee expired on July 14th 2020. The purpose of the guarantee was to secure the interests of InvestCapital Ltd.’s creditors, who – in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act – had the right to challenge the cancellation of shares by July 14th 2020.

Sureties

In 2020, KRUK S.A. did not issue any new sureties. For information on the existing sureties under credit facility agreements and master agreements enabling the Group to enter into transactions in derivative instruments, see Section 5.7.4 Borrowing agreements and Section 5.3.2 Derivatives. Upon early and full repayment of all liabilities under the credit facilities with Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski S.A., in 2020 the surety under civil law provided to the bank by KRUK S.A. for liabilities of Prokura NSFIZ as the borrower under the aforementioned agreements expired.

3.14 Development directions and prospects


KRUK S.A. continues to implement its strategy for 2019-2024, announced in December 2018. The main objective is to develop business by increasing the scale of operations and enhancing the efficiency of the KRUK Group’s processes.

In accordance with the adopted strategic management policy, in 2020 a strategic review was carried out, which included an analysis of the Group’s current condition.

In view of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020, we twice revised the assumptions behind the Group’s strategic plan. Because a lot of data is missing and given the quality of economic forecasts, we opted for scenario planning based on two main axes of uncertainty: the duration and intensity of the pandemic and the economic situation. Based on this, we built scenarios representing different developments of our situation as an organisation. Then we selected two most likely scenarios and operationalised them into action plans. These plans were prepared for the key businesses in the KRUK Group’s portfolio. Throughout 2020, we monitored on an ongoing basis all factors with the strongest impact on the debt collection industry and on the business model employed by the KRUK Group companies.
Due to the high intensity of changes in 2020, at the end of the year we performed a comprehensive review of the assumptions underlying the Group’s long-term strategy. As a result of the review, the strategy was updated:

- we confirmed that it was appropriate to maintain our entire strategic orientation
- we decided to considerably intensify our efforts to support the development of online services
- we decided to add forecasting excellence to our set of objectives focused around investment excellence as one of the two strategic pillars
- as a result of changes at the KRUK S.A. Management Board level, the responsibility for digital transformation was assigned directly to the Management Board member responsible for this area in order to intensify and expand digital transformation activities.

We revised the visualisation of our strategy once again in order to be able to effectively communicate its assumptions across the organisation.

The visualisation and details of the Strategy for 2019-2024 is presented below:

The Group’s strategy is focused on developing its existing business lines on the home markets. We estimate that more than 90% of the Company’s profit will be derived from purchased portfolios, especially unsecured retail portfolios. In this area, we uphold the assumptions made at the time of designing our long-term strategy. Launch of new business lines and entry into new geographical markets offer further growth potential, but unsecured retail debt is our priority. Furthermore, the strategy still provides for:

- maintaining a conservative level of the Group’s debt (significantly below the current 4x net debt/cash EBITDA limit);
- annual assessment of the rationale for dividend payment or share buyback.

The strategy continues to be based on two pillars:
• investment excellence, which involves optimal funding, an efficient the portfolio purchase process, accurate pre-purchase portfolio valuations and accurate forecasting of post-purchase portfolio performance
• operational excellence, which we will build primarily through development of business intelligence, technological development and security, development of online presence, brand strategy and operational marketing.

LEAN is the foundation for our development. LEAN is an enterprise management system based on the principles of minimising waste and continuous process improvement. We believe that working according to LEAN principles will give us a competitive advantage. The key element is people – their competencies and commitment. In KRUK, we always emphasise that our strength lies in teamwork. Attracting and developing the right talent continue to be the fundamental element of our strategy.

3.14.2 Implementation of the strategic plan in 2020

Below is presented a description of selected activities undertaken as part of the implementation of each strategic direction:

**Investment excellence**

• Securing funding sources that meet the adopted security, cost and availability criteria.
• Optimisation of the valuation process (for instance, shortening of the process through automation) and development of valuation methods (such as continued efforts to update valuation models for individual markets on the basis of expanding history).
• In view of the COVID-19 pandemic, the focus of scenario development was on designing valuation models that assumed higher risks and lower success rates in the event of adversities.
• To lower the probability of COVID-19 risks materialising, the Group’s investment policy envisaged limited and highly selective investments in the highest quality assets.
• For further information on the investments made, see Section 3.15 of this Report.

**Operational excellence**

• Improvement in business analytics – decision-making models and other solutions using, among others, machine learning Cooperation between the Group’s three main analytical centres aimed at improving the quality of all analytical processes underlying business decisions across all service and process execution levels.
• Technological advancement: a Board Member to assume responsibility for the design of a comprehensive long-term action plan supporting the Group’s digital transformation; implementation of cloud-based solutions; digitalisation of paper-based processes, such as signing of settlements with clients electronically or implementation of an HCM system for electronic handling of HR processes; implementation of the robotic technology in amicable debt collection and court proceedings, in partnership with trading partners; extensive process automation, e.g. automation of data flow in cooperation with bailiffs, large-scale automation in the court process, roll-out of new payment methods for clients. The IT area uses an advanced distributed architecture based on containerisation and microservices. This approach allows to satisfy the diverse needs of the individual Group companies. Thanks to the system’s modularity, business units can obtain the services that are
critical to them (such as online payments) in the shortest possible time, without having to implement the entire e-KRUK platform, which is a time-consuming process.

- Online development: implementation of new digital tools at the KRUK Group companies. Today, the client service process in Poland can be handled online via e-KRUK. Electronic signature capabilities have been implemented and omnichannel access has been established. Electronic payment tools (BLIK) have been deployed. We considerably increased the share of agreements originating in the electronic channel (issued or signed in the online channel). The importance of self-service (cost-free service) is also growing: in December 2020, 25% of settlements in Poland were concluded using this channel (without other tools). Automatic messaging (emails, text messages) was implemented as the beginning of the client service process to encourage clients to self-manage their cases online, where they can, for example, enter into a settlement or pay their debts. The share of online payments at the amicable settlement stage is steadily growing, having reached as much as 20% of all payments in Poland in 2020.

- As part of additional measures taken in connection with the COVID-19 restrictions, the operation of most areas was moved online, including large structures requiring a robust technology base such as CC. Currently, out of concern for the safety of our employees, we continue to work online.

**LEAN transformation / Committed and competent team**

- Systemic development of managers’ and employees’ skills in using LEAN tools to optimise processes and teamwork, coaching programme for top managers, improvement of the LEAN management system.
- We focused on building problem-solving competencies, which are particularly relevant when confronted with major changes such as those that occurred 2020.

### 3.15 Investments

#### 3.15.1 Capital expenditure

In 2020, the main capital expenditure made by the Company included PLN 2.6m spent on plant and equipment and PLN 0.8m on new vehicles (including under finance lease contracts). The Company also made material investments of PLN 1.1m in licences and software, including PLN 0.8m invested in proprietary software.

#### 3.15.2 Equity investments within the Group

In 2020, KRUK S.A. increased/reduced the share capitals of its subsidiaries.

**Table 9. Movements in share capital at the Group companies**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>InvestCapital Ltd.</td>
<td>Share capital increase</td>
<td>PLN 11.0m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvestCapital Ltd.</td>
<td>Share capital reduction</td>
<td>PLN 220.6m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK Deutschland GmbH</td>
<td>Share capital reduction</td>
<td>PLN 6.1m*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK España S.L.</td>
<td>Capital injection</td>
<td>PLN 18.4m*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK Italia S.r.l.</td>
<td>Capital injection</td>
<td>PLN 7.2m*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AgeCredit S.r.l.</td>
<td>Capital injection</td>
<td>PLN 1.4m*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Translated at the mid-exchange rate quoted by the NBP as at the date of share capital increase/reduction; Source: Company

#### 3.15.3 Establishment of new companies

No new companies were established by KRUK S.A. in 2020.
3.15.4 Acquisition of shares in foreign companies
In 2020, KRUK S.A. did not acquire any shares in foreign companies.

3.15.5 Assessment of the feasibility of investment plans
In the opinion of the Company's Management Board, the investment plans are not exposed to any material risks as at the date of approval of this report.

3.16 Significant risk factors and their management

The risk management policies operated by the KRUK Group are designed to:

- identify and analyse the Group’s risk exposures;
- define appropriate limits and procedures;
- control and monitor the risk level and suitability of the risk management tools.

The risk management policies in place at the Group are regularly reviewed to ensure that they reflect the market trends and developments at a given time, as well as changes within the Group, including at KRUK S.A. The Management Board is responsible for defining risk management procedures and overseeing their implementation at KRUK S.A. and the entire Group.

Using such tools as training, management standards and procedures, the Group seeks to build a stimulating and constructive control environment, in which all employees understand their respective roles and responsibilities.

The Management Board identifies the following important risk and risk management methods:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk</th>
<th>Description of risk/effects</th>
<th>Management method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Risk related to adverse effects of the Covid-19 pandemic on the economic condition and financial performance of the KRUK Group</td>
<td>The Company believes that the Covid-19 pandemic and its consequences in Poland and other countries where the KRUK Group operates will adversely affect the Group’s economic condition and financial performance. Such adverse impacts are likely to be seen mainly in the amount of recoveries from purchased debt portfolios, which may come in lower than expected, potentially leading to revision of recovery projections on those debt portfolios. The epidemic may also adversely affect the performance of Wonga.pl and Novum, as well as the other business lines pursued by KRUK. The KRUK Group’s operations are being continued on each market and within each business line, and the Group’s liquidity position remains stable. However, at the time of preparation of the 2020 report, the Company is unable to predict the full scale of the adverse impact of the coronavirus spread and its effects on the Group’s economic condition and financial performance.</td>
<td>Taking various scenarios into account, the KRUK Group intends to manage its operations in a way that would minimise any adverse effects on KRUK’s assets and financial performance. The following measures have been taken to that end: the switchover to remote work (with 95% of the employees having opted to work from home during the pandemic period), reduction of investments in new portfolios, and cost saving initiatives in 2020. At the time of preparation of the 2020 report, the Company was unable to predict the full scale of the adverse impact of the coronavirus spread and its effects on the Group’s economic condition and financial performance, due to the heightened uncertainty of estimates. However, seeking to forestall any unexpected impacts of COVID-19 on the valuation of its debt portfolios, the Group developed operational scenarios for various impacts of the pandemic on the level of its recoveries. The revision of recovery projections recognised on the portfolios throughout 2020 reflects the scenario of the pandemic’s impact on debt recoveries that was most probable at the time of recognising the revaluation loss. If in the coming months recoveries turn out to be lower than assumed for the purposes of the valuation and a further revision of recovery projections is required to be recognised to reflect the pandemic impact, the Group is prepared and has plans to take further operational measures to ensure that its continued operations and liquidity position on each market remain stable. Also with respect to the valuation of consumer loan portfolios, the Group developed...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Risk of failure to meet the strategic objectives

There is a risk that the Group will fail to achieve its objectives, which may be caused by various factors, including:

- market situation, business environment and competitors’ activities;
- lower availability of external financing;
- incorrect valuation of investments, including debt portfolios purchased;
- changes to legal regulations and their interpretation and actions of regulatory authorities;
- unfavourable decisions of Company shareholders;
- errors of persons responsible for the development and execution of the strategy;
- events of force majeure.

The development of the business involves the need, in some cases, to incur significant financial expenditure. Where the measures taken are less profitable than expected or their objectives are achieved later than originally assumed, the expenditure may not be fully covered by the resulting revenue.

Delays in achieving the Group’s strategic objectives within the assumed time frame or the occurrence of any of the above-described circumstances may have a material adverse effect on the Group’s operations, financial condition or results. There can be no assurance that the Group will maintain or improve its historical results and therefore the Group’s historical results should not be treated as indicative of its future performance.

### Risk of increased costs of the business

Financial results of the KRUK Group are affected by a number of cost factors over which the Group has no control or only limited control, including in particular cost of salaries, court costs, tax costs and prices of purchased debt. In the event that any increase in costs is not accompanied by a growth of the Group’s revenue, there is a risk that the Group’s financial condition might deteriorate.

### Operational risk related to the Company’s business

The Group is exposed to the risk of damage or loss for reasons attributable to its internal procedures, personnel, technologies or external circumstances. The main operational risks include incorrect or unreliable internal procedures; errors, omissions or illegal actions of employees or associates; problems with operating systems; disruption of operating activities (e.g. due to failure of software or IT and telecommunications hardware); damage to the Group’s assets; external events and factors (including errors in registering economic events or amendments to legal regulations); fraud and embezzlement, attempts of the hacking attacks. The key systems used by the Group include the Delfin debt collection platform, the billing system, management information system, contact centre, and the e-KRUK on-line service.

### The risk of failure to deliver the strategic objectives

The risk of failure to deliver the strategic objectives is managed primarily through:

- operationalisation of the long-term strategy into the annual plans of individual Group companies, specifying the objectives, methods of achieving them and necessary resources;
- regular monitoring of both the results (the extent to which the objectives have been achieved) and progress in the implementation of the planned activities at the level of the Group companies and the Management Board.

The Group also takes steps to prevent the risk of incorrect of its strategic objectives. In annual cycles, before budget for the following years is prepared, the Group carries out a strategic analysis, which involves review of opportunities and threats in the macroeconomic environment (e.g. political, legal, and economic factors) and the market environment as well as analysis of the organization’s strengths and weaknesses. Results of the analysis are then used to either confirm or update the strategy.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk of changes in the external environment, particularly in the legal and macroeconomic environment</th>
<th>The risk of changes in the external environment mainly includes changes in the legal but also macroeconomic and social environment (including low levels of financial literacy), changes in the banking and financial sectors, and the activities of competitors. The laws and regulations applicable to the Group’s operations, particularly those governing debt collection, consumer bankruptcy, tax reliefs and privileges available to investment funds and consumer lending, have been and may be subject to amendments. No assurance can be given by the Company that unfavourable legislative amendments directly affecting the Group’s debt collection business, or having an adverse impact on that area of the Group’s business, will not be introduced in jurisdictions in which the Group operates or that the Group will not misinterpret a legal provision. As a consequence, civil, administrative or criminal sanctions may be imposed on the Group, and the Group’s practices may change. The Group may also be exposed to liability for damages, may incur unforeseen costs, including but not limited to costs of bringing the Group’s operations in line with legal requirements, or may need to reorganise its structure. The low level of financial literacy among the public may lead to misinterpretation of the law and widespread belief that debts do not need to be repaid. This may have a negative impact on the perception of activities conducted by professional debt management companies, which operate in accordance with the applicable laws and social norms, ultimately affecting debt recovery rates. Changes in the macroeconomic environment have a direct impact on the Group’s operations in terms of its debt purchasing capacity, the supply and quality of debt portfolios offered for sale, costs of the Group’s operations, recovery rates, and lending activity. Changes in the banking and financial sectors have a direct impact on the propensity of original creditors to sell debt and on the terms on which the Group purchases debt portfolios and raises debt finance, including through bond issues. Competitor activity has a direct impact on the Group, from rivalry in the debt buying process, through the implemented debt collection processes, to perception of the industry through the lens of what competitors do.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Credit risk</td>
<td>Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a client or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk is chiefly associated with purchased debts, receivables for the services provided by the Group and loans it advances. Factors with the strongest effect on the scale of the Group’s credit exposure include in particular: investments in debt portfolios, loans advanced, trade and other receivables. The key tool used by the Group in order to mitigate credit risk is pursuing an appropriate credit policy vis-à-vis its clients, which includes, among other things: assessment of a client’s creditworthiness prior to proposing a payment schedule and other terms of cooperation; regular monitoring of timely payment of debt; maintaining a diversified client base. The KRUK Group analyses the risk attached to the debt portfolios it purchases using advanced tools of economic and statistical analysis and its long-standing experience in...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk)

Market risk is the risk of impact of changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates on the Group's results or on the value of financial instruments held and investments made by the Group. The Group's exposure to currency risk results from foreign investments (both past and current) in portfolios denominated in foreign currencies. If there is no access to financing denominated in a given currency, such investment may partly be financed with debt contracted in a different currency, resulting in a mismatch between the currency of the proceeds from such investment and the currency of recoveries. This gives rise to a risk that the Group may incur additional costs related to currency conversion or the Group's liquidity may deteriorate due to adverse changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group is also exposed to the risk of deterioration in its financial results due to unhedged currency exposures (the risk of incurring foreign exchange losses).

The Group's debt is denominated in the złoty and euro (credit facilities and bonds), based on floating interest rates, and therefore the Group is exposed to interest rate risk. The Group has identified exposure to the risk of an increase in the WIBOR and EURIBOR interest rates. There is a risk that the Group may incur additional finance costs (higher debt service costs) as a result of an increase in interest rates, which in turn are driven by changing conditions on the financial markets.

The objective behind currency and interest rate risk management is to maintain and control the Group's exposure to market risk within assumed limits so as to:

- mitigate the liquidity risk;
- reduce the impacts of market risk on profit or loss;
- mitigate the risk of non-compliance with financial covenants under credit agreements and terms of the bond issues.

To this end, the Group follows and periodically reviews its foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk management policies. The Group uses financial instruments to hedge its interest rate risk and currency risk.

In the process of market risk management, the Group selects optimal financing sources for its planned investment projects, analyses macroeconomic trends and monitors changes in its key currency exchange and interest rates. The Group periodically identifies and monitors the value of unhedged positions exposed to changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates, monitors the impact of these changes on the Group's profit or loss, and measures currency risk and interest rate risk. Under master agreements with banks, the Group may also enter into derivative contracts to hedge the currency and interest rate risk. The market risk management objectives are achieved through efforts implemented at the individual Group entities in Poland and abroad, with the efforts coordinated by the Company as the entity responsible for market risk identification and the methodology of its management.

Liquidity risk

Debt portfolio purchases involve making large one-off payments. To secure the necessary funding for its debt portfolio purchases, the Group relies on external financing in the form of bank borrowings or bonds. The KRUK Group uses and intends to use in the future bank loans, bonds and other debt instruments to finance purchases of debt portfolios. The Group also enters into lease arrangements to finance investments in property, plant and equipment. Any material deterioration in the Group's liquidity may result in the Group being unable to repay principal and interest or fulfill other obligations under the credit facility agreements it has concluded or under debt instruments in issue. If the Group fails to meet the terms of the loan agreements it has signed, the Group companies' debt under bank loans may be accelerated, in whole or in part, and in the event of failure to repay the debt financial institutions will be entitled to enforce their claims against the collateral created over the Group's assets. If the Group defaults under the terms and conditions of bonds it has issued, it may be obliged to redeem such bonds early.

The Group's liquidity risk management policy is designed to ensure that the Group's liquidity is sufficient to meet liabilities in a timely manner, without exposing the Group to a risk of loss or damage to its reputation. Liquidity risk management tools used at the Group include:

- Regular monitoring of cash needs and spending;
- Flexible management of cash flows between the Group entities;
- Conducting collection activities on an ongoing basis, ensuring continuous cash inflow;
- Ensuring compliance with financial covenants under credit facility agreements and debt instrument issues;
- Use of external sources of funding, in the form of bank borrowings or bonds.

Risk relating to large-scale personal data processing by the Company

The Group’s business involves processing of personal data transferred to the Group by creditors who outsource credit management services or sell the debts to the Group. This means that in accordance with applicable laws the Group receives customer data, and no assurance can be given that the data is accurate. If incorrect data is transferred this respect. It purchases debts of various types, with different degrees of difficulty and delinquency statuses. Debt portfolio valuations are revised on a quarterly basis. As at the date of this report, the KRUK Group holds no single debt whose non-payment could have a material adverse effect on its liquidity, but no assurance can be given that such a situation will not occur in the future.

We respect the applied by controllers of data stored in its IT systems mechanisms designed to ensure that the Group's liquidity is sufficient to meet liabilities in a timely manner, without exposing the Group to a risk of loss or damage to its reputation. Liquidity risk management tools used at the Group include:

- Regular monitoring of cash needs and spending;
- Flexible management of cash flows between the Group entities;
- Conducting collection activities on an ongoing basis, ensuring continuous cash inflow;
- Ensuring compliance with financial covenants under credit facility agreements and debt instrument issues;
- Use of external sources of funding, in the form of bank borrowings or bonds.

The KRUK Group has developed procedures and implemented in its IT systems mechanisms designed to reduce the risk of unlawful processing of personal data. The Group collects personal data from legal sources only. We respect the applied by controllers of data stored in its IT systems mechanisms designed to ensure that the Group's liquidity is sufficient to meet liabilities in a timely manner, without exposing the Group to a risk of loss or damage to its reputation. Liquidity risk management tools used at the Group include:

- Regular monitoring of cash needs and spending;
- Flexible management of cash flows between the Group entities;
- Conducting collection activities on an ongoing basis, ensuring continuous cash inflow;
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- Regular monitoring of cash needs and spending;
- Flexible management of cash flows between the Group entities;
- Conducting collection activities on an ongoing basis, ensuring continuous cash inflow;
- Ensuring compliance with financial covenants under credit facility agreements and debt instrument issues;
- Use of external sources of funding, in the form of bank borrowings or bonds.
to the Company, there is a risk that it may relate to a person other than the actual debtor, which may lead to an increase in the number of complaints or grievances registered with the authority which supervises personal data processing. Although the Group has no control of whether the data provided by the assigning entity is correct, such a situation may result in the publication of negative opinions about the Group and may adversely affect its image. This may happen even though the Group has procedures and tools in place to mitigate this risk.

Reputational risk

The nature of the KRUK Group’s business exposes it to the risk of spreading untrue information about dealings with the KRUK Group or information that is detrimental to the Group’s image. Negative publicity may undermine the Group’s credibility in the eyes of its current or potential trading partners, and consequently may have a negative effect on its financial performance.

As the leader of the debt management market, the KRUK Group is also exposed to the consequences of unethical conduct of other debt management companies which tend to be attributed to the entire industry, in particular the most recognisable operators on the market.

The Group's business involves managing debt owed by natural persons. It should therefore be borne in mind that some of those persons are in difficult financial and personal circumstances, suffer from ill health or experience problems in their families or work. Among debtors that the KRUK Group deals with are people suffering from depression or undergoing psychiatric treatment. Some of them express an intention to commit suicide. All this gives whose data has been received are immediately notified of the fact, and any information obligations towards such persons, laid down in the personal data protection regulations, are complied with. Any information of a potential error is verified and the data is corrected.

Risk of losing key employees

People are one of the fundamental components of the Group’s business. The loss of key employees may generate the risk of temporary disruption of the Group’s operations, deterioration of the quality of its management, and adversely affect the pace of implementation of its strategic plans.

In order to mitigate the risk of losing key employees, the group of people and positions considered to be key to the continuity of the Group’s and KRUK S.A.’s business is regularly reviewed. KRUK S.A. continuously engages in initiatives to advance professional development of its management staff and specialists in various areas of the business. The Company also strives to provide optimal working conditions and tools for all employees.

In addition to the remuneration policy, KRUK S.A. offers its employees a diversified system of non-financial benefits which include:

- internal and external training,
- funding for post-graduate studies and professional qualification courses at all companies,
- specialist English courses,
- regularly reviewed and expanded offer of medical care services,
- sports cards for employees,
- a wide range of cafeteria services.

The offer of non-financial benefits available to the employees is verified both internally (employee survey) and externally (market benchmark).

Moreover, an incentive scheme for key management staff has been put in place to ensure employee retention.

The Group makes every effort to build a positive image of the entire debt management industry and all of the KRUK Group companies. Therefore, the Group undertakes initiatives aimed at enhancing the positive image of its brand, including:

- information and media campaigns targeted at indebted individuals and companies,
- projects connected with educational campaigns in Poland and abroad, including publication of various educational materials in the Internet, press, radio and television,
- educational publications that promote its amicable settlement strategy in consumer and regional magazines and newspapers in: Poland, Romania, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Italy and Spain,
- press releases, consumer advice articles and individual statements and comments for the media,
- participation in charity projects aimed at supporting local communities, especially persons in need of assistance, e.g. by partnering the Business Run charity event.
rise to the risk of bad publicity around the operations of the KRUJG Group.

- training courses for debtors on how to get out of debt and on managing the personal budget,
- cooperation with non-profit organisations promoting financial education among the public, including with the Association of Financial Companies in Poland (Związek Przedsiębiorstw Finansowych w Polsce),
- putting in place a procedure to minimise the risk of illegal processing of personal data and implementing mechanisms minimising such risk in IT systems,
- monitoring the media for information on the industry and the KRUJG Group and responding appropriately when needed.

[102-15] [102-11]
4 OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

4.1 Basis of preparation of the full-year separate financial statements
The Company's separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, as endorsed by the European Union (the "EU-IFRS").

The accounting policies have been applied with respect to all the reporting periods presented in the separate financial statements except for the change related to the implementation of the equity method for the measurement of investments in subsidiaries, the reclassification of real estate and the change in the presentation of items in the separate financial statement.

The policies applied to prepare the consolidated financial statements are described in the financial statements.

4.2 General information about current and expected financial position
There are no material risks to the Company's and the Group's current and expected financial position. KRUK S.A. is the parent of the KRUK Group and its financial and operating performance should be evaluated in the context of performance generated by the entire KRUK Group, after eliminating the transactions between the individual Group members which – from the Group's point of view – are neutral for its performance. The Company's profit in 2020 was PLN 81,4m.

4.3 Revenue by product
The main sources of revenue for the Company are debt purchase activities and credit management services.

In 2020, KRUK generated revenue of PLN 142m, down 19% on 2019. Revenue from purchased debt portfolios and from credit management services decreased by 19% and 18%, respectively, and other income fell by 19%.

The performance of each reportable segment is discussed below. Gross profit is the key performance metric for each reportable segment. In the presentation of data by geographical areas, revenue is reported based on the location of offices.

In 2020, the company generated finance income of PLN 21m, comprising mainly interest income on loans advanced and receivables.

Following change of the method of subsidiaries valuation to the equity method, introduced by the Management Board in 2020, the Company recognised PLN 325m in revenue from share in profit/loss of equity-accounted entities.
Table 7. Revenue by product and market
For the reporting period January 1st 2020 – December 31st 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Poland</th>
<th>Romania</th>
<th>Italy</th>
<th>Other foreign markets</th>
<th>Head Office</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total revenue*</td>
<td>111,759</td>
<td>25,699</td>
<td>949</td>
<td>3,898</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>142,305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchased debt portfolios</td>
<td>4,473</td>
<td>23,973</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,733</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>30,179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit management services</td>
<td>88,057</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>88,057</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other products</td>
<td>19,229</td>
<td>1,726</td>
<td>949</td>
<td>2,165</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24,068</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct and indirect costs  
(Purchased debt portfolios - (11,108)  
(Credit management services - (86,545)  
(Other products - (2,562)  
Gross profit¹  
(Purchased debt portfolios - 20,982  
(Credit management services - 1,499  
(Other products - 19,608  
Administrative expenses  
(Other income/expenses - (83,698)  
EBITDA²  
(20,518) 17,069 (1,559) (76) (30,576) (35,659)  
Depreciation and amortisation  
(17,995)  
Finance income/costs  
(79,219)  
Share of profit/(loss) of equity-accounted investees  
(325,237)  
Profit before tax  
(192,364)  
Income tax  
(111,158)  
Net profit  
81,206  
Carrying amount of debt portfolios  
6,643 24,906 1,781 33,329  
Cash recoveries  
6,914 27,164 1,825 35,904  

*Operating income including gain or loss on expected credit losses, fair value measurement, and other income/expenses from purchased debt portfolios excluding other income
For the financial year ended December 31st 2019

Restated

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Poland</th>
<th>Romania</th>
<th>Italy</th>
<th>Other foreign markets</th>
<th>Head Office</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>131,112</td>
<td>37,450</td>
<td>1,135</td>
<td>4,979</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>174,676</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchased debt portfolios</td>
<td>2,031</td>
<td>32,006</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>1,550</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>35,587</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit management services</td>
<td>107,819</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>107,819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other products</td>
<td>21,262</td>
<td>5,444</td>
<td>1,135</td>
<td>3,429</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>31,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct and indirect costs</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(115,553)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchased debt portfolios</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(10,048)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit management services</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(102,268)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other products</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(3,238)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross profit(^1)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>59,123</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchased debt portfolios</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>29,517</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit management services</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,551</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other products</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24,055</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative expenses</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(94,372)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other income/expenses</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(4,528)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBITDA(^2)</td>
<td>(15,869)</td>
<td>27,569</td>
<td>(1,778)</td>
<td>(645)</td>
<td>(49,053)</td>
<td>(39,777)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortisation</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(18,823)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance income/costs</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(63,750)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profit/(loss) of equity-accounted investees</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>438,529</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit before tax</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>316,179</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(39,790)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net profit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>276,390</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrying amount of debt portfolios</td>
<td>6,965</td>
<td>28,112</td>
<td>1,873</td>
<td>36,949</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash recoveries</td>
<td>7,099</td>
<td>32,521</td>
<td>1,794</td>
<td>41,415</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) Gross profit = operating income - operating expenses (unallocated)
\(^2\) EBITDA = operating profit - amortisation/depreciation - other income - other expenses
Source: Company
### 4.4 Structure of assets and liabilities in the Company's statement of financial position

#### Table 8. Structure of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position

As at Dec 31 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLN '000</th>
<th>Note</th>
<th>Dec 31 2020</th>
<th>Dec 31 2019 Restated</th>
<th>Jan 1 2019 Restated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>6,595</td>
<td>13,812</td>
<td>9,151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivatives</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,820</td>
<td>1,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hedging instruments</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>399</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade receivables from related entities</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>20,594</td>
<td>25,435</td>
<td>21,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade receivables from other entities</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>2,640</td>
<td>3,365</td>
<td>2,811</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other receivables</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>7,869</td>
<td>54,597</td>
<td>7,223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventories</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>28,755</td>
<td>30,294</td>
<td>27,260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>320,520</td>
<td>343,926</td>
<td>149,667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity-accounted investments in subsidiaries</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>3,315,459</td>
<td>3,352,745</td>
<td>3,320,121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>37,521</td>
<td>34,944</td>
<td>16,169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible assets</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>12,841</td>
<td>15,084</td>
<td>16,547</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assets</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,955</td>
<td>4,683</td>
<td>4,173</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>3,758,749</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,883,105</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,576,385</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity and liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>51,863</td>
<td>67,056</td>
<td>55,556</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivatives</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>11,236</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hedging instruments</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>18,386</td>
<td>3,924</td>
<td>3,870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee benefit obligations</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>21,464</td>
<td>20,695</td>
<td>19,075</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax payable</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,358</td>
<td>690</td>
<td>12,295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borrowings, other debt securities and leases</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>1,462,143</td>
<td>1,784,605</td>
<td>1,731,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provisions</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>11,280</td>
<td>7,454</td>
<td>7,516</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax liability</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>134,249</td>
<td>40,254</td>
<td>13,722</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1,714,979</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,924,678</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,844,032</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share capital</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>19,011</td>
<td>18,972</td>
<td>18,887</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share premium</td>
<td></td>
<td>310,430</td>
<td>307,192</td>
<td>300,097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash flow hedging reserve</td>
<td></td>
<td>(14,783)</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>(3,869)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation reserve</td>
<td></td>
<td>81,360</td>
<td>(30,219)</td>
<td>(53,769)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Other capital reserves

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>103,626</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>104,582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>94,924</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Retained earnings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>1,544,127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>1,557,821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>1,376,084</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Total equity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>2,043,771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>1,958,426</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>1,732,354</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Equity and liabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>3,758,749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>3,883,104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>3,576,385</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 4.5 Cash flows

The Company and the Group’s financing and cash management policy is based on:

- financing debt purchases with internally generated funds, bank borrowings, bonds and other debt instruments;
- leasing property, plant and equipment and intangible assets or financing them with internally generated funds;
- financing other operations with internally generated funds.

The Company holds cash denominated in PLN, EUR, RON and CZK.

The main sources of the Company’s operating cash flows are related to changes in purchased debt portfolios, disclosed under Movements in purchased debt portfolios. Below are presented details of cash flows related to expenditure on debt portfolios and cash recoveries from debtors.

### Table 9. Value of purchased debt portfolios, PLN '000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Value of purchased debt portfolios as at Jan 1 2020</td>
<td>36,949</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase price adjustment for discount</td>
<td>(16)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash recoveries</td>
<td>(35,904)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrying amount of property sold</td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from purchased debt portfolios (interest and revaluation)</td>
<td>32,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Value of purchased debt portfolios as at Dec 31 2020</strong></td>
<td><strong>33,329</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: Company*

As the Company recognises debt purchases under operating activities, its investing activities related to the purchase of debt portfolios and the related increase in the fair value of at which the purchased debt portfolios are carried reduce net cash from operating activities.

## 4.6 Material off-balance sheet items by counterparty, subject matter and value

The Company did not have any material off-balance sheet items in 2020.
4.7 Financial ratios

An analysis of the Company’s financial ratios does not provide an accurate picture of the Company's performance as KRUK’s business relies on the operations of the entire Group. Therefore, the Company’s performance should be assessed based on and in the context of the ratio analysis for the entire KRUK Group.

In order to obtain correct conclusions from the analysis, the comprehensive analysis of the KRUK Group’s ratios is necessary.

The table below presents the key profitability ratios of the KRUK Group.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Profitability ratios</th>
<th>Year ended Dec 31</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBITDA margin</td>
<td>33%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBIT margin</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-tax margin</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net margin</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return on assets (ROA)</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return on equity (ROE)</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: Company*

Formulas used to calculate the ratios:

- EBITDA margin – operating profit for the period + depreciation/amortisation / total revenue
- EBIT margin – operating profit for the period / total revenue
- Pre-tax margin – profit before tax for the period / total revenue
- Net margin – net profit for the period / total revenue
- ROA – net profit for the period / total assets
- Return on equity (ROE) – net profit for the period / equity

The year-on-year decline in the 2020 profitability ratios was attributable to the following, partially offsetting factors:

- A year-on-year PLN 126m (10%) drop in revenue, mainly due to revision of recovery projections totalling PLN 205m, primarily as a result of the coronavirus pandemic;
- A year-on-year PLN 51m (3%) increase in recoveries from purchased debt portfolios. In 2020, recoveries from debt portfolios purchased by the Group amounted to PLN 1,834m and were the highest in the Group’s history;
• Implementation of a savings plan to cut operating and administrative expenses, which helped reduce the expenses both relative to the budget and the level recorded in the previous year (by PLN 12m, or 1%);
• Recognition of a PLN -25m goodwill write-down at the acquired Spanish company;
• A year-on-year PLN 93m increase in deferred tax, mainly due to the provision recognised to account for income distributions from the Group’s investment companies to KRUK S.A., expected in the coming years.

As the end of 2020, equity was 4% higher year on year.

The Group’s assets fell 4% relative to the end of 2019. The largest decrease was seen in Investments (PLN 203m, or 5%), and was mainly attributable to reduced investment activity in the period of significant uncertainty caused by the coronavirus pandemic and its consequences, revaluation losses on and amortisation of debt portfolios owned by the Group.

The table below presents the key debt ratios of the KRUK Group.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Debt ratios</th>
<th>Year ended Dec 31</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total debt ratio</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt to equity ratio</td>
<td>126%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net debt to equity ratio</td>
<td>1.0x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net debt to cash EBITDA ratio</td>
<td>1.7x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current ratio</td>
<td>5.2x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quick ratio</td>
<td>5.2x</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

Formulas used to calculate the ratios:
• Total debt ratio – total liabilities / total equity and liabilities
• Debt to equity ratio – total liabilities / total equity
• Net debt to equity ratio = (long-term and short-term liabilities under borrowings and other debt instruments – cash and cash equivalents) / total equity
• Net debt to cash EBITDA ratio = (long-term and short-term liabilities under borrowings and other debt instruments – cash and cash equivalents) / cash EBITDA
• Current ratio – total current assets / total current liabilities
• Quick ratio – (total current assets - inventories) / total current liabilities
The Group’s objective is to maintain a solid capital base to ensure business growth, while maintaining the trust and confidence of investors, lenders, bondholders and other partners. In order to control the Group’s exposure to financial debt, the Management Board of KRUK S.A. monitors the debt ratios on an ongoing basis.

In 2020, the ratios changed only slightly and, in the Management Board’s opinion, remained at safe levels. For instance, debt ratios measured for the entire Group, specified in the Terms and Conditions of Bonds, were as follows: the net debt to equity ratio stood at 1.0x (the maximum level is 3.0x for issues for which financial debt limits have been defined) and the net debt to cash EBITDA ratio was 1.7x (the maximum level is 4.0x).

The quick and current ratios are determined by the nature of assets from purchased debt portfolios which, although recognised as current assets, will be used in operating activity for more than 12 months.

4.8 Explanation of differences between actual financial results and previously published forecasts

On March 17th 2021, the Management Board adopted a resolution concerning KRUK Group’s preliminary 2020 earnings estimates. Pursuant to the resolution, the preliminary estimated consolidated net profit of the KRUK Group for 2020 is PLN 81m, and its preliminary estimated cash EBITDA for 2020 is PLN 1,236m, up 10% on 2019. Both the estimated net profit and estimated cash EBITDA published in Current Report No. 6/2021 on March 17th 2021 are consistent with the final financial performance figures published in this report.

4.9 Financial instruments

The Company holds the following financial assets other than financial derivatives:

- investments in debt portfolios
- trade and other receivables,
- loans advanced to related entities.

The Company holds the following financial liabilities other than derivative instruments: borrowings, debt securities, trade and other payables.

**Derivatives**

In 2020, KRUK S.A. could enter into derivative transactions under the following master agreements (as at December 31st 2020):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agreement</th>
<th>Bank</th>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Agreement date</th>
<th>Transaction limit</th>
<th>Collateral and other security</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Master agreement governing transaction execution</td>
<td>Santander Bank Polska S.A.</td>
<td>KRU K S.A. and InvestCapital Ltd.</td>
<td>Jun 13 2013</td>
<td>PLN 70,000,000</td>
<td>- power of attorney to debit KRU K S.A.’s accounts with the Bank - blank promissory note with promissory note declaration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and settlement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master agreement governing execution of financial</td>
<td>DNB Bank Polska S.A.</td>
<td>KRU K S.A.</td>
<td>Mar 8 2019</td>
<td>EUR 10,200,000</td>
<td>- notarised representation on submission to enforcement by KRU K S.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>market transactions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master agreement governing execution of financial</td>
<td>DNB Bank Polska S.A.</td>
<td>InvestCapital Ltd.</td>
<td>Feb 28 2019</td>
<td></td>
<td>- KRU K S.A.’s surety – notarised representation on submission to enforcement by KRU K S.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>market transactions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Master agreement governing
execution of forward currency
transactions

Master agreement governing
execution of financial market
transactions

On February 5th 2020, InvestCapital Ltd. entered into a EUR/PLN FX forward transaction with a nominal value of PL 50m, maturing on March 5th 2020. The transaction hedged a planned cash flow. As at December 31st 2020, the Group did not have any open transactions of this type.
4.10 Risks associated with the use of financial instruments
When using financial instruments, the Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk (debts) and market risk (currency, interest rates, share prices). For further information on the methods of managing the risks, see Section 4.5 Material risk factors and their management.

Below are presented assets with exposure to credit risk.

Table 10. Assets with credit risk exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLN '000</th>
<th>Note</th>
<th>Dec 31 2020</th>
<th>Dec 31 2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investments in debt portfolios</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>33,329</td>
<td>36,949</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans advanced to related entities</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>287,191</td>
<td>306,977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other receivables</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>31,103</td>
<td>83,397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source: Company</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>351,623</td>
<td>427,323</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.11 Assessment of financial resources management
In the opinion of the Management Board, there are no significant risks to the Company’s current or future financial position related to financial resources management. The Company is able to control and service its debt and manages its financial resources in a prudent manner. For further information, see note 22 to the financial statements.
5 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Following the adoption by the WSE Supervisory Board of the Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies 2016 by way of Resolution No. 26/1413/2015 of October 13th 2015, the Management Board adopted, by Resolution No. 1/2016, a statement of compliance with the Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies 2016. The scope of application by the Company of the corporate governance standards set forth in the document was also specified in EBI Report No. 1/2016, published by the Company on January 4th 2016.

The text of the statement, specifying the extent to which the Company intends to comply with the standards, is available on KRUK S.A.’s website, at: https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations/kruk-group#corporate-documents

5.1 Adopted code of corporate governance

In 2020, the Company applied the corporate governance standards described in the Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies 2016 (Corporate Governance Principles, the Code of Best Practice), which constitutes an appendix to the WSE Supervisory Board’s Resolution No. 26/1413/2015 of October 13th 2015. The document is available on the Warsaw Stock Exchange website dedicated to corporate governance (http://www.corp-gov.gpw.pl).

5.2 Corporate governance standards which the Company elected not to comply with

As per the Management Board’s statement, in 2016 the Company declared compliance with corporate governance standards set forth in the Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies 2016, save for the exceptions described below. This statement remains valid also for corporate governance standards complied with in 2020.

The Company elected not to comply with principle III.Z.3 of the Code of Best Practice 2016, whereby the independence criteria specified in the generally recognised International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing apply to a person managing the internal audit function and to other people responsible for performance of the related tasks. The Management Board would like to note that the Company has a separate internal audit unit in its organisational structure. This unit is objective, independent and impartial, it reports directly to the President of the Management Board, and has the possibility to submit its reports directly to the audit committee, in accordance with principle III.Z.2. However, the principles of organisational independence developed by the Institute of Internal Auditors (USA), i.e. the principle of direct functional reporting to the Supervisory Board, does not apply to the person managing the internal audit function. In the opinion of the Management Board of KRUK S.A., transposition of the US legal regulations to Poland would cause dual responsibility of the person managing the internal audit function, which would be unfavourable to the Company.

The Company elected not to comply with the recommendation included in IV.R.2. of the Code of Best Practice 2016, whereby, if justified by the structure of shareholders or expectations of shareholders notified to the company, the company should enable its shareholders to participate in a general meeting using electronic communication means, in particular using real-life broadcast of general meetings and real-time bilateral communication, where shareholders may take the floor during a general meeting from a location other than the general meeting and to exercise voting rights during a general meeting either in person or through a proxy.
This recommendation applies to a situation where the company is in a position to provide the technical infrastructure necessary for a general meeting to proceed efficiently using electronic communication means. In the Management Board’s opinion, KRUK S.A.’s free float is not significant enough to justify holding General Meetings using means of electronic communication. The Company’s major shareholders are professional investors, both Polish and foreign, represented at General Meetings by proxies. As far as the Company is currently aware, the existing manner of conducting General Meetings is in line with its shareholders' expectations. At the same time, the Company has identified certain risks to the proper conduct of General Meetings, particularly legal risks, which in the Company’s opinion would outweigh the potential benefit of a larger number of shareholders being able to participate.

For the same reasons, the Company elected not to comply with principle IV.Z.2, under which, if justified by the structure of shareholders, a company must ensure publicly available real-time broadcasts of general meetings.

Notwithstanding the declared non-compliance with principle IV.Z.2 and recommendation IV.R.2, in view of the pandemic situation in Poland and around the globe, when holding the Annual General Meeting on August 31st 2020, the Company offered the option to attend the General Meeting using electronic means of communication, enabling the shareholders to participate in real-time two-way communication and real-time transmission of the General Meeting.

5.3 Shareholding structure

5.3.1 Shareholders holding directly or indirectly major holdings of KRUK S.A. shares

The table below presents the shareholders holding directly or indirectly major holdings of KRUK S.A. as at January 1st 2020, based on shareholder notifications received by the Company.

Table 11. Major holdings of KRUK S.A. shares as at January 1st 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholder</th>
<th>Number of shares/voting rights</th>
<th>Ownership interest (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NN PTE*</td>
<td>2,055,000</td>
<td>10.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>1,886,666</td>
<td>9.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aviva OFE*</td>
<td>1,740,000</td>
<td>9.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PZU OFE*</td>
<td>1,056,178</td>
<td>5.57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Data based on the list of shareholders holding 5% or more of total voting rights at the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. held on June 25th 2019.

Source: Company

The table below presents the shareholders holding directly or indirectly major holdings of KRUK S.A. shares as at December 31st 2020.

Table 12. Major holdings in KRUK S.A as at December 31st 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholder</th>
<th>Number of shares/voting rights</th>
<th>Ownership interest (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NN PTE</td>
<td>2,457,398</td>
<td>12.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PZU OFE*</td>
<td>1,856,437</td>
<td>9.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>1,827,613</td>
<td>9.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aviva OFE*</td>
<td>1,788,000</td>
<td>9.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allianz OFE</td>
<td>1,009,299</td>
<td>5.32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The table below presents the shareholders holding directly or indirectly major holdings of KRUK S.A. shares as at March 25th 2021

**Table 13. Major holdings of KRUK S.A shares as at the report issue date**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholder</th>
<th>Number of shares/voting rights</th>
<th>Ownership interest (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NN PTE</td>
<td>2,457,398</td>
<td>12.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PZU OFE*</td>
<td>1,856,437</td>
<td>9.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>1,827,613</td>
<td>9.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aviva OFE*</td>
<td>1,788,000</td>
<td>9.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allianz OFE</td>
<td>1,009,299</td>
<td>5.31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(* Data based on the list of shareholders holding 5% or more of total voting rights at the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. held on August 31st 2020. Source: Company)

5.3.2 Changes in major holdings of shares in the reporting period

The following changes in major holdings of KRUK S.A. shares took place in 2020:

- On April 28th 2020, the Company received a notification from Piotr Krupa, given under Article 19 of the MAR. According to the notification, on April 27th 2020 Mr Krupa had sold, in ordinary session trades on the Warsaw Stock Exchange, 30,000 shares in KRUK S.A. at the average price of PLN 79.95 per share.
- On September 17th 2020, the Company received a notification from Nationale-Nederlanden Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne S.A. concerning acquisition of Company shares, reading as follows: “Pursuant to Art. 87.1.2b of the Act on Public Offering, Conditions Governing the Introduction of Financial Instruments to Organised Trading, and Public Companies of July 29th 2005 (Dz.U. of 2009, No. 185, item 1439, as amended), we hereby notify you that following the acquisition of shares in Kruk S.A. (the “Company”) in transactions executed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange on September 9th 2020, the following funds managed by Nationale-Nederlanden Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne S.A.: Nationale-Nederlanden Otwarty Fundusz Emerytalny, Nationale- Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny, Nationale-Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2025, Nationale-Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2030, Nationale-Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2035, Nationale- Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2040, Nationale-Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2045, Nationale-Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2050, Nationale-Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2055, Nationale-Nederlanden Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny Nasze Jutro 2060, increased their aggregate shareholding in the Company by a number that increased the percentage of total voting rights held by them at the Company’s General Meeting by 2%. The table below presents the number of shares and voting rights held before and after the transaction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL FUNDS</th>
<th>BEFORE number</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>AFTER Number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Voting rights</td>
<td>2,395,066</td>
<td>12.62%</td>
<td>2,457,398</td>
<td>12.95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share capital</td>
<td>2,395,066</td>
<td>12.62%</td>
<td>2,457,398</td>
<td>12.95%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


• On November 18th 2020, the Company received a notification from Piotr Krupa, given under Article 19 of the MAR, to the effect that on November 16th 2020 Piotr Krupa had sold, outside a trading venue, 29,053 KRUK S.A. shares for the average price of PLN 350.00 per share in response to a share buy-back.

• On December 1st 2020, the Company received the following notification of acquisition of Company shares from Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne Allianz Polska S.A., ul. Rodziny Hiszpańskich 1, 02-685 Warsaw: “Pursuant to Art. 69.1.2 and Art. 69.2 of the Act on Public Offering, Conditions Governing the Introduction of Financial Instruments to Organised Trading, and Public Companies, Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne Allianz Polska S.A., the management company which manages open-end pension fund Allianz Polska Otwarty Fundusz Emerytalny (“OFE”) and voluntary pension fund Allianz Polska Dobrowolny Fundusz Emerytalny (“DFE”) announces that following a transaction in KRUK S.A. shares executed on November 27th 2020 the percentage of the share capital and total voting rights held in KRUK S.A., registered in OFE’s and DFE’s accounts, increased above 5%. Prior to the transaction, 849,116 shares, representing 4.48 % of KRUK S.A.’s share capital and conferring the right to 849,116 voting rights representing 4.48 % of total voting rights at KRUK S.A.’s General Meeting, were registered in OFE’s and DFE’s accounts. Following the transaction, the number of KRUK S.A. shares registered in OFE’s and DFE’s accounts increased to 1,009,299 shares, representing 5.32% of KRUK S.A.’s share capital and conferring the right to 1,009,299 voting rights, representing 5.32% of total voting rights at KRUK S.A.’s General Meeting.”

5.3.3 Treasury shares

Treasury shares in the period June 1st 2018 – May 31st 2021

The Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. of April 18th 2018 passed a resolution authorising the Management Board to purchase the Company shares listed on the main market of the WSE, in the period from June 1st 2018 to May 31st 2021, with the proviso that the total par value of the shares so purchased may not exceed PLN 3,761,580, and the maximum amount to be spent by the Company on the buy-back may not exceed PLN 500m, including the share price and transaction costs. The price at which the Company may buy back its own shares may not be higher than PLN 250 or lower than PLN 1. The shares may not be bought back in block transactions. Shares acquired by the Company as part of the buy-back programme may be used to cancel the Company’s own shares and reduce its share capital.

The Management Board may, depending on the Company's interests, finish the buy-back of shares before May 31st 2021 or before all funds intended to be spent on the buy-back programme are used up, or may altogether abandon the buy-back of shares in whole or in part.

The Company did not buy back any shares under that programme in 2020.
Share buy-back pursuant to Resolution No. 7/2020 of the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. of August 31st 2020

The share buy-back pursuant to Resolution No. 7/2020 of the KRUK S.A. Annual General Meeting of August 31st 2020 is discussed in Section 5.5.1 Historical data on dividends and income distributions to shareholders in other forms

5.3.4 Holders of securities conferring special control powers
KRUK S.A. did not issue any securities conferring special control powers on its shareholders.

5.3.5 Limitations on the exercise of voting rights
KRUK S.A.'s Articles of Association do not provide for any limitations concerning the exercise of voting rights at the General Meeting.

5.3.6 Limitations on transfer of ownership of securities
The Company's Articles of Association do not provide for any limitations on transfer of ownership of KRUK securities.

5.3.7 Agreements which may give rise to changes in ownership interests held by the existing shareholders or bondholders
The Company is not aware of any agreements which, in the future, could give rise to changes in ownership interests held by existing shareholders and bondholders.

5.4 Incentive Scheme

Incentive scheme for 2015–2019


It is the second incentive scheme operated by the KRUK Group. Details of the 2015–2019 Incentive Scheme can be found in the Directors’ Report on the operations of the KRUK Group in 2019.

On August 31st 2020, the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. passed Resolution No. 23/2020 to amend Resolution No. 26/2014 of the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. of Wroclaw, dated May 28th 2014, on setting the rules of an incentive scheme for 2015–2019, conditional increase of the Company’s share capital and issue of subscription warrants with the Company existing shareholders’ pre-emptive rights waived in whole with respect to shares to be issued as part of the conditional share capital increase and subscription warrants, and amendments to the Articles of Association. Under the resolution, the shareholders decided to extend the validity period of the subscription warrants, and thus the period in which the warrant holders may exercise their rights, until December 31st 2022. The General Meeting also resolved that Tranche 5 warrants may be granted in 2020 and 2021.
The table below presents successive tranches under the Incentive Scheme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tranche</th>
<th>Number of subscription warrants acquired by members of KRUK S.A.’s Management Board</th>
<th>Number of subscription warrants acquired by other eligible persons</th>
<th>Number of warrants converted into series F shares</th>
<th>Number of warrants held by eligible persons, entitling them to subscribe for series F shares</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tranche 1 for 2015</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>86,435</td>
<td>82,574</td>
<td>23,861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tranche 2 for 2016</td>
<td>50,480</td>
<td>91,467</td>
<td>95,461</td>
<td>46,486</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tranche 3 for 2017</td>
<td>54,344</td>
<td>85,853</td>
<td>55,035</td>
<td>85,162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tranche 4 for 2018</td>
<td>89,768</td>
<td>115,528</td>
<td>33,759</td>
<td>171,537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tranche 5 for 2019</td>
<td>91,596</td>
<td>120,390</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>211,986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>306,188</td>
<td>499,673</td>
<td>266,829</td>
<td>539,032</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tranche 5

By resolution dated September 10th 2020, the Supervisory Board declared that the condition set forth in the Incentive Scheme for offering subscription warrants under Tranche 5 for 2019 had been satisfied. On September 14th 2020, the Management Board passed a resolution determining the list of Management Board members eligible to acquire Tranche 5 subscription warrants for 2019 under the 2015–2019 Incentive Scheme. On September 21st 2020, the Supervisory Board passed a resolution to approve the Management Board’s Resolution No. 158/2020 containing the list of Management Board members eligible to acquire Tranche 5 subscription warrants for 2019 under the 2015–2019 Incentive Scheme. On this basis, the Supervisory Board invited the Management Board members to acquire Tranche 5 subscription warrants under the 2015–2019 Incentive Scheme. On September 24th 2020, 91,596 subscription warrants were delivered to eligible Management Board members.

On October 13th 2020 and October 23rd 2020, the Company’s Management Board passed a resolution to determine the list of persons other than Management Board members who were eligible to acquire Tranche 5 subscription warrants for 2019 under the 2015–2019 Incentive Scheme. The Management Board decided to grant 120,390 subscription warrants to eligible persons other than Management Board members. Subscription warrants outstanding under Tranche 5 and not yet granted to eligible persons under the relevant resolution may be granted to eligible persons until the end of 2021 in accordance with Section 2.2 (e) of the Incentive Scheme, as adopted by Resolution No. 23/2020 of the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. of August 31st 2020.

As at December 31st 2020 and the issue date of this report, members of the Parent’s Management Board held no rights to KRUK S.A. shares other than those under the subscription warrants presented below.

Number of subscription warrants held by Management Board members as at December 31st 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and surname</th>
<th>Number of warrants held under Tranche 1 for 2015</th>
<th>Number of warrants held under Tranche 2 for 2016</th>
<th>Number of warrants held under Tranche 3 for 2017</th>
<th>Number of warrants held under Tranche 4 for 2018</th>
<th>Number of warrants held under Tranche 5 for 2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>7,000</td>
<td>10,820</td>
<td>14,556</td>
<td>20,564</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Kowalewski*</td>
<td>2,003</td>
<td>2,003</td>
<td>2,003</td>
<td>2,003</td>
<td>6,596</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urszula Okarma</td>
<td>3,250</td>
<td>9,915</td>
<td>9,947</td>
<td>17,301</td>
<td>16,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michał Zasępa</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9,947</td>
<td>17,301</td>
<td>16,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agnieszka Kulton**</td>
<td>3,250</td>
<td>9,915</td>
<td>9,947</td>
<td>17,301</td>
<td>16,250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.5 Dividend policy and income distributions to shareholders in other forms

5.5.1 Historical data on dividends and income distributions to shareholders in other forms

Information about the value of dividends and income distributions to shareholders in the form of share buyback for the last six financial years is presented in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 5. Historical information about dividend/income distribution through buyback of shares by KRUK S.A.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Value of dividend paid/share buyback</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value of dividend paid/share buyback</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buyback price per share</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value of dividend paid per share</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend record day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend payment day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* No dividends were paid by the Company prior to 2014.
** KRUK S.A. share buyback as a form of income distribution to shareholders in respect of 2019

Source: Company

On August 31st 2020, in accordance with the Management Board’s proposal regarding allocation of the Company’s net profit for 2019 and the Supervisory Board’s opinion on that proposal, the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. resolved to allocate the Company’s net profit for 2019, of PLN 386,517,227.92, as follows:

- PLN 95,050,000 to the Company’s capital reserve set up to fund a buyback of Company shares. This amount includes PLN 200,000 to cover the cost of the buyback;
- PLN 291,467,227.92 to statutory reserve funds.

At the same time, the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. authorised the Company’s Management Board to buy up to 271,000 fully paid-up shares issued by the Company, on the terms and in accordance with the procedure set out in the relevant resolution, and to take all factual and legal steps necessary to buy back Company shares.

The shares could be tendered for sale until November 30th 2020, at a uniform price of PLN 350.00 per share.

On October 13th 2020, the Management Board passed a resolution to adopt the text of the invitation to tender Company shares for sale, addressed to the shareholders. The shares were bought back in accordance with the rules set out in Resolution No. 7/2020 of the Annual General Meeting. Tenders were accepted from October 19th 2020 to November 13th 2020. The tender offer settlement and share buyback date was November 18th 2020. The Company repurchased an aggregate number of 271,000 shares, with a par value of PLN 1.00 per
share, at a price of PLN 350.00 per share and an aggregate price of PLN 94,850,000. The repurchased treasury shares represent 1.43% of the Company’s share capital and 1.43% of total voting rights at the Company’s General Meeting. The Company’s own shares were acquired for cancellation through reduction of the Company’s share capital. The cancellation will be effected pursuant to Art. 5.1 and 5.2 of the Company’s Articles of Association and Art. 359.1 and Art. 359.2 of the Commercial Companies Code as voluntary cancellation. Before closing of the buyback transaction, the Company held no treasury shares.

In the reporting period and until the date of authorisation of this report for issue, the following resolutions were passed on dividend distributions to KRUK S.A.:

- by Novum Finance Sp. z o.o., to pay out PLN 0.83m,
- by ERIF BIG S.A., to pay out PLN 2.27m,
- by Raven, to pay out PLN 13.74m.

5.5.2 Policy concerning dividends and distribution of income to shareholders in other forms
The Company does not have any defined dividend policy at the moment, but does not rule out implementing one in future. The Management Board may propose payment of dividends or distribution of income in other forms in the future, but the decision in this respect will be made on a case by case basis with due regard to the Group’s strategic plans, growth prospects, investment financing requirements, as well as its current debt level and overall financial standing.

In addition, after the reporting date, on March 17th 2021, the KRUK S.A. Management Board passed a resolution recommending that the Annual General Meeting approves dividend of PLN 8 per share. The dividend would be distributed from the Company’s net profit earned in 2020, increased by amounts transferred from statutory reserve funds created from retained earnings. The recommendation took into account the current financial condition of the KRUK Group, future implementation of the strategy, as well as the Group’s plans and growth prospects. The Management Board may propose distribution of dividends in the future, but in each case the final decision in this respect will be made with due regard to strategic plans, growth prospects, investment financing requirements, as well as the current debt level and overall financial position of the KRUK Group.

5.6 Governing bodies - Management Board
5.6.1 Composition of the Management Board, changes therein and rules of appointment
The Management Board is the Company’s management body. In the period from January 1st 2020 to December 31st 2020, the composition of the Company’s Management Board changed as follows during the financial year:

Until May 28th 2020, the Management Board had consisted of:

- Piotr Krupa President of the Management Board
- Agnieszka Kulton Member of the Management Board
- Urszula Okarma Member of the Management Board
- Iwona Słomska Member of the Management Board
- Michał Zasępka Member of the Management Board

Following Agnieszka Kulton’s resignation as Member of the Management Board with effect as of May 28th 2020, on May 29th 2020 the Supervisory Board appointed Piotr Kowalewski as a new Member of the Management Board of KRUK S.A.
Accordingly, from May 29th 2020 to July 31st 2020, the composition of the Management Board of KRUK S.A. was as follows:

- Piotr Krupa President of the Management Board
- Piotr Kowalewski Member of the Management Board
- Urszula Okarma Member of the Management Board
- Iwona Słomska Member of the Management Board
- Michał Zasępa Member of the Management Board

Following Iwona Słomska’s resignation as member of the Management Board with effect from July 31st 2020, between August 1st 2020 and November 5th 2020, the composition of the KRUK S.A. Management Board was as follows:

- Piotr Krupa President of the Management Board
- Piotr Kowalewski Member of the Management Board
- Urszula Okarma Member of the Management Board
- Michał Zasępa Member of the Management Board

By a resolution of November 5th 2020, the Supervisory Board of KRUK S.A. appointed Adam Łodygowski as member of the KRUK S.A. Management Board with effect from November 6th 2020.

Hence, from November 6th 2020 to the date of issue of this Report, the composition of the Management Board is as follows:

- Piotr Krupa President of the Management Board
- Piotr Kowalewski Member of the Management Board
- Adam Łodygowski Member of the Management Board
- Urszula Okarma Member of the Management Board
- Michał Zasępa Member of the Management Board

Rules governing appointment and removal of members of the Management Board and their powers are set forth in the Company’s Articles of Association. Pursuant to Articles 7.1 and 7.2, the Management Board is composed of three to eight members, and the number of members is defined each time by the Supervisory Board upon request by the President of the Management Board.

The President of the Management Board is appointed and removed by the Supervisory Board. The other members of the Management Board are also appointed and removed by the Supervisory Board, following a request by the President of the Management Board.

Members of the Management Board are appointed for a joint three-year term of office.

The mandate of a member of the Management Board expires on or before the date of the General Meeting approving the financial statements for the last full financial year in which the member held the office.
5.6.2 Powers of the Management Board
The Management Board, led by the President, manages the Company’s business and assets, and represents the Company before courts, government authorities and third parties. Pursuant to Article 8.1 of the Articles of Association, the Management Board makes decisions on any matters not reserved for the exclusive competence of the Supervisory Board or the General Meeting under the Articles of Association or applicable laws. The President of the Management Board is solely authorised to decide on the establishment and liquidation of any organisational units at the Company.

Resolutions of the Management Board are passed with a simple majority of votes. In the case of a voting tie, the President of the Management Board has the casting vote.

A declaration of will on behalf of the Company may be made by: (i) two members of the Management Board acting jointly; (ii) a Management Board member acting jointly with a commercial proxy; or (iii) an attorney authorised to perform certain types of activities, acting on their own under a written power of attorney granted by the Company. Apart from those mentioned above, the Company’s Articles of Association do not provide for any additional powers for the management personnel, such as the power to decide on issue or repurchase of shares.

By Resolution No. 20/2018 of the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. of Wrocław, held on April 18th 2018, the General Meeting authorised the Management Board to purchase the Company’s own shares listed on the main market of the WSE, i.e. the official stock exchange market, in accordance with the procedure and on the terms provided for in the resolution.

By Resolution No. 7/2020 dated August 31st 2020, the Annual General Meeting authorised the Company’s Management Board to buy back and subsequently cancel up to 271,000 (two hundred and seventy-one thousand) shares issued by the Company, on the terms and in accordance with the procedure set out in the Resolution, and to take any factual and legal steps necessary to buy back Company shares and implement the Resolution.

5.6.3 Shares in the Company and its related entities held by Management and Supervisory Board members
The table below presents Company shares or rights to Company shares held by Management and Supervisory Board members as at January 1st 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and surname</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Number of shares held</th>
<th>Total par value (PLN)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>President of the Management Board</td>
<td>1,886,666</td>
<td>1,886,666</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agnieszka Kulton</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>45,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urszula Okarma</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>107,001</td>
<td>107,001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iwona Słomska</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>39,348</td>
<td>39,348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michał Zasępa</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>26,356</td>
<td>26,356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomasz Bieske</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
<td>745</td>
<td>745</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

Apart from the changes in the number of shares held by Piotr Krupa, President of the Management Board, described in the Shareholding structure section, in the period from January 1st 2020 to the date of issue of this
Report there were also changes in the holdings of Company shares held by Michał Zasępa, Piotr Kowalewski, Urszula Okarma and Tomasz Bieske, as described below.

On June 8th 2020, the Company received a notification from Michał Zasępa, given under Article 19 of the MAR, to the effect that on June 5th 2020 Michał Zasępa had sold, in ordinary session trades on the Warsaw Stock Exchange, 6,356 shares in KRUK S.A. for the average price of PLN 119.34 per share.

On December 18th 2020, the Company received a notification from Michał Zasępa, given under Article 19 of the MAR, to the effect that on December 16th 2020 Michał Zasępa had sold, outside a trading venue, 313 shares in KRUK S.A. at the average price of PLN 350.00 per share.

On December 18th 2020, the Company received a notification from Piotr Kowalewski, given under Article 19 of the MAR, to the effect that on December 16th 2020 Piotr Kowalewski had sold, outside a trading venue, 125 shares in KRUK S.A. at the average price of PLN 350.00 per share.

On December 18th 2020, the Company received a notification from Urszula Okarma, given under Article 19 of the MAR, to the effect that on December 16th 2020 Urszula Okarma had sold, outside a trading venue, 1,676 shares in KRUK S.A. at the average price of PLN 350.00 per share.

On December 18th 2020, the Company received a notification from Tomasz Bieske, given under Article 19 of the MAR, to the effect that on December 16th 2020 Tomasz Bieske had sold, outside a trading venue, 12 shares in KRUK S.A. at the average price of PLN 350.00 per share.

Table 22.3 KRUK S.A. shares held by management and supervisory personnel as at December 31st 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and surname</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Number of shares held</th>
<th>Total par value (PLN)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>President of the Management Board</td>
<td>1,827,613</td>
<td>1,827,613</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Kowalewski</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>7,875</td>
<td>7,875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urszula Okarma</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>105,325</td>
<td>105,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adam Łodygowski</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michał Zasępa</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>19,687</td>
<td>19,687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomasz Bieske</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
<td>733</td>
<td>733</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

List of notifications received from the management and supervisory personnel in 2020.

Piotr Krupa – summary of notifications in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of notification</th>
<th>Date of transaction</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Transaction type</th>
<th>Average price</th>
<th>Place of transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>April 28th 2020</td>
<td>April 27th 2020</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>Sale</td>
<td>PLN 79.95</td>
<td>WSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 18th 2020</td>
<td>November 16th 2020</td>
<td>29,053</td>
<td>Sale</td>
<td>PLN 350.00</td>
<td>Outside a trading venue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Michał Zasępa – summary of notifications in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of notification</th>
<th>Date of transaction</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Transaction type</th>
<th>Average price</th>
<th>Place of transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>June 8th 2020</td>
<td>June 5th 2020</td>
<td>6,356</td>
<td>Sale</td>
<td>PLN 119.34</td>
<td>WSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 18th 2020</td>
<td>November 16th 2020</td>
<td>313</td>
<td>Sale</td>
<td>PLN 350.00</td>
<td>Outside a trading venue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Urszula Okarma – summary of notifications in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of notification</th>
<th>Date of transaction</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Transaction type</th>
<th>Average price</th>
<th>Place of transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>November 18th 2020</td>
<td>November 16th 2020</td>
<td>1,676</td>
<td>Sale</td>
<td>PLN 350.00</td>
<td>Outside a trading venue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Piotr Kowalewski – summary of notifications in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of notification</th>
<th>Date of transaction</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Transaction type</th>
<th>Average price</th>
<th>Place of transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>November 18th 2020</td>
<td>November 16th 2020</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>Sale</td>
<td>PLN 350.00</td>
<td>Outside a trading venue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tomasz Bieske – summary of notifications in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of notification</th>
<th>Date of transaction</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Transaction type</th>
<th>Average price</th>
<th>Place of transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>November 18th 2020</td>
<td>November 16th 2020</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Sale</td>
<td>PLN 350.00</td>
<td>Outside a trading venue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

 Members of the management or supervisory bodies holding Company shares or rights to Company shares as at the report issue date

Table 23. KRUK S.A. shares held by management and supervisory personnel as at the report issue date

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and surname</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Number of shares held</th>
<th>Total par value (PLN)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>President of the Management Board</td>
<td>1,827,613</td>
<td>1,827,613</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Kowalewski</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>7,875</td>
<td>7,875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urszula Okarma</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>105,325</td>
<td>105,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adam Łodygowski</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michał Zasępa</td>
<td>Member of the Management Board</td>
<td>19,687</td>
<td>19,687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomasz Bieske</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
<td>733</td>
<td>733</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company
5.6.4 Remuneration, bonuses and employment contract terms of the Management Board members

On August 31st 2020, acting pursuant to Article 90d.1 of the Act on Public Offering and Conditions Governing the Introduction of Financial Instruments to Organised Trading and on Public Companies, the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. adopted the Remuneration Policy for Management Board and Supervisory Board Members of KRUK S.A. of Wrocław (the “Remuneration Policy”). The Remuneration Policy sets out the rules of remuneration for Management and Supervisory Board Members. Any amendment to the rules of remuneration for Management Board or Supervisory Board Members requires the Policy to be amended and must be approved by the General Meeting prior to taking effect.

The Remuneration Policy is the principal document governing the remuneration rules applying to KRUK S.A. Management Board and Supervisory Board Members, and it applies to them regardless of their form of employment. In accordance with the Remuneration Policy, remuneration is determined on the basis of the function performed as well as the business scale, complexity of corporate design and operational complexity of the Company.

Remuneration of Management Board Members, in accordance with Article 5 of the Remuneration Policy, comprises fixed and variable components. Section 7 of the Remuneration Policy envisages the option to provide monetary and non-monetary benefits to Management Board Members, such as accident insurance, participation in employee benefit schemes, private use of company cars, cost of apartment rentals for Management Board Members residing outside the Company’s home municipality, participation in Employee Capital Plans (“PPK”).

In accordance with the provisions of the Remuneration Policy and Article 7.8 of the Company’s Articles of Association, the remuneration principles applying to Management Board Members and the salary of the President of the Management Board are decided by the Supervisory Board. The amounts of remuneration of the individual Management Board members other than the President are determined by the Supervisory Board, based on proposals submitted by the President of the Management Board and in line with the remuneration rules defined by the Supervisory Board.

In accordance with the Remuneration Policy and the management contracts that have been in force since January 1st 2017, the Management Board members are entitled to monthly remuneration in the amounts specified in their contracts. Irrespective of their remuneration, they may receive discretionary bonuses. The decision on the award and amounts of discretionary bonuses rests with the Supervisory Board. In accordance with Section 9 of the Remuneration Policy, Management Board Members may receive a variable remuneration component in the form of subscription warrants as part of the incentive scheme in place at the Company.

The terms of the management contracts correspond to the terms of mandates of the Management Board members: they expire with the expiry of a given mandate, including as a result of removal or resignation from office of the Management Board member. Furthermore, a management contract may be terminated by its parties on six months’ notice, or on three months’ notice, without compensation, in the event of liquidation or dissolution of the Company, long sick absence of the Manager, or other kind of inability to perform his or her duties in the period covered by the contract. Management contracts may also be terminated by its parties without notice and compensation, with immediate effect, in circumstances indicated in the contracts.

In accordance with the executed contracts, in the event of termination or rescission of a contract by the Company, unless termination takes place in circumstances where the contract may be terminated with immediate effect, without notice or compensation and except where a Management Board member is removed
for reasons attributable to that member, the Management Board member is entitled to additional remuneration.

The contracts executed with the Management Board members contain provisions prohibiting the members from engaging in, participating or taking an interest in any commercial or business activities without notifying the Supervisory Board (in the case of the President of the Management Board) or without the President of the Management Board’s written consent (in the case of other Management Board members), as well as non-compete clauses effective during the contract term and for 2 (two) years from the day on which a given person ceases to be a member of the Management Board of KRUK S.A. The contracts with the Management Board members provided for relevant compensation in respect of the prohibitions. The compensation is payable in monthly instalments for 24 months from the contract termination date, and will amount to 80% of the person’s remuneration over the first 12 months, and 60% over the next 12 months.

Furthermore, the contracts concluded with the Management Board members impose contractual penalties in the amounts specified therein for violation of the non-compete provisions.

Due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic which restricts the Company’s revenue-generating potential, on May 28th 2020 Management Board Members signed agreements reducing their contractual salaries by 25% in the period from May 1st to July 31st 2020.

The tables below present the amounts of remuneration and additional benefits received by the Management Board members (who were in office in 2019) from the Company and its subsidiaries for 2020 and 2019.

**Table 24. Remuneration of the Management Board members in 2020**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and surname</th>
<th>Remuneration from the Company (PLN '000)</th>
<th>Additional benefits* received from the Company (PLN '000)</th>
<th>PPK – contribution funded by the Company**</th>
<th>Remuneration from the subsidiaries</th>
<th>Additional benefits* received from the subsidiaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Krupa</td>
<td>2250.00</td>
<td>6.29</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Kowalewski</td>
<td>336.52</td>
<td>3.62</td>
<td>5.10</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urszula Okarma</td>
<td>720.00</td>
<td>5.12</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adam Łodygowski</td>
<td>117.33</td>
<td>0.49</td>
<td>1.77</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michał Zasępa</td>
<td>720.00</td>
<td>69.47</td>
<td>11.84</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agnieszka Kultont</td>
<td>1046.71</td>
<td>2.53</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iwona Słomska</td>
<td>1040.00</td>
<td>2.94</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Additional benefits include medical care, rent allowance, Christmas gifts, and company cars.
** Benefit in the form of a PPK contribution part funded by the employer, which constitutes income for a management board member.

Source: Company

**Table 25. Remuneration of the Management Board members in 2019**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and surname</th>
<th>Remuneration from the Company</th>
<th>Additional benefits* received from the Company</th>
<th>Remuneration from the subsidiaries</th>
<th>Additional benefits* received from the subsidiaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

* Additional benefits include medical care, rent allowance, Christmas gifts, and company cars.

** Benefit in the form of a PPK contribution part funded by the employer, which constitutes income for a management board member.

Source: Company
The total amount of gross remuneration and additional benefits for 2020 paid by the Company and its subsidiaries to the Management Board members specified above was PLN 6,231 thousand, PLN 90.46 thousand, and PLN 18.71 thousand under the PPK. In 2019, the respective amounts were PLN 5,472 thousand and PLN 91.33 thousand. In 2019, Michał Zasępa earned a total of PLN 2.09 thousand in employee savings plan contributions (PPK).

Additional benefits received from the Company for 2020 do not include bonuses and awards for the Management Board members for 2020.

Moreover, as part of the 2015–2019 Incentive Scheme, members of the Management Board were offered Subscription Warrants for 2019 in the number specified in the Management Board’s Resolution of September 14th 2020 and Supervisory Board’s Resolution of September 21st 2020, subject to fulfilment of certain conditions specified in the General Meeting’s Resolution No. 26/2014 of May 28th 2014.

In line with the 2015–2019 Scheme, the number of Subscription Warrants to be granted to Management Board members in each year of the Plan may not exceed 50% of the total number of Subscription Warrants offered for subscription by Eligible Persons as part of a given Tranche.

For detailed information on the incentive scheme operated by the Company and the number of warrants granted to Management Board Members thereunder, see the “Incentive Scheme” Section.

5.7 Governing bodies – Supervisory Board

5.7.1 Composition of the Supervisory Board, its changes and rules of appointment

The Supervisory Board shall consist of five or seven members. The number of Supervisory Board members is each time determined by the General Meeting. Members of the Supervisory Board are appointed for a joint term of office of three years. As at the date of authorisation of this report, the Company’s Supervisory Board is composed of seven members.

The Supervisory Board is appointed and removed by the General Meeting, with the proviso that if Mr Piotr Krupa holds shares in the Company representing 8% or more of the total vote at its General Meeting, he has the right to appoint and remove:

- one member of a five-member Supervisory Board, including the Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board;
- two members of a seven-member Supervisory Board, including the Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board.
Mr Piotr Krupa’s rights to appoint and remove members of the Supervisory Board are exercised by delivery to the Company of a written statement on the appointment or removal of a Supervisory Board member.

In 2020, the KRUK Supervisory Board was composed of the following seven members:

**Table 26. Composition of the KRUK Supervisory Board in 2020**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and surname</th>
<th>Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Stępniak</td>
<td>Chairman of the Supervisory Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Katarzyna Beuch</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomasz Bieske</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krzysztof Kawalec</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mateusz Melich</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ewa Radkowska-Świętoń</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Szczepiórkowski</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By the date of authorisation of this report, there had been no changes in the composition of the Supervisory Board.

**Table 27. Gender diversity on the Management Board of KRUK S.A. in 2020**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: Company*

**Table 28. Gender diversity on the Supervisory Board of KRUK S.A. in 2020**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: Company*

[102-18]

5.7.2 Operation of the Supervisory Board

The Supervisory Board exercises supervision over each area of the Company’s operations. Powers of the Supervisory Board, in addition to those defined in the Commercial Companies Code, include in particular:

- Assessing the financial statements and the Directors’ Report on the Company’s operations for the previous financial year in terms of their consistency with the accounting books, relevant documents and with the facts, and assessing the Management Board’s recommendations concerning distribution of profit or coverage of loss;
- Submitting to the General Meeting an annual written report on the results of the assessment referred to above;
- Appointing and removing the President of the Management Board;
• Appointing and removing members of the Management Board (including Vice-Presidents);
• Suspending members of the Management Board and delegating members of the Supervisory Board to temporarily carry out the duties of Management Board members unable to perform their duties;
• Defining, at the request of the President of the Management Board, the rules and amount of remuneration for the Management Board members;
• Defining the amount of remuneration for the President of the Management Board;
• Approving the Company’s annual financial plans (budgets) and strategic economic plans;
• Granting consent for the Company to contract loans or issue bonds, other than loans or bonds provided for in the budget, in excess of a cumulative annual amount equal to 10% of the Company’s equity, with the exception of loans received from the other companies of the KRUK Group;
• Granting consent to provide security or encumber the Company’s assets otherwise than as provided for in the budget, in excess of a cumulative amount equal to 10% of the Company’s equity annually, unless parties to the transaction are only companies of the KRUK Group. Creating security or surety for loans and bonds provided for in the budget or for which the Supervisory Board has already given its consent does not require the Supervisory Board’s consent;
• Granting consent for the Company to assume liabilities in a single transaction or a series of related transactions with a total value exceeding 5% of the Company’s equity in a given financial year, not provided for in the budget and not arising in the ordinary course of the Company’s business;
• Granting consent for the Company to acquire or subscribe for shares in other commercial companies and to join other businesses that are not members of the KRUK Group;
• Granting consent for the acquisition or disposal of the Company’s assets with a value exceeding 15% of the Company’s net book value as determined on the basis of the last audited financial statements, other than an acquisition or disposal provided for in the budget, except for any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to members of the KRUK Group;
• Granting consent to the disposal or transfer of copyrights or other intellectual property, in particular rights to patents, technologies and trademarks, unless only members of the KRUK Group are parties to the transaction;
• Granting consent to the Company or any of its subsidiaries to engage advisers and other third-party individuals as consultants, lawyers or agents if the resulting total annual cost to the Company, not provided for in the budget, would exceed PLN 500,000;
• Approving the rules of management stock option plans;
• Selecting an auditor to audit the Company’s full-year financial statements, referred to in Art. 395 of the Commercial Companies Code, in accordance with the Polish and international accounting standards;
• Granting consent to the execution of or amendment to agreements concluded between the Company or any its subsidiaries with the Management or Supervisory Board members;
• Granting consent to making any gratuitous disposals or commitments by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company within the scope of the Company’s business for an amount exceeding PLN 1m in one financial year, unless only members of the KRUK Group are parties to the transaction;
• Granting consent to making any gratuitous disposals or commitments by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company outside the scope of the Company’s business for an amount exceeding PLN 200,000 in one financial year, unless only members of the KRUK Group are parties to the transaction;
• Granting consent to the purchase or disposal of property, perpetual usufruct rights or interests in property (excluding property purchased or sold as part of debt management processes) by the Company if the VAT-exclusive purchase price or the VAT-exclusive sale price is PLN 5,000,000 or more.
Supervisory Board meetings are convened by the Chairperson or, if absent, by the Deputy Chairperson of the Supervisory Board. Detailed rules for holding meetings are defined in the Rules of Procedure for the Supervisory Board.

Supervisory Board resolutions are passed with an absolute majority of votes of the Supervisory Board members present at the meeting. In the event of a voting tie, the Chairperson has the casting vote. For a resolution of the Supervisory Board to be valid, all members of the Supervisory Board must be invited to the meeting and at least half of them must be present at the meeting.

Supervisory Board members may vote on a resolution of the Supervisory Board in writing through another member of the Supervisory Board. Matters placed on the agenda during the meeting of the Supervisory Board may not be voted on in writing. Subject to the provisions of the Commercial Companies Code, the Supervisory Board may vote on resolutions by way of any of the following procedures: (a) written ballot, (b) using means of distance communication only, or (c) the mixed procedure, i.e. when some members of the Supervisory Board attend a Supervisory Board meeting in person and at least one member of the Supervisory Board participates in the meeting using means of distance communication, provided that all Supervisory Board members have been notified of the contents of the draft resolution.

5.7.3 Shares in the Company and in its related entities held by members of the Supervisory Board
For information on shares in the Company and in its related entities held by members of the Supervisory Board, see Section 5.6.3 – Shares in the Company and in its related entities held by the Management and Supervisory Board members.

5.7.4 Remuneration, bonuses and employment contract terms of the Supervisory Board members
The remuneration principles applying to Supervisory Board Members are set out in the Remuneration Policy for Management Board and Supervisory Board Members of KRUK S.A. of Wrocław (the “Remuneration Policy”), adopted by the Annual General Meeting of KRUK S.A. on August 31st 2020, in accordance with Article 90d.1 of the Act on Public Offering and Conditions Governing the Introduction of Financial Instruments to Organised Trading and on Public Companies.

The Remuneration Policy is the principal document governing the remuneration rules applying to KRUK S.A. Management Board and Supervisory Board Members, and it applies to them regardless of their form of employment.

Pursuant to Art. 12.5 of the Company’s Articles of Association, the Supervisory Board members receive remuneration for their services, unless the body or entities entitled to appoint them resolve otherwise.

The amount of remuneration payable to the members of the Supervisory Board is determined by virtue of a resolution of the General Meeting. In accordance with the Remuneration Policy, the remuneration for Supervisory Board Members is not split into variable and fixed components. Furthermore, the remuneration for Supervisory Board Members is not determined in the form of options or other derivatives or any other variable components, and it is not linked to KRUK S.A.’s performance.

In accordance with the Remuneration Policy, the remuneration of Supervisory Board members covers their service on the Supervisory Boards of the KRUK Group companies.

Members of the Supervisory Board, in accordance with Section 12 of the Remuneration Policy, are eligible for participation in the PPK.
In view of the epidemic situation in Poland and globally as well as its adverse consequences in Poland and other countries where the Company operates, which include reduced revenue-generating potential within the KRUK Group, on April 22nd 2020 Members of the KRUK S.A. Supervisory Board submitted declarations to the Company, relinquishing 25% of their remuneration for the period from May 1st to July 31st 2020.

The table below presents the amounts of remuneration received by the Supervisory Board members from the Company and its subsidiaries for 2020 and 2019.

Table 29. Remuneration of the Supervisory Board members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Surname, first name</th>
<th>Remuneration from the Company in 2019 (PLN ‘000)</th>
<th>Remuneration from the Company in 2020 (PLN ‘000)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Katarzyna Beuch</td>
<td>108.25</td>
<td>109.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomasz Bieske</td>
<td>108.25</td>
<td>109.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krzysztof Kawalec</td>
<td>108.25</td>
<td>109.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Stępniaek</td>
<td>216.50</td>
<td>218.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mateusz Melich</td>
<td>60.17</td>
<td>109.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ewa Radkowska-Świętoń</td>
<td>60.17</td>
<td>109.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piotr Szczepiórkowski</td>
<td>60.17</td>
<td>109.18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

In 2020, the Company paid the Supervisory Board members remuneration in the total amount of PLN 873 thousand and additional benefits totalling PLN 11.54 thousand. Additionally, Piotr Szczepiórkowski and Mateusz Melich earned a total of PLN 3.35 thousand in employee savings plan contributions. In 2019, Piotr Szczepiórkowski and Mateusz Melich earned a total of PLN 0.6 thousand in employee savings plan contributions. Moreover, member of the Supervisory Board Krzysztof Kawalec received PLN 24 thousand in remuneration from the subsidiary Kruk TFI S.A. for his service on the Supervisory Board of Kruk TFI S.A.

As at the date of this Report, there were no contingent or deferred benefits payable to members of the Supervisory Board by the Company or the subsidiaries.

As at the date of this Report, there were no contracts executed by the Supervisory Board members with the Company or its subsidiaries that would provide for post-termination benefits.

As at the date of this Report, the Company does not have any liabilities arising from pensions or similar benefits to former members of management or supervisory bodies or former members of administrative bodies, or any liabilities incurred in connection with such pensions.

5.7.4.1 Supervisory Board Committees

Pursuant to the Rules of Procedure for the Supervisory Board, the following committees operate within the KRUK S.A. Supervisory Board:
Members of the committees are appointed by the Supervisory Board from among its members.

**Audit Committee**

The Supervisory Board appoints members of the Audit Committee from among its members.

In the period January 1st–December 31st 2020, the Audit Committee was composed of:

- Katarzyna Beuch – Chairperson of the Audit Committee,
- Ewa Radkowska-Świętoń – Member of the Audit Committee,
- Piotr Stępniak – Member of the Audit Committee,
- Piotr Szczepiórkowski – Member of the Audit Committee.

By the date of issue of this report, the composition of the Audit Committee did not change.

Pursuant to the Rules of Procedure for the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee consists of at least three members. The majority of the Audit Committee members, including its chairperson, should be independent members of the Supervisory Board. The Audit Committee should include at least one member with knowledge and skills in accounting or auditing. Members of the Audit Committee should have the knowledge of and skills relevant for the industry in which the Company operates.

All members of the Audit Committee meet the criteria of independence within the meaning of the Act on Statutory Auditors, Audit Firms and Public Oversight. Ms Katarzyna Beuch, who chairs the Audit Committee, and members of the Committee, Ms Ewa Radkowska-Świętoń and Mr Piotr Szczepiórkowski, also meet the independence criteria within the meaning of Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies 2016, as such criteria are specified in Annex II to the Commission Recommendation of February 15th 2005 on the role of non-executive or supervisory directors of listed companies and on the committees of the (supervisory) board. All members of the Audit Committee have knowledge and skills in accounting or auditing. Ms Katarzyna Beuch, Chairperson of the Committee, and Mr Piotr Stępniak, Member of the Committee, possessed expertise and skills relevant to the industry in which the Company operates, which they gathered by way of education or professional experience.

Ms Katarzyna Beuch graduated from the Faculty of Management and Computer Science of the Wrocław University of Economics. She also completed a postgraduate USAID programme on asset and liability management and banking risk at the Warsaw Institute of Banking. She started her professional career in 1992 at the Assets and Liabilities Management Department of Bank Zachodni S.A. of Wrocław. In 1996–2006, she worked at the Audit Department of Ernst & Young Audit sp. z o.o., where she was responsible for auditing financial statements, due diligence projects and accountancy consulting at financial institutions, such as banks, leasing and insurance companies, pension and investment funds, and non-financial enterprises. From 2006 to 2012, she served as a member of the Management Board and CFO at Getin Holding S.A. She was Head of the Accounting Department at Santander Consumer Bank. In 2016–2018, she held the position of Chief Executive Officer for Controlling and Economic Analyses at KGHM Polska Miedź S.A. She obtained ACCA qualification since...
Ewa Radkowska-Świętoń holds a degree in Finance and Banking from the Warsaw School of Economics. She began her professional career in 1995 at the Capital Transactions Centre of Bank Handlowy. In 1996–2006, she worked for ING Investment Management Polska S.A. (currently NN Investment Partners TFI S.A.) as an analyst, portfolio manager, fund manager, and acting Investment Director. She then served as fund manager at Aviva Investors Polska S.A. In 2008–2017, she was Member of the Management Board and then Vice President of Nationale Nederlanden PTE S.A.; also held the position of Investment Director. From September 2017 to January 2019, she served as President of the Management Board of Skarbiec TFI S.A. and as Vice President and then President of the Management Board of Skarbiec Holding S.A. He is certified by CFA (Chartered Financial Analyst) and FRM (Financial Risk Manager).

Mr Piotr Stępniak graduated from Guelph University, Canada as BA (majoring in Economics and in Management); Economics, Management; ESC Rouen, France; Purdue University, U.S., as EMBA and Purdue University, U.S., as MSM. Since 2008 he has served as member of the Supervisory Board of KRUK S.A. He has extensive professional experience: in 2001–2004 he was Vice President of LUKAS Bank, where he was responsible for retail banking; in 2005–2008 he served as President of the Management Board of Getin Holding S.A., in charge of analysis, financial auditing of investment projects and supervision over portfolio companies consolidated within the group. Since 2011, member of the KRUK S.A. Audit Committee. Since 2014, member of the Audit Committee of Nest Bank S.A. Since 2015, member of the Audit Committee of Magellan S.A. Since 2015, member of the Audit Committee of Skarbiec TFI S.A., Chairman of the Audit Committee of Grupa Kęty S.A., Chairman of the Audit Committee of ATM Grupa S.A., Chairman of the Audit Committee of Asseco Business Solutions S.A.

Mr Piotr Szczepiórkowski is an expert in pension systems, asset management and capital markets. He holds an investment adviser licence (No. 136); also member of the Polish Association of Actuaries and CFA Society Poland (CFA Charterholder). Graduate of the Faculty of Chemical and Process Engineering of the Warsaw University of Technology (1985), he worked in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Financial Institutions) and Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego (Treasury Department). For many years (1993-2016) he worked for the Commercial Union Polska Group (now Aviva Polska), first in the Finance Department of Towarzystwo Ubezpieczeń na Życie as an accountant, Deputy Finance Director, Deputy Investment Director, and then at Commercial Union PTE as Chief Investment Officer and Vice President of the Management Board. Since 2001, President of the Management Board of PTE. Member of the Audit Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Pension Funds (IGTE). In 2008–2016, Vice President of the Management Board of Aviva Towarzystwo Ubezpieczeń na Życie. During his professional career he has passed all 14 exams under a training programme to achieve the ACCA qualification, completed Executive Management Development courses organised by CEDEP (Fontainebleau), Columbia University and Wharton School of Business. At present, he serves on supervisory boards of the following WSE-listed companies: FM Forte S.A., Ipopema Securities S.A., Octava S.A., Decora S.A., as well as a member of the Supervisory Board and Chair of the Audit Committee at Ipopema TFI S.A.

The Audit Committee’s responsibilities include in particular:

1. monitoring of:
   • financial reporting processes;
   • effectiveness of internal control systems and risk management systems as well as of internal audit, including financial reporting;
2. controlling and monitoring of the independence of the qualified auditor and the audit firm, in particular when the audit firm provides services other than the audit of financial statements;
3. informing the Supervisory Board about the results of the audit and explaining how the audit has contributed to the integrity of financial reporting in a public-interest entity, and what was the role of the Audit Committee in the audit process;
4. assessing the independence of the qualified auditor and giving consent to the auditor’s provision of permitted non-audit services to a public-interest entity;
5. developing a policy for selecting an audit firm to conduct the audit;
6. developing a policy for providing permitted non-audit services by the audit firm carrying out the audit, entities related to the audit firm or a member of the audit firm’s network;
7. determining the procedure for selecting an audit firm by a public-interest entity;
8. presenting to the Supervisory Board the recommendation referred to in Art. 16.2 of Regulation No. 537/2014, in accordance with the policies referred to in items 5 and 6 above;
9. submitting recommendations aimed at ensuring the integrity of the financial reporting process in a public-interest entity.

Apart from statutory duties, in 2020 the Audit Committee dealt in particular with:

- analysis of the results of the audit of the 2019 full-year report and setting the rules for audit of the financial statements for 2020;
- discussing a supplementary report for the Audit Committee for 2019;
- analysis of the results of review of the interim financial statements;
- analysis and evaluation of the Company’s internal control and internal audit system, including a summary of internal audit findings from 2019, analysing the extent to which internal audit recommendations had been implemented and setting an audit plan for 2020;
- review and analysis of risk maps;
- analysis of the Company’s Assessment Report, including an assessment of its risk management, compliance, information security and internal audit systems in 2019;
- discussion of compliance area’s objectives at the KRUK Group;
- analysis of the current portfolio valuation policy/methodology for accounting purposes, including information on possible changes made to the methodologies in 2018–2019;
- discussion of portfolio revaluation at the end of 2019 and the valuation methodology;
- pre-authorisation of non-audit services for 2020 and approval of the non-audit service report for 2019;
- analysis of how the Company Management handled operational incidents and events;
- analysis of the impact of the judgment of the ECJ of September 11th 2019 (consumer’s entitlement to a reduction of the total cost of credit in the event of early repayment of the credit includes all non-interest costs imposed on the consumer) on the results of Wonga.pl and on the consolidated financial statements;
- discussion of the Dynamics 365 ERP implementation project;
- analysis and discussion of the impact of COVID-19 on financial statements;
- discussion of the impact of significant exchange rate fluctuations in the context of the FX hedging policy in place;
- discussion of the group’s debt valuation policy for reporting purposes;
• discussion of the process of cash recovery checks;
• update of the auditor selection policy pursuant to an amendment of Article 134 of the Auditors Act;
• analysis and discussion of tax issues, including the effective tax rate, tax burdens, MDR schemes, changes in tax legislation.

In accordance with KRUK S.A.'s policy and procedure for the acquisition of non-audit services, the independence of the services permitted by the auditor, performed for the benefit of all KRUK Group members, is monitored and evaluated. In 2020, the cost of such services was PLN 433 thousand. All of the services were pre-approved by the Audit Committee, in accordance with the relevant proposal submitted to the Committee.

Members of the Audit Committee performed their duties during the Committee's meetings and the Supervisory Board’s meetings. Four Committee meetings were held in 2020, of which three used means of distance communication. The meetings were attended by all Committee members. In addition, the members of the Audit Committee met in the form of teleconferences and at additional meetings organized to discuss the issue in detail.

Remuneration and Appointments Committee

The Supervisory Board appoints members of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee from among its members.

In the period January 1st–December 31st 2020, the Remuneration and Appointments Committee was composed of:

• Tomasz Bieske – Chairman of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee,
• Mateusz Melich- Member of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee
• Piotr Szczepiórkowski - Member of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee

As at the issue date of this report, the composition of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee did not change.

The Remuneration and Appointments Committee is composed of at least three members, including at least one member with knowledge and experience in the area of remuneration policy. The majority of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee members should be independent members of the Supervisory Board.

All Members of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee meet the criteria of independence within the meaning of the Act on Statutory Auditors, Audit Firms and Public Oversight. In addition, two members of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee: Ms Katarzyna Beuch, who chairs the Audit Committee, and Mr Arkadiusz Jastrzębski, member of the Committee, also meet the independence criteria within the meaning of Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies 2016, as such criteria are specified in Annex II to the Commission Recommendation of February 15th 2005 on the role of non-executive or supervisory directors of listed companies and on the committees of the (supervisory) board.

The Remuneration and Appointments Committee’s responsibilities include in particular:

• planning of the remuneration policy for the Management Board members;
• alignment of the Management Board members’ remuneration with the Company's long-term interests and its financial performance;
• recommendation of candidates to the Management Board to the Supervisory Board;
• periodic assessment of the structure, number of members, composition and performance of the Management Board, and, where needed, recommendation of changes in this respect to the Supervisory Board, and submission of a periodic assessment of the skills, knowledge and experience of the individual Management Board members to the Supervisory Board.

In 2020, the Committee was mainly engaged in work on a draft Remuneration Policy proposed by the Company. To this end, members of the Committee held meetings and conference calls with the Company’s Management Board and a legal advisor. Afterwards, they presented their position to all members of the Supervisory Board. In addition, the Committee issued opinions on the Management Board’s proposals regarding allotment of subscription warrants to Management Board members under the 2015–2019 Management Stock Option Plan.

Matters within the remit of the Remuneration and Appointments Committee were discussed during the Committee’s meetings, teleconferences and Supervisory Board meetings, also held through means of remote communication.

Finance and Budget Committee

The Supervisory Board appoints members of the Finance and Budget Committee from among its members.

In the period January 1st−December 31st 2020, the Finance and Budget Committee was composed of:

• Mateusz Melich – Chairman of the Finance and Budget Committee,
• Katarzyna Beuch – Member of the Finance and Budget Committee,
• Tomasz Bieske – Member of the Finance and Budget Committee,
• Krzysztof Kawalec – Member of the Finance and Budget Committee,
• Ewa Radkowska-Świętoń –Member of the Finance and Budget Committee.

By the issue date of this report, the composition of the Finance and Budget Committee did not change.

The Finance and Budget Committee’s responsibilities include in particular:

• drafting budget resolutions, issuing opinions and assessing draft resolutions of the Supervisory Board on matters related to the Company’s finances,
• supporting the oversight of the performance of the Company’s budget;
• ongoing analysis of the Company’s financial performance and condition,
• matters related to the operation of the Company’s cash, credit and tax systems, as well as its financial plans, budgets and property insurance contracts.

In 2020, the Finance and Budget Committee focused primarily on matters related to the Company’s and the Group’s budgets, as well as financial matters related to the Company’s operations. Matters within the remit of the Finance and Budget Committee were discussed during the Committee’s meetings and Supervisory Board meetings using means of remote communication. The Committee also held consultations in the form of conference calls. All members of the Committee were involved in its work, attending meetings and conference calls.
Policy and procedure for appointment of the auditor of financial statements of the KRUK Group, and Policy for the provision of non-audit services by an auditing firm.

The Company operates policies and procedures outlined in the following documents: Policy for appointment of the auditor of financial statements of the KRUK Group, Procedure for appointment of the auditor of financial statements of the KRUK Group, and Policy and procedure for procurement of non-audit services, governing the provision of permitted non-audit services by an auditing firm carrying out the audit, entities related to the auditing firm and a member of the auditing firm’s network.

All these documents were drafted with the support of Audit Committee members and adopted by way of Management Board resolutions, following their approval by the Supervisory Board.

Key points of the Policy for appointment of the auditor of financial statements of the KRUK Group:

1. The auditor of the financial statements is selected by the Supervisory Board acting upon recommendations from the Audit Committee. Appointment of an auditor by the Group companies also requires approval from the Audit Committee.
2. The selection process is independent and does not exclude any qualified auditors and auditing firms qualified to audit financial statements from participating in the tender procedure.
3. Evaluation criteria for audit proposals are to be transparent, and the scope of information about each company covered by a request for proposals must be sufficient to reliably assess the amount of work required to be performed by the firm of auditors.
4. The following must be taken into account by the Audit Committee and the Supervisory Board when, respectively, preparing recommendations for the Supervisory Board and selecting an auditor:
   - the Auditor’s fulfilment of the independence criteria with respect to all Group members whose financial statements are to be audited and reviewed
   - the ability to provide a full range of services (statutory audit, review of the consolidation package and review of the financial statements of Group companies in Poland and abroad)
   - the ability to perform the audit on the dates specified by the Parent
   - experience in the auditing of international groups (experience in partnering with foreign auditors)
   - experience in the auditing of securitisation funds
   - experience in the auditing of public-interest entities
   - experience in the auditing of companies operating in the same industry as the KRUK Group
   - professional qualifications and experience of the auditor and other persons directly involved in the audit
   - the price proposed for the audit
   - reputation of the entity qualified to perform the audit
5. The auditor is selected for a period not shorter than two years and not longer than ten years, provided that the uninterrupted audit engagement may not be longer than five years. The term of the first agreement with the auditor is no less than two years, with an option to extend it for another period of at least two years. Upon expiry of the maximum period of cooperation, neither the auditor nor any member of its network may engage in the auditing of the financial statements for another four years. In special circumstances, if a KRUK Group company is unable to change its auditor, the Audit Committee may, despite the expiry of the maximum period of cooperation, give its consent to extending the period of cooperation with the existing auditor. Cooperation with the newly appointed auditing firm begins
with a review of the interim financial statements and ends with the issuance of an audit opinion on the full-year financial statements.

The key assumption underlying the Policy for procurement of non-audit services from the auditor is to ensure that the independence of the Group’s auditor is not affected by any actual or potential conflict of interest, business relationship or any other direct or indirect relationship between the Group companies and the auditing firm, audit team members and members of the auditing firm’s network. The KRUK Group does not engage the Group’s auditor in the procurement of non-audit services if there is a risk of self-control, self-interest, promotion of a Group company’s interests, familiarity or intimidation caused by a financial, personal, business, employment or other relationship between a Group member and the auditor, the auditing firm or a member of the auditing firm’s network, as a result of which an objective, reasonable and informed third party would conclude that the auditor’s or auditing firm’s independence is compromised.

The Policy contains a list of permitted non-audit services that may be performed by the existing auditor, as well as a list of prohibited services.

Once the Audit Committee’s approval has been received, the KRUK Group may cooperate with the auditor in the provision of other services, listed below, to the extent not related to the Company’s tax policy:

- services performed in connection with the prospectus of an audited entity, carried out in accordance with the national standard for related services and consisting in carrying out agreed procedures:
  - conducting due diligence procedures with respect to the entity’s economic and financial standing;
  - issuing comfort letters;
- assurance services with regard to pro forma financial information, profit forecasts or estimates, included in the prospectus of the audited entity;
- audit of historical financial information to be included in the prospectus, as referred to in Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 of 29 April 2004 implementing Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards information contained in prospectuses as well as the format, incorporation by reference and publication of such prospectuses and dissemination of advertisements;
- verification of consolidation packages;
- confirmation of compliance with covenants under credit facility agreements based on the analysis of financial information sourced from the financial statements audited by the auditing firm;
- assurance services with regard to reporting on corporate governance, risk management and corporate social responsibility;
- services consisting in the assessment of compliance of information disclosed by financial institutions and investment firms with the disclosure requirements concerning capital adequacy and variable remuneration components;
- assurance concerning financial statements or other financial information for regulatory authorities, the supervisory board or other supervisory body of the company or its owners, going beyond the scope of a statutory audit and designed to assist those authorities and bodies in fulfilling their statutory duties.

The following circumstances are taken by the Audit Committee into account when approving non-audit services:

- the Committee considers whether these services have a material effect on the audited financial statements;
• it ensures that the estimation of the effect on the audited financial statements is documented; and
• it considers whether the services do not affect the auditor’s independence.

In connection with non-audit services provided by the auditor, the Audit Committee assessed the independence of the auditing firm and approved the provision of those services. In line with the above Policy, in 2020 non-audit services provided by the auditor and approved by the Audit Committee related to:

• verification of consolidation packages;
• confirmation of the correctness of calculated ratios and the valuation of Maltese assets for the purposes of a syndicated credit facility agreement,
• confirmation of the correctness of the database operated by ERIF BIG S.A., a subsidiary.

Information on the remuneration of the statutory auditor or the entity authorized to audit financial statements is presented in Note 32 to the financial statements.

Appointment of the auditor

On February 3rd 2020, by Resolution No. 2/2020, the Company’s Supervisory Board, acting upon the Audit Committee’s recommendation, appointed KPMG Audyt Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością spółka komandytowa of Warsaw, entered in the list of qualified auditors of financial statements under Reg. No. 3546, as the auditor to audit the separate financial statements of KRUK S.A. and the consolidated financial statements of the KRUK Group for the financial years 2020–2021.

In the process of selecting the auditor to audit the financial statements for the financial years 2020–2021, the Audit Committee and the Company complied with the regulations, and the Audit Committee’s recommendation concerning the appointment of an auditing firm was prepared based on the Company’s selection procedure consistent with the applicable criteria.

5.7.5 General Meeting

Rules governing the convening and the operation of the General Meeting as well as its powers are set out in the Commercial Companies Code and in the Company’s Articles of Association.

The General Meeting may be held as an annual or extraordinary meeting. The Annual General Meeting is each time convened by the Company’s Management Board within six months after the end of each financial year, and its agenda includes:

• Consideration and approval of the Directors’ s report on the Company's operations and financial statements for the previous financial year;
• Adopting a resolution on the distribution of profit or coverage of loss;
• Granting discharge to the members of the Company’s governing bodies in respect of performance of their duties.

An Extraordinary General Meeting is convened by the Management Board on its own initiative or at the request of shareholders representing at least a half of the share capital or a half of total voting rights in the Company, by the Supervisory Board if it considers it appropriate, or by shareholders authorised by the registry court pursuant to Art. 400.3 of the Commercial Companies Code.

Shareholders representing at least one-twentieth of the share capital may request that an Extraordinary General Meeting be convened and that certain matters be placed on its agenda. The request should be submitted to the Management Board in writing or in electronic form. The Extraordinary General Meeting should be convened within two weeks of the Management Board’s receipt of the request.
A shareholder or shareholders representing at least one-twentieth of the share capital may request that certain matters be placed on the agenda of the next General Meeting. The request should be submitted to the Management Board no later than twenty one days before the set date of the meeting.

A shareholder or shareholders representing at least one-twentieth of the share capital may, before the date of the General Meeting, submit to the Company draft resolutions regarding matters included or intended to be included on the agenda of the General Meeting. During the General Meeting each shareholder may submit draft resolutions regarding matters placed on the agenda.

The General Meeting is convened by posting the GM notice on the Company’s website and in the manner specified for publishing current information in accordance with the Act of July 29th 2005 on Public Offering, Conditions Governing the Introduction of Financial Instruments to Organised Trading, and Public Companies. The notice should be published at least 26 days before the date of the General Meeting.

Each share confers the right to one vote at the General Meeting. The General Meeting is valid regardless of the number of shares represented at the Meeting, unless the provisions of the Commercial Companies Code provide otherwise.

Resolutions of the General Meeting are adopted by an absolute majority of votes unless applicable laws or the Articles of Association provide otherwise.

The powers and responsibilities of the General Meeting shall include:

- Consideration and approval of the Directors’ s report on the Company's operations and financial statements for the previous financial year;
- Distribution of profit or coverage of loss;
- Granting discharge to members of the Management and Supervisory Boards in respect of their duties;
- Decisions concerning claims for redress of damage caused upon formation of the Company or when managing or supervising the Company;
- Sale or lease of, or creation of limited property rights in, the Company’s business or of its organised part;
- Amendments to the Company's Articles of Association;
- Increase or reduction of the share capital;
- Merger, transformation and demerger of the Company;
- Dissolving the Company and opening liquidation proceedings with respect to the Company;
- Adopting the Rules of Procedure for the General Meeting and for the Supervisory Board;
- Consideration and resolution of proposals put forward by the Supervisory Board;
- Other matters reserved for the General Meeting under the Articles of Association or applicable laws.

The validity of resolutions of the General Meeting regarding a significant change in the Company's business profile does not require that the shares held by shareholders who oppose such change be bought back if such resolutions are adopted by the majority of two thirds of votes in the presence of persons representing at least a half of the share capital.

In addition to the matters provided for in Art. 395.2 of the Commercial Companies Code, the Annual General Meeting held at the Company’s registered office on August 31st 2020 discussed amendments to the Company’s 2015–2019 Management Stock Option Plan (for details, see the “Incentive Scheme” Section). Moreover, acting pursuant to Art. 90d.1 of the Act on Public Offering and Conditions Governing the Introduction of Financial
Instruments to Organised Trading and on Public Companies, the General Meeting adopted the Remuneration Policy for Management Board and Supervisory Board Members of KRUK S.A.

When making a decision to allocate the profit earned by the Company in 2019, the General Meeting passed a resolution on allocating the Company’s net profit and authorising the Management Board to buy back the Company’s own shares for cancellation, and creating a capital reserve to fund the share buyback (for details, see the “Treasury Shares” Section).

5.7.6 Rules governing amendments to the Company's Articles of Association
The rules governing the introduction of amendments to the Company's Articles of Association are stipulated in the Commercial Companies Code. Pursuant to Art. 430 of the Code, any amendment to the Company's Articles of Association requires a relevant resolution by the General Meeting and must be entered in the relevant court register. In accordance with Art. 415 of the Commercial Companies Code, a resolution by the General Meeting concerning amendments to the Company's Articles of Association requires a majority of three quarters of votes.

The Company's Articles of Association do not include any provisions relating to their amendment which would stipulate in this respect any other rules than those defined in the Commercial Companies Code.

5.8 Key features of internal control and risk management systems used in the process of preparation of financial statements and consolidated financial statements
The Company has in place a suitable and effective internal control system, which ensures safe operations in compliance with applicable laws, adopted strategy and internal procedures.

The internal control system is comprised of:

- Operational risk management system
- Investment and credit risk management system
- Compliance system (oversight of compliance with applicable laws and regulations)
- Information security system
- Internal audit system

The internal control system is designed to support decision-making processes by ensuring operational efficiency, reliability of financial reporting, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations as well as internal policies.

5.9 Diversity policy
The Company and the Group have in place a Diversity Policy document, adopted by a resolution of the Company’s Management Board on December 8th 2015. The aim of the adopted diversity Policy is to support a diverse, multi-cultural workplace by ensuring equal access to the organisation, guaranteeing equal opportunities for promotion and professional development for each employee regardless of their gender, age, disability, health condition, race, nationality, religion, beliefs, sexual orientation, family status, lifestyle or any other criterion that could cause an individual to be treated less favourably than others. The KRUK Group is a signatory to the Diversity Charter and implements its principles regarding diversity management and equal
treatment within the organisation. Under the Policy, each employee is obliged to respect other employees’ right to privacy, must not interfere with their personal affairs, and must accept any existing differences.

5.10 Material litigation, arbitration or administrative proceedings
No material court, arbitration or administrative proceedings are pending against KRUK S.A or its subsidiaries in relation to their liabilities or claims.
6 Non-financial information

KRUK Group’s non-financial statement for 2020

The non-financial information for 2020 has been presented in the form of a statement and compiled in accordance with the international CSR and sustainability reporting standard, GRI Standards (GRI) core option, plus selected additional disclosures. In previous years, such information was presented based on the previously developed GRI-G4 guidelines, which were replaced with the GRI Standards. Nevertheless, the presented information can be referred to the non-financial information included in the statements issued in previous years.

The annual non-financial statement includes data concerning KRUK S.A. for the period January 1st–December 31st 2020, and is an integral part of the Directors’ Report on the operations of the KRUK Group in 2020.

KRUK has issued its non-financial statement on an annual basis since 2017. The 2019 non-financial information was issued together with KRUK’s 2019 annual report on March 5th 2020.

Contact person for matters relating to the report:

- Agnieszka Salach, PR Manager, press officer, email: agnieszka.salach@kruksa.pl;
- Karol Płotek, analyst at the Corporate Supervision Department, email: karol.plotek@kruksa.pl

KRUK S.A. did not seek external assurance of the non-financial information presented in this non-financial statement.

Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainable Development at the KRUK Group

Material aspects and indicators were again identified during the most recent validation workshop with the KRUK S.A. Management Board. They demonstrate the Company’s commitment to the three core areas of responsibility, i.e: economic, social (including responsibility for building a friendly workplace for employees, ensuring ethical, long-term cooperation with business partners, support for clients and local communities) and environmental. The selected aspects and indicators presented in this report address those areas.

Corporate Social Responsibility at the KRUK Group

All CSR activities are implemented in keeping with KRUK S.A.’s corporate governance rules. The following table shows the three pillars of our CSR and sustainability initiatives.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Our responsibility</th>
<th>Why is this important to us?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Economic responsibility</td>
<td>Our goal is to support the economy by helping restore financial liquidity on the market. We wish to present to consumers, in an accurate and open manner, the problem of debt, which we recover in accordance with the applicable laws and our best practices, and with respect for our clients. The Group is also involved in cooperation with organisations and associations that voice the opinions of business and are committed to sustainable and ethical economic growth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social responsibility</td>
<td>Workplace and employees The foundation of every business, including the KRUK Group, are its employees, Which is why we care about their development, while respecting their rights and values. We respect social diversity in the workplace and adhere to the Declaration of Human Rights. Partnership, cooperation and freedom of expression are among the key hallmarks of our organisation. They also define our corporate culture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental responsibility</td>
<td>Local communities Ethics and compliance with legal rules and social norms underpin our activities, which we address in particular to our clients (indebted persons) and the general public. The social norm requiring that liabilities incurred must be settled is among the most important elements of our business strategy. In the long run, the costs of defaulted debt are borne by all consumers. Hence our numerous educational initiatives targeted both at indebted people and members of the public, designed to bring home to them the sometimes complicated parts of the debt collection process. They are also intended to make our clients aware of their liability for debts and the consequences of being in default with payment. We are also involved in social development, supporting local initiatives and charity drives, because we believe that such actions help face up to the emerging civilisation challenges that concern us all.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental responsibility</td>
<td>Although our business consists in providing services, we make sure to protect the environment and act in line with the zero-waste principles. In addition, with the help of our financial education initiatives, we seek to raise public awareness of excessive consumerism and show that curbing it can produce a positive impact both on the environment and personal finances.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the areas of responsibility listed above, KRUK S.A.’s CSR activities also support the implementation of the following Sustainable Development Goals:

- SDG 3 ‘Good health and well-being’ – for instance by promoting physical and mental health among employees and their families, promoting physical activity among employees, offering clients support from the Psychological Support Centre.
- SDG 4 ‘Quality education’ – we run educational projects for our clients and the general public, we engage in NGOs’ educational projects for children and teenagers related to managing the household budget, and educational initiatives to show the impact of excessive consumerism on environmental protection.
- SDG 5 ‘Gender equality’ – we are a signatory of the Diversity Charter, we improve our solutions to encourage equal treatment and diversity in the workplace, e.g. we make sure there is no gender gap in salaries and wages.
- SDG 8 ‘Decent work and economic growth’ – we respect employee rights, promote a safe working environment, strive to increase the efficiency of using natural resources in business and to achieve higher economic productivity through diversification, technological modernisation and launching innovative solutions.
- SDG 11 ‘Sustainable cities and communities’ – we engage in community outreach initiatives and charity drives.
- SDG 12 ‘Responsible consumption and production’ – we run educational projects to explain the indirect impacts people and consumerism have on climate change mitigation and adaptation.
• SDG 17 ‘Partnerships for the goals’ – we take steps to integrate and bring together people from diverse backgrounds to work towards effective implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals, including through our membership of various organisations and associations.

Material aspects

For the purpose of presenting the non-financial information, during internal meetings with the Management Board and KRUK S.A. managers, and based on information collected through dialogue with its stakeholders, KRUK S.A. selected key aspects of the three areas of corporate social responsibility referred to above.

Material aspects of the three CSR pillars:

1. Economic responsibility:
   • Economic performance
   • Market presence
   • Indirect economic impacts
   • Procurement practices

2. Social responsibility:
   • Employment
   • Occupational health and safety
   • Training and education
• Diversity and equal opportunities
• Non-discrimination
• Human rights grievance mechanisms
• Anti-corruption
• Compliance with regulations
• Product and service labelling
• Marketing communications
• Compliance with regulations concerning marketing communications

3. Environmental responsibility:
• Materials
• Energy consumption
• Emissions

KRUK S.A. values in the context of identified areas of responsibility

When selecting individual areas of responsibility as well as material aspects and indicators, the key role was played by the mission, vision and values that guide KRUK S.A. in its day-to-day operations.

As the world around us keeps changing, we actively participate in those changes and take into account new factors and trends. This allows us to develop as a business. Therefore, in 2020 the Management Board reviewed the mission, vision and values applicable throughout the Group, including at KRUK S.A. The values are: respect, cooperation, accountability, development and simplicity.

RESPECT
Mutual respect is the foundation of our business.
We treat everyone as we would like to be treated.

COOPERATION
Together we achieve more. We build partner relationships based on transparent rules. We call things by their name.

RESPONSIBILITY
Everyone is accountable for one’s decisions, actions or negligence and their consequences.

DEVELOPMENT
We constantly grow. Our inner need to progress goes on under any circumstances, even when we achieve success.

SIMPLICITY
Simple is beautiful. We simplify our processes and eliminate waste.
Done is better than perfect.

The rules, instructions and procedures of conduct are accessible to each Company employee via our IT systems. In addition, out of respect for those values, the Compliance Area has, since 2016, supported all departments and teams at the Company in interpreting the law and implementing changes into KRUK S.A.’s processes or
services so they comply with the principles of ethics and legal regulations. Since 2018, the Compliance Committee has been responsible for comprehensive risk assessment of new products and processes or changes to existing ones.

The organisational culture across the Company is robust and clearly defined, and elicits strong identification with the organisation. It is shared by all employees regardless of the position held or country of operation.

The current organisation culture at KRUK S.A. is expressed mainly through:

- **PARTNERSHIP**
  (small power distance)
- **COOPERATION**
  (formerly: femininity)
- **FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION**
  (little formalism)

In practice, this means that our employees:

- are able to build partnership-based relations regardless of their job title or position at the company, which creates room for open discussions, trust and efficient cooperation between them;
- like cooperating and supporting one another: team’s result is as important as individual success;
- value friendly working atmosphere;
- respect the emotions and opinions of others – they allow free expression of emotions and opinions, approach them with understanding, and foster interpersonal relations.

All this also supports building social responsibility areas not only at KRUK S.A., but also across the KRUK Group. These values are adhered to by all KRUK Group companies.

**Material stakeholders**

KRUK S.A.’s stakeholders include:

- internal stakeholders, i.e.:
  - the Company’s employees, including management staff and the Management Board;
- external stakeholders, i.e.:
  - clients (i.e. indebted persons),
  - SMEs (indebted companies),
  - business partners (large corporations and institutions providing services to mass-market clients, such as banks, loan providers, insurance companies, leasing and factoring companies, telecoms),
  - regulators,
  - industry associations,

---

1 Cultural dimensions according to Geert Hofstede
NGOs,
− shareholders,
− suppliers,
− competitors,
− financial institutions,
− social organisations,
− market regulators,
− the media. [102-40]

The materiality of stakeholder groups was verified based on:

− internal analysis of the groups and communities where KRUK S.A. departments and divisions operate,
− public surveys conducted at least once a year,
− individual client satisfaction surveys carried out on an ongoing basis,
− trading partner satisfaction surveys carried out once a year. [103-1]

Key stakeholders in the KRUK Group dialogue

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stakeholder</th>
<th>Form of dialogue</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Regulators and industry associations</td>
<td>Participation in issuing opinions on new regulations and acts of law (in working groups appointed when and as needed).</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Competitors</td>
<td>Participation in discussions on how to improve the image of the entire debt management industry in Poland (in a working group set up by the Association of Financial Companies in Poland); Participation in industry conferences.</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-profit organisations</td>
<td>Participation in financial education events and various charitable and philanthropic initiatives.</td>
<td>As needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General public</td>
<td>Public surveys regarding financial literacy, budget planning, financial behaviour, attitudes to debt and saving, knowledge of financial matters. Workshops and training Press materials, awareness campaigns in the press, internet, radio and TV.</td>
<td>At least once a year As needed As planned in communication and marketing strategies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business partners</td>
<td>Business partner satisfaction surveys</td>
<td>Once a year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clients/consumers – indebted persons</td>
<td>Client satisfaction surveys e-kruk.pl platform Face-to-face and telephone conversations with KRUK advisors, and consultations through chat bots.</td>
<td>Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppliers</td>
<td>Face-to-face meetings, phone calls, e-mails</td>
<td>As needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical staff</td>
<td>Directly or through firms providing aid and support to medical staff fighting the pandemic.</td>
<td>Meant as one-time support during the pandemic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employees</td>
<td>Employee Suggestion Scheme for Company employees to propose their ideas, e.g. for making improvements in the workplace</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Employee Forum, with the members elected by Company employees in a secret ballot from among proposed candidates. Four meetings in calendar year

Employee surveys, including surveys on employee well-being and satisfaction with remote work during the COVID-19 pandemic. As needed – at least once a month during the pandemic.

Internal communication, including in-house competitions, invitation to various employee initiatives. Communication building environmental awareness. As needed

Whistleblowing, i.e. the procedure of reporting irregularities using an anonymous form available on the Company’s website: [https://en.kruk.eu/report-abuse](https://en.kruk.eu/report-abuse).
Whistleblowing to the Consultation and Mediation Team. As needed

In-house events for employees. At least once a year

Employee Support Programme for persons who need psychological support while respecting the principle of full confidentiality. As needed by employee

Direct meetings with Company management staff. As needed

Company Social Benefits Fund, the purpose of which is, inter alia, to help employees in difficult situations while maintaining full confidentiality. As needed

Source: Company

[102-42] [102-43] [102-44]

**THE KRUK GROUP’S ECONOMIC RESPONSIBILITY**

The Company’s economic responsibility involves efforts to support the country’s economy by recovering cash and reintroducing it into the economic system. On the one hand, indebted clients are offered an option to repay their debts in instalments and thus get ‘back to business’ without financial burdens. On the other hand, the Group helps institutions and companies to enhance their liquidity and minimise payment bottlenecks.

The Company’s economic responsibility also manifests itself through initiatives that play a significant role in building financial awareness and payment morality within the society at large.

KRUK S.A.’s business is heavily influenced by the regulatory and legal environment. That is why KRUK S.A. is an active member of industry associations which represent the business community, including interests of the financial sector, vis-à-vis legislators, the administration and the public both in Poland, to ensure balanced growth of its business.

KRUK S.A. supports sustainable economic growth in keeping with the law, ethical standards, and social norms, which call for repayment of one’s financial liabilities invoking the principle of payment morality.

**Ethics at the KRUK Group**

KRUK S.A. places great emphasis on acting in accordance with applicable laws and social standards. Therefore, the code of ethics applicable at the Company is based on Best Practices of the Association of Financial Companies in Poland. KRUK S.A. undergoes an annual ethics audit carried out by the Association of Financial Companies in Poland (ZPF). The certificate confirming that KRUK S.A. successfully passed the ethics audit is
issued by ZPF for the previous calendar year at the end of the first quarter of the current year. In 2020, KRUK S.A. obtained another certificate of compliance with ethical standards and principles, for 2019.

The consolidated text of Best Practices of the Association of Financial Companies in Poland is published, inter alia, on the website of KRUK S.A. and is available at:


In 2020, KRUK S.A. successfully completed a verification process to check the Company’s ethical practices in the ‘Ethical Company’ contest organised by the Puls Biznesu daily and PwC Legal Żelaźnicki sp.k. Thus, in 2020 KRUK S.A. was awarded the ‘Ethical Company 2019’ title for the third year running and joined the prestigious group of ‘Super Ethical Companies’. The Company may use that title for three consecutive years. Companies taking part in the ‘Ethical Company’ competition must satisfy very strict criteria for ethical conduct both vis-à-vis their clients as well as their employees and business partners.

At KRUK S.A., the code of ethics is also based on social norms as well as internal regulations, instructions and procedures, which are derived inter alia from the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, meant to protect human dignity and to ensure fair treatment of every person regardless of their sex, language, race, religion, political views or nationality. The principles of ethics underlie both interactions between the Company employees and their relationships with clients, business partners, suppliers, shareholders and other stakeholders.

All those principles and regulations are binding on each of Company employee, regardless of their type of employment and position, and are communicated to each employee during induction and on-the-job training, also via the e-learning platform.

We care about core values and ethics

At KRUK S.A., we respect ethical values and principles. In keeping with the Company’s vision, we always stick to our values whatever we do. The Compliance Area supports all departments and teams across the Company in interpreting the law and implementing changes in processes or services so that they comply with the principles of ethics and legal regulations. KRUK S.A. also has a Risk Monitoring Committee in place, which supports the Management Board and Supervisory Board (Audit Committee) in ensuring a robust risk management process.

The following internal documents govern adherence to the KRUK S.A.’s core values and principles of ethics and ensure compliance:

- Compliance Risk Management Policy – effective as of 2019, defines the key rules for analysing, assessing, testing, mitigating and monitoring the compliance risk at KRUK S.A. It also defines the scope of powers and responsibilities of the companies’ organisational units in relation to the Compliance Area. Instructions issued under the Compliance Risk Management Policy are its implementing regulations.
- Risk Management System Policy – effective as of February 2021, it sets out the rules and scope of responsibilities for non-financial risks management. The policy addresses the processes under which operational risks are managed, the organisational units forming the second line of defence, and the internal audit unit. The policy is applied as part of risk management to enhance security of the Group’s operations.
- Internal Mediation Policy, which fosters positive relations between employees, prevents conflicts, workplace bullying and discrimination. Each employee may submit a request to the Consultation and Mediation Team to initiate proceedings in his or her case. The Group may also act on its own initiative. The policy version applied in 2020 was the Internal Mediation Policy as amended in 2018, which
extended the protection for employees also in the area of discriminatory behaviour, including harassment and sexual harassment.

- **Rules of Procedure of the Compliance Committee** – govern the operation of the collective body responsible for providing collective risk opinions on any significant changes or new products or processes. The Compliance Committee operated until November 30th 2020, and the document was then replaced by the Rules of Procedure of the Risk Monitoring Committee.

- **Rules of Procedure of the Risk Monitoring Committee** – operating as of December 1st 2020, the Risk Monitoring Committee is a collective body whose primary role is to provide opinions in order to monitor the level of financial and non-financial risks in the Company’s operations, aimed at mitigating or removing the consequences of any materialised risks and incidents, and also to support the Management Board and Supervisory Board (Audit Committee) in ensuring a robust risk management process.

- **Compliance Recommendations Manual** – governs the issuing of compliance and business practice recommendations by the Compliance Area for the KRUK Group’s organisational units.

- **Regulatory Inspections and Criminal Proceedings Manual** – governs the conduct of KRUK S.A.’s employees in case of inspections by regulatory bodies (Office of Competition and Consumer Protection, Polish Financial Supervision Authority, Personal Data Protection Office), assigning specific powers to the company’s authorised representatives and defining tasks for individual employees to ensure that inspections are carried out smoothly and in accordance with law.

- **Management of Changes in Law and Regulatory Guidelines Manual** – describes the process of monitoring, announcing and implementing changes in law, regulatory pronouncements, official interpretative rulings and the resulting amendments to rules and regulations by the Compliance Area.

- **Compliance Monitoring Manual** – introduced in 2019, it governs the monitoring and testing of compliance of KRUK S.A.’s processes with law, regulatory guidelines and official interpretative rulings. Based on the Manual, inspections of the processes or their components have been carried out since 2019, as per the annual audit plan.

- **Conflicts of Interest Management Policy** – describes the rules of disclosure of conflicts of interest identified at the Company, as well as appropriate measures to protect the Company against their potential consequences. The Company’s employees and members of its statutory bodies are obliged to report any conflicts of interest. In this context, the Compliance Area performs an administrative function (registering the reported conflicts of interest) and plays an advisory role (providing guidance on how to manage the disclosed conflicts of interest).

- **The Conflicts of Interest Management Policy includes the Gift Policy**, which governs the acceptance and reporting of gifts by the Company employees and members of its statutory bodies. The Policy also sets the limits for accepting personal gains or offering such gains to a third party.

- **Compliance Risk Maps Manual** – issued in 2020 and effective since then, it helps Company employees understand compliance risk mapping and the risk controls embedded in the processes they own or are involved in.

2020 saw a number of regulatory changes, many of them related to the unprecedented situation caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. The most significant ones are discussed in more detail in Section 2.2.5 of the Directors’ Report on the operations of KRUK S.A. The Compliance Area monitors changes in law, regulatory pronouncements, and court rulings on an ongoing basis, while consulting the implementation of resulting changes into the Company’s processes and products.
In addition, KRUK S.A. has kept an eye on the activities of both general and sector-specific regulators of the financial services market, as described in more detail in Section 2.2 of the Directors’ Report on the KRUK Group’s operations.

As a company listed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange, KRUK S.A. also complies with the Code of Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies. [102-13]

Economic performance

KRUK S.A.’s economic performance for 2019–2020 (PLNm)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>159</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating expenses</td>
<td>-235</td>
<td>-213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salaries, wages and employee benefits</td>
<td>-149</td>
<td>-138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payments to providers of capital*</td>
<td>-177</td>
<td>-143</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payments to government</td>
<td>-25</td>
<td>-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community investments**</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economic value retained</td>
<td>-261</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: the KRUK Group

* Instead of dividend payment in 2020, KRUK’s shareholders opted for a share buyback of 271 thousand shares at the price of PLN350 per share.

**Starting from 2021, the Company plans to publish more detailed disclosures on its community investments.

[201-1]

Market presence

KRUK S.A. operates on the Polish market. The Company’s services and products are tailored to the laws and regulations applicable on the Polish market. The vast majority of the Company’s employees are Polish citizens.

Indirect economic impacts

The indirect economic impact of the Company comprises several aspects discussed below.

Membership of organisations and associations

KRUK S.A., as the Group’s parent, is a member of a number of associations (including the Association of Financial Companies in Poland and the ‘Lewiatan’ Polish Confederation of Private Employers) and therefore actively participates in consulting new regulations and acts of law which have bearing on, among other things, development of the debt management business or protection of consumer rights. It also supports the efforts of these institutions to propagate the principles of ethics and raise social awareness in that area.

In addition, the involvement of independent experts from these organisations and their influence on public awareness and education contributes to building a positive image of the Company’s business sectors, highlighting the important role played by debt management companies in the economy.

KRUK S.A. is also a member of the following organisations:

- PKPP Lewiatan
- Association of Financial Companies in Poland (ZPF)
- Polish Association of Listed Companies
- United Nations Global Compact (KRUK S.A.)
KRUK as employer

In Poland, KRUK S.A. creates jobs in Wrocław, Szczawno-Zdrój, Piła, but it also has field advisors operating across Poland. As at the end of 2020, the KRUK Group’s total headcount was 1,365. As a business operator, the Company contributes to the state budget all obligatory and legal charges, including taxes.

Employer branding

Employees are at the core of KRUK S.A. operations. Our personnel includes specialists in the fields of debt management, IT, data analytics, finance, debt portfolio valuation, or high-volume portfolio management, in addition to numerous other experts and managers.

 Amid the persisting COVID-19 pandemic:

- Recruitment was kept to a minimum, with a focus mainly on key vacancies filled to ensure business continuity;
- From March 2020, most of our recruitment processes were held online, including meetings with candidates, knowledge tests, as well as Assessment / Development Center sessions (a hybrid approach was applied to minimise face-to-face contact);
- We strengthened our social media presence to promote KRUK as an attractive employer (in particular on Facebook and LinkedIn).

We help restore the financial liquidity of enterprises

At KRUK S.A., we make indebted people aware of their liability for incurred debt and of the consequences of default. Repayment of debt in instalments or through enforcement offers them a chance to regain unrestricted access to products and services offered on the market. On the other hand, the Company assists companies and institutions in maintaining and managing their financial liquidity. Therefore, the Company’s strategy contributes – both directly and indirectly – to injecting cash back into the economy, thus supporting economic growth and sustainable development.

Accessibility of services and products

KRUK takes care of the quality of its services and standards of client service. Therefore, the standards are continually enhanced as part of our CSR efforts, based on client satisfaction surveys, public opinion research, as well as market needs and trends.

We know from experience how difficult it is to understand and interpret legal regulations or correspondence written in specialist language. This is why, in order to enable our clients to better understand our letters, several years ago we started writing our correspondence in simple language to make sure that every person, regardless of their educational background or age, is able to understand it.

In order to facilitate contact with clients, the Company has implemented modern online solutions to give indebted persons easier access to information about their case and to manage their debt on the e-KRUK platform on their own.

In 2020, digital solutions played a key role in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, making it possible for every client to manage their debts online, using a free account, without having to leave home. This has clearly demonstrated the importance of expanding the range of communication channels and remote methods of contact with our clients, not only by email and telephone, but also through IT systems, chatbots and other modern technologies safe for our clients and secure for their data.
During the first months of the pandemic, KRUK also ran the #zostanwdomu (#stayathome) information campaign addressed mainly to senior citizens. The aim was to show them an option to contact the Company remotely.

In 2020, we noticed a strong increase as regards clients’ interest in and use of digital forms of contact with KRUK.

In November 2020, in order to further enhance our services, KRUK S.A. introduced biometric signatures, allowing the Company’s field advisors to enter into settlement agreements and annexes with no need for the clients to sign them in paper form.

With such digital solutions in place, we adhere to all the pandemic-related sanitary recommendations limiting direct contact with clients. At the same time, such tools offer a number of advantages, such as:

- Improved comfort of work for our field advisors
- Optimised client service time
- Benefits for the environment
- Financial savings
- Lower risk of documents getting lost

**Commitment to the local community**

KRUK S.A. is willing to take part in or independently undertake activities which have an impact on society. Among the objectives of such activities are:

- improvement of financial education of the public through initiatives, educational materials and media coverage concerning financial issues,
- raising awareness to support economic development and helping indebted persons to return to a life without the burden of overdue debt,
- education on excessive consumption and its impact on the environment and also on the household budget,
- helping those most in need to improve their health condition.

The areas of the Company’s involvement in sponsorship activities are defined in detail in the KRUK Group’s Charitable Sponsorship Policy, which is also applicable at the Company. The policy was updated in 2020.

For more information about the KRUK Group’s community involvement activities and Charitable Sponsorship Policy, see the section of this statement entitled “Social Responsibility and Community Outreach”.

**KRUK’s business and the strength of its brand**

Brand trust plays a major role in working with clients, business partners, suppliers and other stakeholder groups. That is why efforts to build brand trust are very important.

The KRUK brand is the most recognisable brand among debt collection companies in Poland, as shown by a survey conducted in 2020 by the research institution Norstat among indebted persons in Poland. Prompted awareness of the KRUK brand, measured by name recognition, was 93% in Poland.
In 2020, in the category of best brands of debt collection companies, KRUK S.A. won the first place and was awarded the title of “Top Brand 2020” in the independent “Press Ranking”. This award confirms that we are one of the most media-savvy brands in Poland, thanks to our experts’ statements and appearances in various media.

**Regulatory security**

KRUK S.A. has in place a process for monitoring, announcement and implementation of changes in legislation, regulatory positions and case law. Application of this process significantly enhances the legal security of the organisation and contributes to the achievement of the internal control system’s objective, which is to ensure that the organisation operates in accordance with applicable laws, regulatory recommendations, internal regulations and market standards. The process is handled by the Compliance Area, which also gives its opinions on changes to the companies’ processes and products and monitors their implementation.

The Company had a Compliance Committee whose responsibilities included issuing an aggregate risk opinion for each significant product or process change or for a new product prior to its inception. To this end the Committee covers all key risk areas: legal, regulatory, tax, economic, corporate governance, information security, personal data security, operational, business continuity and image risks;

Since December 1st 2020, KRUK S.A. has had in place a Risk Monitoring Committee, which particular issues opinions on monitoring of the level of financial and non-financial risks in the Company’s operations, aimed at mitigating or removing the consequences of materialised risks and incidents, thus supporting the Management Board and Supervisory Board (Audit Committee) in ensuring an effective risk management process.

In order to manage the non-financial risks at KRUK S.A., a comprehensive risk map was also created in 2019. The map reflects the current level of specific risks, as well as safeguarding mechanisms. In 2020, the Compliance Area commenced an audit of processes and controls for the area of debt enforcement from unsecured debt portfolios. The audit will be continued in 2021.

In order to continuously raise compliance awareness among the Company’s employees and thus improve the Company’s legal security, training courses are delivered in areas that need them most.

**Supply chain and procurement procedures at KRUK S.A.**

As in the entire KRUK Group, also at KRUK S.A. we care about the quality of cooperation with suppliers, but we also work with those who, like the Company, acknowledge their business and social responsibility. This is why the Company has in place a Procurement Policy and a Procurement Policy Implementation Instruction, which define the rules applicable to the entire procurement process. The documents provide information on such matters as how to choose the best suppliers or maintain the best price/quality relationship for purchased goods and services.

The principles that guide KRUK S.A.’s procurement procedures are as follows:

- maintaining business confidentiality,
- cooperative attitude and clear communication,
- preventing any forms of corruption,
- equal treatment,
- avoiding conflicts of interest.

Additional regulations that apply during the procurement process are also laid down in the Misconduct Prevention Policy, the Conflicts of Interest Management Policy and the Gift Policy. Suppliers participating in our
procurement processes held in Poland are made familiar with the Standards of Ethical Conduct for Suppliers in Relations with Employees of the KRUK Group companies. The Standards define our values and apply to all existing and prospective suppliers. They must also be observed in relations with employees.

In procurement procedures where the transaction value exceeds PLN 100 thousand, each supplier is obliged to complete a CSR survey. Based on the survey, suppliers are evaluated in terms of their environmental, social and economic ethics. In this way we verify whether our key suppliers comply with ethical principles and standards. The survey contains questions about the supplier’s best CSR practices with respect to:

- local communities,
- employees and the workplace,
- market and customers,
- natural environment.

In 2020, KRUK S.A. conducted 155 procurement procedures, of which:

- as many as 18 were put on hold due to the rapidly changing environment as well as the spread of the coronavirus pandemic – we discontinued the supplier selection and procurement process,
- 137 of the procedures resulted in the selection of a supplier and conclusion of a contract.

In 2020, the CSR survey was completed by 81% of the suppliers. To compare, in 2019 the CSR survey was completed by 65% of all suppliers taking part in the procurement processes.

In the CSR survey, suppliers responded, among others, that they:

- engage in dialogue with the local communities and in charitable activities, organise internship programmes;
- employ staff in a transparent manner and in compliance with applicable laws, take care of their health and safety, respect their dignity, engage in dialogue with the employees, are open to their initiatives, and present them with training and educational opportunities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total number of suppliers</th>
<th>Percentage share of foreign suppliers in local market</th>
<th>Total number of suppliers</th>
<th>Percentage share of foreign suppliers in local market</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK S.A.</td>
<td>1,145</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>219</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

KRUK S.A. places orders primarily with domestic and local suppliers. They account for 94% of all suppliers the Company cooperates with in Poland.

2020 saw a decline in the total number of suppliers due to, among other things, the pandemic situation – COVID-19 not only led to a significant shortening of the supply chains, but also to a reduction in the number of orders for goods and services in some procurement categories as a result of the movement restrictions and security measures introduced, e.g. due to curtailment of business travel, external training and conferences.

**KRUK S.A. procurement process chart**

The steps taken when establishing cooperation with external suppliers of services and goods at KRUK S.A. are as follows:
• the supplier of goods or services is selected in a procurement procedure based on pre-defined specifications, criteria and necessary requirements, a request for proposals, comparison and evaluation of bids, negotiations, selection of the best bid and qualification of the recommended supplier,
• the purchase order is approved in keeping with the approval processes for expenditure provided for in the budget,
• a contract or order is signed,
• the contract is performed or the order is sent to the supplier,
• the delivery is received,
• the invoice in received,
• payment is approved,
• payment is made,
• an annual assessment of our key suppliers is made.

Our suppliers are selected:

• based on competitive bids,
• in single-source procurement processes,
• based on contract renegotiation,
• under framework contracts.

The basis for building credibility and trust in relations with our suppliers is zero tolerance for any form of misconduct, including corruption. This is why anti-corruption clauses are included in our contracts with suppliers. [204-1] [102-9]

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Workplace

Employees are the core asset of KRUK S.A. That is why we are committed to building a safe, friendly workplace where they can grow and derive satisfaction from their own development and from their contribution to the growth of the Company. Considering the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, as well as our corporate culture and values, we strive to create a comfortable working environment for our employees by listening to their needs and asking for feedback.

Employment

The outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic made 2020 an exceptional year in every way. Ensuring stable employment conditions has been and is a priority for KRUK S.A. Thanks to the IT solutions we already had put in place, were able to react quickly and switch, in most cases, to the remote working mode out of concern for the health and safety of our employees.

Total number and rate of new hires during the reporting period by age group and gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>gender</th>
<th>new hires in age group 30 - 50</th>
<th>employment rate in age group 30 - 50</th>
<th>new hires in age group 30 - 50</th>
<th>employment rate in age group 30 - 50</th>
<th>new hires in age group 30 - 50</th>
<th>employment rate in age group 30 - 50</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>0,05</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>0,05</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>0,03</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>0,03</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>0,08</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>0,08</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total number and rate of employee turnover during the reporting period by age group and gender
Employee remuneration

In 2020, as in previous years, the pay rules did not change. The rules are laid down in the HR and Payroll Policies in force at KRUK S.A. The Policies apply to all employees regardless of their gender, age, nationality or other differences.

The salaries of women and men in the same positions are comparable, and differences, if any, may result from a different scope of work or length of service. In the departments where the pay is significantly higher (such as the IT department), the majority of employees are men, while women are in majority in the Group’s administrative units and the call centre.

Between May 1st and July 31st 2020, KRUK S.A. took advantage of the government’s assistance programme (the anti-crisis shield). After consultation with and with the consent of the Staff Forum, the following changes were introduced for three months:

- Management Board and Supervisory Board – 25% remuneration cut,
- Senior managers (directors, managers) – 20% FTE and remuneration cut,
- Other employees – FTE reduced by three hours per week (7.5%) and remuneration cut by 7.5%.

With these changes it was possible to maintain the efficiency of key business processes. Temporarily, for the period from May to July 2020, the employment level (number of FTEs) was reduced.

At the same time, thanks to the solutions offered under the anti-crisis shield, the employment level understood as the headcount was maintained.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the Company’s efforts to maintain stable employment, some benefits, such as MyBenefit cafeteria top-ups and Multisport fitness card subsidies, were temporarily suspended due to the closure of gyms and fitness clubs. Pay increases were also halted. However, both the cafeteria top-ups and the pay increase process were resumed in October 2020.

Standard entry-level salary at KRUK S.A. by gender as percentage of national minimum wage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>KRUK Group</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>207%</td>
<td>202%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>250%</td>
<td>242%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

[202-1]

The Diversity Charter

KRUK S.A. has been a signatory to the Diversity Charter since 2013. It is an international initiative promoted by the European Commission and implemented by such EU countries as: Poland, Romania, Germany, Spain, Italy, Luxembourg, France, Austria, Sweden, Belgium, Ireland, Estonia. An organisation which adopts the Diversity
Charter strives to promote social cohesion and equality. Since all such initiatives are recognised and cascaded to the other companies within the KRUK Group, these rules apply across the Group.

The fundamental principle of the Charter is non-discrimination in the workplace and recognising and promoting diversity in all areas of activity. The Company is ready to engage all its employees, business partners and social stakeholders in those activities. The provisions of the Diversity Charter are included, among others, in the Company’s recruitment processes. The declaration of participation in the Diversity Charter was repeated and a standard participant questionnaire was resubmitted in 2020.

**KRUK S.A. diversity policy**

KRUK S.A. has constantly in place a Diversity Policy document, adopted by a resolution of the Company’s Management Board on December 8th 2015. The aim the adopted Diversity Policy is to support a diverse, multicultural workplace by guaranteeing equal opportunities for promotion and professional development for each employee regardless of their gender, age, disability, health condition, race, nationality, religion, beliefs, sexual orientation, family status, lifestyle or any other criterion that could cause an individual to be treated less favourably than others.

Under the Policy, each employee is obliged to respect other employees’ right to privacy, must not interfere with their personal affairs, and must accept any existing differences.

Implementation of the Diversity Policy by the Company means that the organisation acknowledges differences between people and is aware of their fundamental importance to its own success. It is an important element of our business strategy, which facilitates international growth and enhances our innovativeness and competitiveness.

The policy enables the Group to unlock the potential of all its employees and helps prevent any forms of discrimination or bullying in the workplace.

KRUK S.A. also operates an Internal Mediation Policy to prevent discrimination or bullying in the workplace. Training on recognising and preventing workplace harassment is mandatory for every employee.

**Equal opportunities**

Ensuring equal opportunities at KRUK S.A. starts with the commencement of the recruitment process – equal treatment of candidates is also embedded in the recruitment process standards. Candidates for employment at the Company are given equal treatment during the recruitment process KRUK S.A. has in place standards that govern recruitment and creation of teams that are diverse in terms of gender, age, experience, lifestyle, etc.

The Company has career and development paths, which are regularly reviewed and updated. It has set up promotion paths and salary scales applicable to each employee within a given area. Employees also have equal access to knowledge and qualification improvement opportunities in the form of an open range of training experience, with equal participation rules for all employees in individual posts. KRUK S.A. attaches particular importance to enabling its employees to maintain a work-life balance by ensuring transparent work-time settlement rules and facilitating return to work after maternity leave. [102-12] [102-13]

Composition of governance bodies and breakdown of employees according to gender, age group, minority group membership, and other diversity indicators Data for 2017–2020.
Percentage of individuals in the organisation’s supervisory bodies in each of the following diversity categories: gender; age group: under 30 years old, 30 to 50 years old, over 50 years old.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Number of persons on supervisory bodies in age group ≤ 30</th>
<th>Percentage of persons on supervisory bodies in age group ≤ 30</th>
<th>Number of persons on supervisory bodies in age group ≥ 50</th>
<th>Percentage of persons on supervisory bodies in age group ≥ 50</th>
<th>Number of persons on supervisory bodies 30-50</th>
<th>Percentage of persons on supervisory bodies 30-50</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2019</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>86%</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2020</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>77%</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Percentage of employees per employee category in each of the following diversity categories: gender; age group: under 30 years old, 30 to 50 years old, over 50 years old

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Number of employees in age group ≤ 30</th>
<th>Percentage of employees in age group ≤ 30</th>
<th>Number of employees in age group ≥ 50</th>
<th>Percentage of employees in age group ≥ 50</th>
<th>Number of employees 30-50</th>
<th>Percentage of employees 30-50</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2019</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>574</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>1,377</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>2030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>910</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>1362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>885</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>2,287</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>3,392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2020</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>452</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>1,326</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>1,872</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>815</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>1,193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>681</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>243</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>2,142</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>3,066</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company [405-1]

Development and education of employees

Individual competence development of each member of our team contributes to the development of the entire organisation. This is why we focus on continuous advancement of the skills and qualifications of our employees. It is an important investment aimed at building an innovative team that works with passion. Our employees may participate in a wide range of training courses delivered by internal and external trainers. The courses differ depending on the length of service and the needs related to the duties of a given person.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the imposed restrictions, some training courses had to be cancelled and there was less training than in previous years.

We are therefore working on modifying the training process so that it can be performed online.
Average hours of training per employee in 2020, by gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Percentage of persons</th>
<th>Hours/person</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>6h/person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>9h/person</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Training courses and participation of KRUK S.A. employees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of training in 2020</th>
<th>Number of training courses</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Number of persons trained</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Face-to-face training</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>2,279</td>
<td>899</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>1,380 61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-learning training</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>3,106</td>
<td>1,867</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>1,239 40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Average number of training courses per person

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data for 2020</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Face-to-face training</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-learning training</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Our employees can participate in specialist and managerial training, and each newly recruited person completes a full cycle of induction training. This principle applies at KRUK S.A. and across the KRUK Group.

We also operate a management skills development programme to support the professional advancement of our management staff. In 2019, we implemented a manager induction programme for new hires in managerial positions. The programme is aimed at employees who have been tasked with managing people for the first time. Its aim is to help develop management skills needed to manage a team. It is an individual support programme involving an internal trainer, the line manager and a HRBP, delivered during the first 100 days of work in a managerial position. As part of the induction programme, the manager and the trainer meet regularly every ten days to discuss key issues in staff management and to set tasks and discuss the results of their performance. After the launch of the programme in 2019, one person from KRUK S.A. took part in it. In 2020, thirteen managers from the Company joined the programme and continue to participate.

Since 2016, we have been successfully developing a range of training options available on the e-learning platform, which allows employees to quickly improve their competencies. It hosts mainly courses in the field of law, data security and protection, ethical principles and good practices in the industry, as well as product training, and courses related to projects implemented in the organisation. The e-learning platform also offers courses for management staff, combined with traditional training. In 2020, due to the pandemic, KRUK S.A. and KRUK Group employees were mostly given e-learning training.

Benefits at KRUK S.A.

The Company cares about the health and safety of its employees. In addition to a regular monthly salary, it also offers other benefits to increase employee engagement and create a friendly working environment.

Employees at KRUK may:
• use the Company Social Benefits Fund, including in the form of non-cash financial assistance, non-repayable allowances for persons in particularly difficult life situations, or holiday allowances;
• participate in programmes aimed at developing staff’s people management potential (a succession programme in Romania);
• receive funding for post-graduate programmes and professional qualifications;
• use sports membership cards, providing access to sports and leisure activities, on attractive terms;
• use benefits available under the cafeteria plan;
• receive partial funding for the purchase of eyeglasses upon presentation of a doctor’s certificate;
• participate in internal and external training courses financed by the Company, provided to enhance the professional skills and qualifications of employees;
• use the private medical care package offered to employees and, if the employee so wishes, to their family members;
• take advantage of group life insurance;
• use employee libraries;
• purchase used electronic equipment, i.e. computer and mobile phone, after the replacement period,
• receive funding for team-building events;
• use flexible work options, including remote work. Under the available options, an employee may:
  − start work between 6 am and 11 am and finish it after having worked the number of hours specified in their employment contracts;
  − work out of office, in accordance with internally agreed rules and conditions.

The COVID-19 pandemic and job security

In addition to the standard measures introduced following the announcement of the coronavirus outbreak in 2020, from March onwards, exceptional measures were also introduced at KRUK S.A. to minimise the risk of COVID-19 infection and maintain employment.

First of all, precautionary measures were taken in line with the recommendations of the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

Measures taken in connection with the pandemic

Measures taken by the Company:

• The number of staff staying in the office has been minimised. The continuity of processes and tasks has been maintained by means of IT solutions. Based on the so-called ‘Covid Law’, between March and December 2020 approximately 95% of employees worked from home.
• Support for employees working from home: the managers and employees were provided with a series of guidance articles entitled ‘Working Remotely in a Nutshell’.
• All precautions were taken and protective measures applied, as required by sanitary authorities, with respect to employees whose duties necessitated their presence in the office. The office space was rearranged and the employees were advised on new procedures to be followed when staying in the office.
• Psychological support for employees. The Psychological Support Centre operating at the Company since 2016 proved to be particularly helpful during the pandemic. It was established with a view to providing professional support to indebted people who needed psychological support, but also to provide advice to the Company’s employees. The Centre operates as a toll-free, anonymous helpline available to all
Company employees in Poland and their relatives. During the pandemic, employees were repeatedly informed of the possibility to:

− receive individual psychological support,
− participate in open support groups.

In view of the new challenges associated with working from home, the Company has also provided employees with an opportunity to receive support from an internal coach.

**Company employee sentiment barometer**

Given the prolonged remote work from a home office, KRUK and the other Group companies conducted regular surveys to measure employee sentiments. The **PULSE Check survey** was sent to staff on a weekly basis, the returned feedback showing the employee sentiments and helping identify their needs during the pandemic. First of all, the survey results revealed positive attitudes towards working from home, with approximately 80% of the respondents satisfied with this form of working. They also showed employees’ expectations that a hybrid work model would be available even after the pandemic. This suggestion was taken into account and work began to develop a new work model, naturally within the existing legal framework. [401-2]

In addition, the Company complies with the Polish laws and regulations governing parental rights.

**Occupational Health and Safety**

Ensuring safe and healthy working conditions for employees is of paramount importance for KRUK S.A. The majority of our employees perform office work, but there is also a group of employees (field advisors) who work outside the office.

KRUK S.A. has assembled an Occupational Health and Safety Team as a body responsible for monitoring and providing advice and opinion on matters relating to occupational health safety. An Occupational Health and Safety Committee has also been established, which works with the Occupational Health and Safety Team. They comprise employee representatives, employer representatives and an occupational physician. During meetings held every three months, the Committee raises important issues related to occupational safety, provides support in formulating proposals to improve working conditions and assists in meeting OHS requirements.

The Occupational Health and Safety Committee at the Company has been established on the basis of legal requirements (workforce of more than 250).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types of accidents and injuries reported by KRUK S.A. in 2019</th>
<th>Types of accidents and injuries reported by KRUK S.A. in 2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• road traffic accident: 11</td>
<td>• road traffic accident: 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• fall on flat surface: 2</td>
<td>• fall on flat surface: 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• fall on stairs: 2</td>
<td>• fall on stairs: 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• dog bite: 2</td>
<td>• struck against piece of equipment: 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total number of accidents reported at KRUK S.A. in 2019: 17, of which:</td>
<td>Total number of accidents reported at KRUK S.A. in 2020: 11, of which:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>total number of accidents – 18, of which:</td>
<td>total number of accidents – 11, of which:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• men: 6</td>
<td>• men: 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• women: 11</td>
<td>• women: 7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Directors’ Report on the Operations of Kruk S.A. in 2020

The rules for recording and reporting accidents at Kruk S.A. are set out in the Accident Investigation Procedure I-EOS-PL-10, dated October 16th 2020. There are also Task Instructions and Job Instructions in place, describing safe ways of performing various job tasks. [403-9]

**Employees with high incidence or high risk of diseases related to their occupation**

In 2016–2020, the Company employees did not report any occupational diseases. There were no reports of serious or fatal accidents at work. [403-10]

**Non-discrimination**

To prevent adverse behaviours at the workplace, such as bullying or discrimination, Kruk S.A. has in place an Internal Mediation Policy.

The document contains detailed information on the rights of employees who experience a conflict or what they consider to be workplace bullying or discrimination, or who witnessed such behaviours. It also defines the remit of the Consultation and Mediation Team, which is appointed to deal with reported cases of discriminatory behaviours.

Each employee may lodge a grievance:

- orally to one of the Consultation and Mediation Team members;
- in writing, via the anonymous mailbox.

In 2020, Kruk S.A. received a total of seven grievances, of which six cases were closed in 2020. No bullying or discriminatory behaviour was confirmed in any of the cases. In three cases, the cause was an aggravated employee conflict. The Consultation and Mediation Team made appropriate recommendations in this regard, aimed at alleviating the conflict.

A special form is made available to employees for reporting any discriminatory behaviours, instances of workplace bullying and other misconduct at the Company (i.e. for the purpose of whistleblowing). It operates

---

**Accident rates (all accidents at work in 2019):**

a) severity rate: - men – 6 - women – 39.36

b) frequency rate:

- women: 11.39
- men: 4.68

**Occupational disease rate:** 0

**Lost day rate (i.e. number of calendar days from the date of receiving sickness leave):**

- women: 433
- men: 39

**Number of fatal accidents:** 0

**Source:** Company

---

**Accident rates (all accidents at work in 2020 – as at December 31st 2020):**

a) severity rate:

- men: 60.75
- women: 28.28

b) frequency rate:

- men: 3.38
- women: 7.91

**Occupational disease rate:** 0

**Lost day rate (i.e. number of calendar days from the date of receiving sickness leave):**

- men: 243
- women: 198

**Number of fatal accidents:** 0

---
in accordance with the rules implemented at KRUK S.A. and complies with the applicable laws. The regulations give clear guidance as to procedures to be followed in the event of bullying or discrimination.

KRUK S.A. also operates an Employee Support Programme, set up to assist employees in difficult situations. It allows employees to receive specialist psychological support on an anonymous basis. This solution is particularly useful if an employee has experienced behaviours covered by the Internal Mediation Policy. Additionally, there is stress management training available to all Company employees.

**Grievance mechanisms for human rights**

With regard to protecting the employees of KRUK S.A., the Internal Mediation Policy has been put in place to protect human dignity and rights, personal rights in particular, by preventing incidents at the workplace. A report of a conflict, discrimination or bullying incident triggers an enquiry that takes up to five (5) working days. The Internal Mediation Policy describes in detail the procedures for dealing with any reported incidents. Amicable resolution of conflicts is always recommended, whenever possible. In addition, obligatory anti-bullying training is prepared for employees, aimed, among other things, at educating them on workplace bullying, ways to prevent it and anti-bullying mechanisms in place at the company.

With regard to protecting KRUK S.A.’s clients, who are indebted persons, there is an extensive complaints handling process in place, compliant with the applicable legal standards. Complaints of a complex nature involving important legal issues, as well as interventions by the Polish Financial Ombudsman and the Consumer Ombudsmen, are reviewed with the Compliance Area.

Anonymous reporting of any violations of law directly to the Company’s Management Board or, in the case of violations committed by the Management Board, to the Supervisory Board is also possible at KRUK S.A.

KRUK S.A. has also established an Employee Forum to consider various initiatives proposed by employees and any grievances concerning employment or working conditions. [418-1][102-41]

**Anti-corruption**

Since 2017, KRUK S.A. has had an Abuse Prevention Policy and an Anti-Corruption Manual for dealing with any actual or suspected instances of corruption.

Since 2019, the Whistleblowing and Whistleblower Protection Policy has been in place. A dedicated form, available at [https://en.kruk.eu/report-abuse](https://en.kruk.eu/report-abuse), allows employees to directly inform a Supervisory Board member, a Management Board member or the Security and Operational Risk Management Department of any suspected misconduct, dishonesty or wrongdoing.

Anyone at the Company and any third party (such as business partners or clients) who notices any irregularities can report them anonymously using a dedicated form available from [https://en.kruk.eu/report-abuse](https://en.kruk.eu/report-abuse).

All policies and their updates is communicated to employees via internal communication channels (email).

No substantiated corruption cases were recorded at the Company in 2020. [418-1][205-1][102-17][205-2][205-3]

**KRUK Group’s clients and local communities**

**Data security**

KRUK S.A.’s business involves contacts with our clients (indebted persons). The Company receives their personal data from external business partners under relevant receivables assignment or cooperation agreements, in line with applicable legal provisions. Data processing is of extreme importance to all our employees, especially those
working directly with personal data. Each employee is required to undergo training in information and personal data security and in protection and circulation of inside information at KRUK S.A., which includes price-sensitive information related to the listing of KRUK S.A. shares on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. The training covers confidentiality of inside information and restricted periods in which disclosure of any inside information is strictly prohibited.

Additionally, every employee is given training in procedures to prevent money laundering and terrorist financing. This is to counteract any activities which would violate the law or applicable rules.

KRUK S.A.’s anti-corruption measures are also covered by the Gift Policy.

In 2019, 11 complaints against KRUK S.A. were submitted to the President of the Personal Data Protection Office. Explanations were provided in all these cases. Having analysed the complaints, we believe they will be dismissed.

In 2020, seven complaints against KRUK S.A. were submitted to the President of the Personal Data Protection Office. Explanations were provided in all these cases.

The Company has thoroughly checked if all documents, procedures and measures applied comply with the requirements stipulated under the Personal Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), and the Company has implemented the necessary changes.

KRUK S.A. has a Personal Data Protection Department, where the data protection officer is Magdalena Pakosińska-Krawczyńska, email: magdalena.pakosinska-krawczynska@kruksa.pl.

Protection of personal data is of key importance to the Company. Debt cases received by the Group for servicing sometimes include incorrect or outdated personal data or address details. All personal data requests and complaints are thoroughly analysed by KRUK S.A. to determine whether the submitting party’s claim is valid and can be satisfied. The whole process is overseen by the Data Protection Officer.

In 2020, KRUK S.A. recorded 693 personal data submissions, 167 (or 24%) of which were found to be fully or partially justified.

In 2019, KRUK S.A. recorded 1,247 personal data submissions, 109 (or 8.7%) of which were found to be fully or partially justified.

All justified complaints were acknowledged and any damage suffered by the clients was remedied as agreed with them on a case-by-case basis.

At KRUK S.A., we adjust our procedures and services to ensure that their quality is the highest and in compliance with applicable laws. We strive to minimise data security risks.

Financial education of people

As already mentioned above, an important thing is to collaborate with independent organisations and associations with a view to promoting financial awareness, ethical conduct and understanding of the nature of business such as KRUK S.A.

The level of general financial literacy among Poles is not very high, as shown by numerous public surveys, e.g. ‘The Level of Polish People’s Financial Literacy – 2020’ (CBM Indicator, conducted in February 2020) or the ‘Financial Knowledge of Poles’ (ABR SESTA, conducted in October 2019). The ‘Financial Knowledge of Poles’ survey evaluating, inter alia, the actual level of Polish people’s financial literacy, showed that 40% of respondents had insufficient knowledge in that field and 35% merely satisfactory. Poor understanding of
financial matters may have various adverse economic consequences, particularly nowadays, with the ever-growing sophistication of the world’s economic reality. Many people have only rudimentary knowledge of economics and little knowledge of their own rights and obligations. Therefore, KRUK S.A. undertakes a number of educational initiatives aimed at raising the public’s financial awareness and literacy.

One of the initiatives is the Day without Debt, organised annually on November 17th. This initiative has become a fixed item in the calendar of various financial events. Other financial sector companies have joined the event and on the Day without Debt they draw the public’s attention to financial matters. Its major objective is to raise financial awareness of the public at large and to motivate indebted people to actively deal with their problem.

In 2020, the ‘The Day Without Debts’ was an occasion for KRUK S.A. to promote among its clients the ‘Live Debt-Free’ online course developed in 2018, providing tips on how to get out of debt. Such initiatives help motivate clients to repay their outstanding debts.

The findings of public surveys concerning attitudes towards debt and emotions associated with indebtedness served as a pretext for contacting journalists, asking them to focus on the broad subject of debt along with the accompanying social and psychological issues. In 2020, KRUK S.A. commissioned with Maison&Partners, a consumer research firm, a survey entitled the ‘Portrait of Indebted Poles During the COVID-19 Pandemic’. The purpose of the survey was to track changes in the groups of indebted people identified in the first survey of this kind, conducted in 2015. Our intention was to use the survey to draw the media’s and the general public’s attention to how the prevailing crisis is affecting the household budget management and financial behaviours of Poles.

Journalists are among the Company’s external stakeholders playing a significant role in promoting financial education. According to various public surveys, mass media are still the main source of financial knowledge for many people. That is why in 2020 debt management companies of the Association of Financial Companies in Poland continued their joint project ‘Debt Collection? Everything Clear!’, run within a working group of the Association. The primary purpose of the project is to educate the public on the frequently changing legal regulations applicable to debt recovery in Poland and their own rights in the process. The working group produce press articles and broadcasts devoted to financial and legal issues, including debt management in Poland. Representatives of the Association of Financial Companies in Poland, as an independent organisation, also speak in the media about the impact of payment bottlenecks, for instance on the development of the economy. As one of the project members, KRUK S.A. contributes to building a positive image of the industry.

We are aware of the importance of guidance on the changing legal regulations governing the operations like ours. The Association of Financial Companies in Poland, acting on behalf of the companies engaged in the project and in close cooperation with them, prepares educational press materials. The project website can be found at: http://wjs.zpf.pl/.

Charity and sponsorship

2020 necessitated changes in the Company’s approach to CSR and the related action plans. Some initiatives were cancelled, some changed their form. Various industries have strongly engaged in corporate social responsibility efforts during the pandemic. Yet, particularly important were initiatives aimed at protecting the health and safety of employees and clients. The Company’s investments in state-of-the-art technologies enabled it to smoothly switch to the remote working mode, thus minimising the risk of a coronavirus infection. From mid-March 2020, most of the Company’s employees worked from home. As for employees whose processes required physical presence in the office, they were provided with safe working conditions, as recommended by the sanitary authorities.
In 2020, KRUK S.A. engaged in a local campaign #graMYdlaKOSZAROWEJ, having donated PLN 200 thousand to purchase protective equipment for medical staff of the J. Gromkowski Provincial Specialist Hospital in Wroclaw. Moreover, the Company took part in the Business Run charity event in Wroclaw. Due to the pandemic, this time the event had the form of individual runs with the use of a dedicated mobile application. Some 30 KRUK S.A. teams of five took part in the 2020 Business Run event, and the Company donated funds to support those under the care of the Everest Foundation. The run was not only a charity event, but also a unique opportunity to integrate employees who wanted to actively spend time during the epidemic.

The health of both the Company’s employees and clients was of utmost importance. Therefore, both employees and clients needing psychological help could use the Psychological Support Centre operated at the KRUK Group’s Polish companies, and thus also at KRUK S.A.

Our clients incur debts for various reasons, which include unforeseen predicaments. When they need psychological support, they receive it through us, because we collaborate with a non--profit organisation providing advice and assistance to indebted people struggling with depression or reporting suicidal thoughts. The Company has established internal procedures to deal with situations where a client reports a threat to their health or life. Our motivation is to take care of our clients who deal with various hardships, including those related to financial problems.

Similar help is available to the Company employees in need of professional psychological support. This form of assistance also helps build trust in the Company.

**Good Practices mentioned in 2020 Responsible Business Report**

In 2020, KRUK was among the 214 companies whose initiatives were recognised by the Responsible Business Forum as good CSR practices. The initiatives submitted by KRUK were designed to support the UN Sustainable Development Goals, including SDG 3 ‘Good health and well-being’, SDG 4 ‘Quality education’, and SDG 12 ‘Responsible consumption and production’. The ‘Responsible business in Poland 2019. Good practices’ report is available from: [http://odpowiedzialnybiznes.pl/publikacje/raport-2019/](http://odpowiedzialnybiznes.pl/publikacje/raport-2019/)

In 2020, KRUK S.A. ran a number of initiatives submitted for inclusion in another ‘Responsible business in Poland 2020. Good practices’ report:

- **Ecological Debt Day 2020** – an initiative intended to draw the public’s attention to how excessive consumption affects both personal pocketbooks and the natural environment. KRUK carried out another public survey relating to climate change and the pandemic’s effect on reduced consumption. As calculated by the Global Footprint Network, in 2020 the Ecological Debt Day fell on August 8th, which means a longer period of time before the human population overshot the sustainable amount of the Earth’s resources. In the context of the pandemic, which forced consumers to give up on a lot of expenses, including holiday travel and non-essential purchases, the Earth gained some breathing space, while consumers cut their spending and were able to save money. The survey findings announced by the Company revealed that reduced consumer spending delivered both economic and environmental benefits. They showed that even minor changes in our consumption habits can effect major changes benefitting the whole planet. They also benefit individuals who, by curbing their consumeristic approach, can regain control over their finances and take care of the environment. Through such initiatives, the Company highlights the growing environmental and economic awareness of the general public and the KRUK Group’s employees, while drawing attention to the issue of excessive consumerism.
• **Day without Debts 2020** – an initiative of the KRUK Group held in 2020 for the 12th time. In 2020, Day without Debts was also held in the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Romania. The event is intended to draw the attention of the general public, not just indebted individuals, to the issues of household budget, its planning and dealing with debt. The goal is to raise financial awareness and motivate people who are in debt to actively deal with the problem. In 2020, together with the Maison&Partners research house, KRUK S.A. conducted a second ‘Portrait of Indebted Poles During the COVID-19 Pandemic’ survey, showing how the behaviour of indebted persons had changed over the past five years. The study received wide media coverage, also thanks to other partnering firms.

• **‘Live Debt-Free’ online course** – a free tool available both to people in debt and those seeking to improve their financial management skills, designed in cooperation with Tomasz Jaroszek, a financial blogger. The most frequent causes of debt include: a lack of money, job loss, overestimation of one’s financial capacities, inability to control one’s spending, but also inadequate financial literacy. In 2020, due to the pandemic, some people may have become financially distressed and forced to incur debt for the first time in their lives, which is why promoting the course was so important. As part of the Day without Debts promotional campaign, the first 40 clients were offered a shopping voucher for completing the course.

• **Employee Support Programme** – an initiative designed to support employees going through various personal challenges, also those resulting from involvement in individual talks about financial problems of the Company’s clients. It covers professional psychological support from a non-profit organisation, which has partnered with the Company to anonymously provide assistance to employees who may express such a need. Amid the raging coronavirus pandemic, this form of employee support has become even more sought after.

• **#graMYdlaKoszarowej charity drive** – given the lack of sufficient protective equipment for hospital staff during the first months after the pandemic’s outbreak, KRUK S.A. became involved in a local healthcare support initiative #graMYdlaKoszarowej. It donated PLN 200 thousand to purchase protective equipment for medical staff of the J. Gromkowski Provincial Specialist Hospital in Wrocław. The purpose of the initiative was to support medical staff of the infectious diseases hospital in Wrocław, where KRUK S.A. is headquartered. The financial donation supporting efforts to combat the pandemic by helping pay for the medical staff’s protective equipment was intended both to benefit the local community and to protect the health of the Company’s own employees.

• **Helping children at risk of digital exclusion** – during the coronavirus pandemic, many schools switched to virtual learning. To support children who, having no computers/laptops or Internet access, were at risk of digital exclusion and were unable to attend virtual classes, at the request of several schools the Company donated its own retired laptops, tablets and phones. The equipment was still in good working order and fit for use, so – following some improvements – it was donated to children who needed support during remote schooling. In accordance with the ‘zero waste’ initiative and the 3R (reduce, reuse, recycle) principle, equipment that was still operational was donated for reuse. With the initiative, the Company again demonstrated its commitment to environmental protection and community support. Its additional benefit was in preventing social inequalities – in this case by preventing the exclusion of some children from online learning.

• **Psychological Support Centre for Clients** – established in 2016, the centre provides free support to KRUK S.A. clients (indebted individuals) who, in addition to financial problems, express a need for professional psychological help. As many as 96% of the Poles covered by the survey were found to believe that debts could aggravate other problems in life, such as family tensions, a feeling of helplessness, dejection, etc.* Sometimes getting in debt is accompanied by unforeseen predicaments, which may also affect one’s mood or cause depression. The Psychological Support Center helps the Company’s clients who
express such a need. *Data gathered through the ‘Poles’ Attitudes Towards Debt’ survey commissioned by KRUK S.A. and conducted by IQS, a research agency in 2019 on a representative sample of 1,000 Poles aged 18+ using the CAWI method.

- **Help for the Children’s Home in Świebodzin** – as part of KRUK’s CSR activities, on the initiative of its employees 40 single bed frames were donated and new mattresses were purchased for the wards of the Children’s Home in Świebodzin. These gifts were a small contribution from KRUK S.A. to improving the standard of living at the Children’s Home in Świebodzin. This action was carried out under SDG 12. ‘Responsible consumption and production’.

- **‘Dreams guaranteed to come true’ Bonus Scheme** – run since 2013 for the KRUK Group’s clients in Poland, the scheme is designed to motivate them to make regular and timely repayments of their instalment-based debt. By joining the scheme, clients receive bonus points for each timely repayment, which can be exchanged for attractive prizes chosen from a current catalogue.

The general rule of rewarding timely repayments is that 1 bonus point is granted for 1 PLN of debt repaid. As at December 30th 2020, over 40,000 clients (55% women and 45% men) had joined the KRUK Bonus Scheme. The average monthly number of new clients who want to join in is 1,200. Since 2013, the Company has shipped more than 85,000 prizes to its clients.

Complementing the Company’s charity agenda is the social sensitivity of its employees, manifest in their individual volunteering engagements, i.e. promotion of convalescent plasma donation for their closed ones suffering from COVID-19, remote involvement in various grassroots initiatives such as ‘Noble Gift; in Poland. As part of such activities, employees join forces to help others.

**Charitable sponsorship policy at KRUK S.A.**

The charitable sponsorship policy is in place both at KRUK S.A. and at all KRUK Group companies. In accordance with this policy, KRUK S.A. supports:

- events involving amateur physical activity which aim to provide financial or in-kind assistance for the most needy,
- projects implemented by public benefit institutions or associations aimed at supporting those most in need,
- organisations that support financial education and psychological or legal assistance to people struggling with financial or personal difficulties,
- CSR initiatives that seek to strengthen the processes of civic development, equality and tolerance,
- CSR and educational initiatives aimed at preserving the common good, i.e. the natural environment, which refer, among other things, to excessive consumerism associated with overspending.

When engaging in such initiatives, the Company prefers to form collaborative ties with officially recognised or registered non-profit organisations. In relevant situations, the Company may also partner with charity organisations in which its employees are active.

Importantly, the Company does not provide financial support for research projects, expeditions or travel, and to organisations or teams involved in professional sports. It also avoids projects that involve sponsorship of public officials, persons holding public offices and political organisations.
Service quality and client service standards

Each client is approached with due respect and understanding. We take care to carefully listen to our clients’ stories so as to understand their situation. For several years now, we have conducted client satisfaction surveys. We thoroughly analyse all the opinions and suggestions our clients have shared with us.

The Company has surveyed client satisfaction with the support of an external firm since 2015. The indicators we use are the NPS (Net Promoter Score) and CES (Customer Effort Score), which measure how much effort the client put in the amicable settlement and arrangements monitoring process, and how they rate the conversation with a call centre advisor or meeting with a field advisor. Last year, we also collected feedback from clients on their live chat experience with an advisor via a dedicated online survey.

In the NPS surveys, clients were asked to rate a given aspect from 0 to 10, and on this basis were divided into three groups: detractors (who gave scores between 0 and 6), neutrals (scores of 7–8), and promoters (9–10). In order to calculate the NPS, the number of respondents in those groups was translated into a percentage, and then the percentage of detractors was deducted from the percentage of promoters. The NPS could range between -100 and +100, where +100 meant the highest ratings.

In 2020, in the surveys conducted at KRUK S.A. to evaluate the quality of contact with a call centre advisor, meeting with a field advisor and the arrangements monitoring process, we changed the NPS to a new indicator – relationship satisfaction rating. In the survey, respondents rate the relationship on a scale of 1 to 6, where 6 means they are very satisfied and 1 – that they are very dissatisfied with its quality.

Another novelty we launched at the Company last year was a dedicated CES questionnaire for the amicable settlement process via the e-KRUK.pl platform. In the survey, respondents rate the ease of reaching a settlement on a scale of 1 to 5, where 5 means very easy and 1 means very difficult. The findings give us an insight into the client’s perspective on the online settlement process, while allowing us to identify difficulties they encounter in the process.

In 2020, we made email surveys a permanent part of our client feedback process.

KRUK S.A. client satisfaction levels during the coronavirus pandemic

Between the first and second quarters of 2020, for the duration of the state of epidemic emergency and immediately afterwards, client satisfaction was gauged via email – through a CES questionnaire following an online settlement process via the e-KRUK platform, and NPS measurement after the live chat experience with an advisor. In the third quarter, we returned to standard methods of gauging KRUK clients’ satisfaction with the service.

In 2020, KRUK S.A.’s basic telephone and email surveys covered nearly 1,691 clients (indebted persons).

As for the survey evaluating the live chat experience and the CES questionnaire focused on the settlement process via the e-KRUK.pl platform, the respective numbers of respondents were over 5,500 (over 2,000 more than in 2019) and nearly 4,500.

Analysis of the responses has yielded the following results for 2020:

- Satisfaction rating for the interaction with a field advisor: 93 – average score of 5.8/6 (vs NPS of 95 in 2019),
- Satisfaction rating for the interaction with a call centre advisor: 88 – average score of 5.6/6 (vs NPS of 90 in 2019),
• NPS for the interaction with an advisor via live chat: 65 (2019: 71),
• CES for the amicable settlement process: 4.55/5 (2019: 4.85/5),
• CES for the amicable settlement process via e-KRUK.pl: 4.40/5,
• Satisfaction rating for the interaction with KRUK in the arrangements monitoring process: 84 – average score of 5.4/6

Further analyses were also undertaken to assess the impact of the pandemic on KRUK’s clients. Additionally, the online channel was promoted and assessed for effectiveness. The fast changing situation of indebted persons, including the pandemic’s impact on their ability to repay debts, was monitored and on an ongoing basis.

We consistently strive to be associated by clients with professional help and high quality service. We are committed to fostering a positive image of KRUK among indebted individuals.

KRUK S.A. has in place a Client Service Quality Policy and Client Service Standards developed on its basis, comprising key guidelines referred to as KRUK’s general standards.

The Quality Standards are a guarantee of uniform and consistent service across all communication channels, and a way of building a consistent corporate image among our clients. The Client Service Quality Policy itself is made up of twelve slogans, which are the determinant and direction of the way KRUK serves indebted persons.

In 2020, a cyclical survey of the Client Service Quality Policy was launched for the first time at KRUK to find out how closely client experience matches the document’s slogans. A total of nearly 3,000 respondents took part in the Client Service Quality Policy survey, and the overall score obtained for all slogans was very high – 87%, suggesting they were largely consistent with the respondents’ experience of service received from KRUK.

**Marketing and PR communications of KRUK S.A. and their compliance with regulations**

For many years, KRUK has been making every effort to ensure that marketing and PR messages broadcast in the media are fair, ethical, and compliant with the law and social norms. Our advertising messages are important elements of communication with the public, including indebted people.

In our marketing communications, we act within the legal and regulatory standards, as evidenced by the lack of any fines and instances of non-compliance with any laws or regulations that apply to the provision and use of our services. [417-3] [417-2]

**ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY**

KRUK S.A.’s business consists in providing services. Things required for their provision include the Earth’s natural resources, such as energy, water, fuels and other materials derived from nature. Therefore, our aim is to support the advancement and dissemination of environmentally friendly technologies to reduce the consumption of such resources. For example, by going digital we have reduced the use of paper. While raising financial literacy, we also seek to raise public awareness of the impact of excessive consumerism not only on personal finances, but also on the environment.

2020 was exceptional in many ways, showing that not only businesses but also individuals are able to reduce their consumption of resources. Between July 31st and August 30th 2020, KRUK S.A., in association with the Ariadna panel, conducted a survey of ‘Changes in Poles’ consumption patterns during COVID-19’ on a representative sample of 1,081 respondents aged 18+ using the CAWI method. It found that almost every second Pole believed the pandemic had had a positive effect on the environment. One in five respondents was
of the opposite opinion and one in three had no opinion on the subject. We reported the survey findings on the occasion of the ‘Ecological Debt Day’, which for another year in a row was an opportunity to educate the public on how excessive consumerism affects personal finances and the environment. Therefore, it was also an opportunity to educate Poles in financial matters.

The survey also showed that during the epidemic Poles were shopping less, with more money left in their wallets.

In 2020, we continued the ‘Let’s Pay Back Our Debt to the Earth’ campaign by showing that reduced consumption of resources, including our household budget resources, may allow us pay off our liabilities and get out of debt, with an added benefit of helping protect the environment. Below are graphics with the selected survey findings.
The survey also showed that the COVID-19 pandemic somewhat bucked the trend of overconsumption with the consumption of resources visibly down, as evident in business. At KRUK, the switch to home office work led to a drop in CO2 emissions resulting from the abandonment of business travel during the lockdown, as well as an overall improvement of the other environmental indicators covered by our non-financial report.

KRUK monitors energy consumption, paper usage and emissions generated by its fleet of vehicles, used for instance by field advisors.

As the Company also relies on the supply of various necessary materials, including paper, office supplies, IT equipment, etc., it contributes to CO2 emissions into the atmosphere. Despite the transition to a largely electronic form of contact with the Group’s clients, traditional mail correspondence is still retained, so we monitor paper usage. It seeks to reduce the amount of paper it uses, taking into account the legal requirements, procedures, as well as customer needs and technological changes. The Company’s employees, in accordance with the applicable internal instruction, exchange documents electronically. Additionally, to support communication with clients (including indebted persons), the e-KRUK online platform was launched in 2017. This electronic solution reduces the amount of traditional, paper-based correspondence.

In 2020, the Company implemented a number of solutions designed to reduce paper consumption, such as the electronic document workflow and online settlement process. At KRUK S.A., in November 2020, to enable clients to sign documents with secure biometric signatures, we analysed achievable savings in paper consumption.

A total of 2,794 A4 paper sheets were saved during the first month of using the solution. Given the number of similar documents in 2019, we would be able to save 262,000 paper sheets, or 22 mature deciduous trees, simply by allowing the use of biometric signatures. Based on such figures, assuming they are similar year on year, the trees we will save would be able to absorb 165 tonnes of CO2 in 10 years.

**Raw materials and consumables used**

In 2020, KRUK’s paper consumption as well as the amount of waste paper fell relative to 2019.

Consumption of paper in 2019: 222.09 tonnes | Consumption of paper in 2020: 91.75 tonnes

**In 2020, paper consumption dropped by as much as 59% compared with 2019.**


**The amount of waste paper disposed of in 2020 was down 65% relative to 2019.**

In 2020, the weight of both paper used and waste paper disposed of fell significantly. [301-1]

**Energy consumption**

In 2020, the total consumption of energy from non-renewable resources and electricity decreased. Total electricity consumption fell to 2,928.62 MWh, as our consumption of natural gas and diesel oil is decreasing. Consumption of energy from non-renewable resources also decreased, to 5,280.85 MWh.

**Total consumption of electricity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual consumption</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICITY [MWh]</td>
<td>3,844.21</td>
<td>2,928.62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Total consumption of energy from non-renewable sources [MWh]

- Including gasoline [MWh]: 1,019.75 (2019) 19,05.85 (2020)
- Including diesel oil [MWh]: 6,911.90 (2019) 3,374.53 (2020)
- Including natural gas [MWh]: 1.51 (2019) 0.47 (2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source: Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[302-1]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Emissions**

In 2020, the use of business cars was largely limited, due mainly to the epidemic restrictions, but also to ensure the safety of Company employees and clients. The table below also presents CO2 emissions by the vehicle fleet.

### Total CO2 emissions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual CO2 emissions at the KRUK Group</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO2 emissions from electricity purchased for the building's needs [tonnes]</td>
<td>2,940.82 tCO2e</td>
<td>2,240.40 tCO2e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO2 emissions related to transport and fuel combustion in the engines of company vehicles [tonnes]</td>
<td>2,099.74 tCO2e</td>
<td>1,375.77 tCO2e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total CO2 emissions at the organisation</td>
<td>5,040.56 tCO2e</td>
<td>3,616.16 tCO2e</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Company

[305-1][305-2]

In 2020, as in previous reporting years, no penalties for non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations were imposed on KRUK S.A. [307-1]

### 6.1 GRI Content Index

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Description of the indicator (full version, including graphics, available on the KRUK S.A. website)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>102-14</td>
<td>Statement from the President the Management Board on the relevance of sustainability to the organisation and the organisation’s strategy for addressing sustainability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-15</td>
<td>Description of key impacts, opportunities, risks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-1</td>
<td>Name of the organisation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-2</td>
<td>Primary brands, products, and services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-3</td>
<td>Location the organisation’s headquarters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-4</td>
<td>Number of countries where the organisation operates, and names of these countries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-5</td>
<td>Nature of ownership and legal form</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-6</td>
<td>Markets served, including geographic breakdown, sectors served, and types of clients and beneficiaries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102-7</td>
<td>Scale of the organisation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Total number of employees by employment type, employment contract and region, broken down by gender

Percentage of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements

Description of the supply chain

Significant changes in the reporting period regarding the size, structure, ownership form or value chain

Explanation of whether and how the precautionary approach or principle is addressed by the organisation

Externally developed economic, environmental, and social charters, principles, or other initiatives to which the organisation subscribes or endorses

Membership of associations

Process of defining the report content

Identified material topics

Explanation of the material topic and its boundary

Management approach to material topics

Effect of any restatements of information provided in previous reports

Effect of any restatements of information provided in previous reports, and the reasons for such restatements and their effect

List of stakeholder groups engaged by the organisation

The basis for identification and selection of stakeholders with whom the Group engages

The Group’s approach to stakeholder engagement, including frequency of engagement by type and by stakeholder group

Key topics and concerns that have been raised through stakeholder engagement and how the Group has responded

Reporting period

Date of most recent previous report (if any)

Reporting cycle

Contact person

Claim made by the organisation if it has prepared a report in accordance with the GRI Standards in the core or comprehensive version

GRI content index

Policy and current practice for external assurance of the report

Governance structure of the organisation, including committees of the highest governance body

Number and gender of members of the highest management and supervisory body

Values, principles, standards, and norms of behaviour

Internal and external mechanisms for reporting concerns about unethical or unlawful behaviour, and matters related to organisational integrity

Direct economic value generated and distributed

Ratio of the entry level wage by gender at significant locations of operation to the minimum wage

Percentage of the procurement budget of significant locations of operation spent on local suppliers

New suppliers that were screened using environmental criteria
308-1
301-1 Used materials and (or) raw materials by mass or volume
302-1, Energy consumption within the organisation
Reduction of energy consumption
302-4
307-1 Monetary value of significant fines and total number of non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with laws and regulations
305-1 Direct greenhouse gas emissions
305-2 Indirect greenhouse gas emissions
401-1 Total number and rate of new employee hires and employee turnover by age group, gender, and region
401-2 Additional benefits (benefits) provided to full-time employees
401-3 Parental leave
403-9 Work-related injury rate
403-10 Occupational disease rate
403-5 Occupational safety education of employees
404-2 Programs for upgrading employee skills
405-1 Composition of governance bodies and breakdown of employees per employee category according to gender, age group, minority group membership, and other indicators of diversity
405-2 Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men for each employee category
404-1 Average hours of training per year per employee by employee category
406-1 Total number of incidents of discrimination
418-1 Total number of substantiated complaints received concerning breaches of customer privacy and loss of data
205-1 Operations assessed for risks related to corruption
205-2 Training for employees and managers about anti-corruption policies and procedures
205-3 Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken
419-1 Non-compliance with laws and regulations in the social and economic area
Own indicator
417-3 Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications
417-2 Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning product and service information and labelling

Source: Company

[102-55]
7 OTHER INFORMATION

7.1 Auditors
By resolution of February 3rd 2020, the Company’s Supervisory Board appointed an auditor to audit the financial statements of KRUK S.A. and the consolidated financial statements of the KRUK Group for the financial years 2020–2021. On July 10th 2020, the Company signed an agreement for the audit of the separate and consolidated financial statements for the periods ended December 31st 2020 and December 31st 2021 and review of the interim separate financial statements and interim consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30th 2020 and 2021 with KPMG Audyt Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością spółka komandytowa of Warsaw, entered in the list of qualified auditors of financial statements under Reg. No. 3546. The fees for the audit of financial statements were PLN 1,767 thousand (1,496 thousand in 2019); for other assurance services, including review of financial statements – PLN 893 thousand (2019: PLN 501 thousand). The separate and consolidated financial statements for 2019 were audited by KPMG Audyt Sp. z o.o.

7.2 Major research and development achievements
In 2020, research and development work focused on:

- Statistical modelling of projected recoveries from the purchased debt portfolio: in an effort to improve the accuracy of operating targets for recoveries from retail portfolios, we are developing a large statistical model covering an extensive set of behavioural data (client behaviour when being serviced by KRUK), which are not available at the portfolio valuation stage, whereas recoveries forecast by the model are more likely to reflect the actual potential of managed debts than is the case at the stage of pre-purchase valuation.
- Improving Delfin (including Delfin mobile), an operating platform supporting the credit management process. The platform comprises a number of systems tailored to the Group’s international expansion (it offers flexibility and scalability), internal procedures, as well as to the needs of its clients. The platform is developed using internal resources and in collaboration with external suppliers;
- Improving business analysis capabilities (decision-making models and other business intelligence solutions; machine-learning).
- Process optimisation through automation and robotisation.
- Online services for clients, including improvement of the e-kruk platform, online payments.

These efforts will be continued as part of the Group’s Strategy for 2019–2024. Technological transformation is one of its key objectives.
7.3 Performance of Company shares on the Warsaw Stock Exchange

7.3.1 Share price

In 2020, the stock market listing of KRUK shares decreased by 15.22%, compared with a 9.88% increase in the previous year. Our stock underperformed both the WIG and mWIG40 indices, which delivered rates of return of -1.40% and +1.75%, respectively.

On the last trading day in 2020, the Company’s market capitalisation was PLN 2.7bn (compared with PLN 3.2bn at the end of the previous year). On December 31st 2020, KRUK ranked 39th in terms of market capitalisation on the WSE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>KRUK</th>
<th>WIG</th>
<th>mWIG40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate of return</td>
<td>-15.22%</td>
<td>-1.40%</td>
<td>+1.75%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: GPW.pl*

From the IPO on the Warsaw Stock Exchange in May 2011 to the end of 2020, the rate of return on KRUK shares was 246.26%. Over the same period, the all-cap WIG index rose by 15.59%, while the mid-cap mWIG40 index gained 35.94%.

7.3.2 Stock liquidity

The total volume of KRUK S.A. shares traded in 2020 was 14.8m, and the total value of trading reached PLN 1.6bn. To compare, the total volume of KRUK S.A. shares traded in 2018 was 12m, and the total value of trading was PLN 1.9bn. The average daily trading volume of KRUK shares in 2020 was 59 thousand shares, and the average daily trading value stood at PLN 6.5m. In 2020, KRUK was the 28th most liquid stock on the WSE (in terms of the total annual trading volume).
7.3.3 Ownership interests of open-end pension funds (OFE) in KRUK S.A.
KRUK S.A. is one of seven WSE-listed companies in which OFE’s ownership interest exceeds 50%. As at the end of 2020, OFE’s aggregate ownership interest in KRUK S.A. was 57%.

Ownership interests of individual OFE in the Company as at December 30th 2020:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholder</th>
<th>Ownership interest</th>
<th>Number of votes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFE Nationale-Nederlanden</td>
<td>13.66%</td>
<td>2,591,056</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE PZU Złota Jesień</td>
<td>9.39%</td>
<td>1,781,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE Aviva Santander</td>
<td>8.97%</td>
<td>1,701,554</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE Allianz Polska</td>
<td>5.31%</td>
<td>1,007,673</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE MetLife</td>
<td>4.92%</td>
<td>933,238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE Generali</td>
<td>4.53%</td>
<td>859,481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE Aegon</td>
<td>4.10%</td>
<td>778,480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE AXA</td>
<td>3.64%</td>
<td>689,865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE PKO BP Bankowy</td>
<td>1.65%</td>
<td>312,290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFE Pocztylkon Arka</td>
<td>0.89%</td>
<td>169,674</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: in-house analysis, based on stooq.pl

7.4 Investor Relations
The Company's activities and initiatives in the Investor Relations area are targeted at:
• Polish institutional and retail equity and bond investors,
• foreign institutional equity investors,
• brokerage house and investment bank analysts, and
• financial journalists.

What matters most for KRUK in its communication with the market is to provide it with fair, consistent and timely information on all material aspects of the KRUK Group’s business, including the impact of external factors on its operations.

The key themes of the Company’s 2020 market communication included:

• Communication of the Company’s financial results for 2019, three months ended March 31st 2020, six months ended June 30th 2020 as well as three and nine months ended September 30th 2020;
• Quarterly information on the Group’s investments and recoveries
• Sharing the 2019 profit with shareholders through a share buyback;
• Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Group’s business and performance;
• Seventh public bond issue programme;
• Further expansion into the new markets – Italy and Spain.

Due to the spread of the Covid-19 pandemic, the vast majority of meetings and conferences were held using remote communication tools. Some of the previously planned industry events were either cancelled or rescheduled. For safety reasons, last year KRUK decided against organising the Investor Day, and since the second quarter of 2020 the earnings conferences have been held remotely. For more information on key Investor Relations activities in 2020, see the table below.

### Key Investor Relations activities in 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of traditional investor conferences</th>
<th>Number of virtual investor conferences</th>
<th>Number of conferences organised by KRUK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign markets</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: in-house analysis.

**Polish institutional stock and bond investors**

• Four conferences organised following release of earnings reports for 2019, Q1 2020, H1 2020 and Q1–Q3 2020
• Participation in the TRIGON Investor Day 2020 conference in Warsaw in January 2020;
• Participation in the Santander 2020 CEE Outlook Conference in Warsaw in January 2020;
• Participation in the PKO BP Virtual Investor’s Days: CEE Financials virtual conference in September 2020;
• Participation in the virtual Pekao BM Emerging Europe Investment Conference in September 2020;
• Participation in the virtual mBank European Financials Conference in October 2020;
• Participation in the virtual SANTANDER 2020 Annual Financial Sector Conference in November 2020;
• Participation in the TRIGON Investor Week virtual conference in November 2020;
• Mailing to investors on key developments and events at the Group;
• Running an investor relations subpage at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations,
• Continuous dialogue with investors.

Polish retail equity and bond investors

• Maintaining a corporate profile on the StockWatch website featuring latest information on the Company
• Running an investor relations subpage at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations;
• Chats with retail investors
• Newsletter distributed among registered investors on key developments and events at the Group;
• Continuous dialogue with investors.

Foreign institutional investors.

• Four conferences organised following release of earnings reports for 2019, Q1 2020, H1 2020 and Q1–Q3 2020;
• Participation in the J.P.Morgan CEEMEA Opportunitites 2020 conference in London in January 2020;
• Participation in the Wood EME Financials & Real Estate, First Hand Accounts virtual conference in June 2020;
• Participation in the Citi NPL Event 2020 virtual conference in October 2020;
• Participation in the ERSTE The finest CEElection 2020 virtual conference in October 2020;
• Participation in the WOOD’s Winter in Prague 2020 virtual conference in December 2020;
• Mailing to investors on key developments and events at the Company;
• Running an investor relations subpage at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations;
• Continuous dialogue with investors.

Brokerage house and investment bank analysts

• Four conferences organised following release of earnings reports for 2019, Q1 2020, H1 2020 and Q1–Q3 2020
• Mailing to investors on key developments and events at the Company;
• Continuous dialogue with equity analysts

Recommendations on KRUK shares issued by brokerage houses are published by the Company at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations/reports/analytical-reports.

The table below presents brokerage houses covering the Company stock.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research coverage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Company</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM Erste Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM Ipopema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM mBank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM PKO BP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Financial journalists

- Four conferences organised following release of earnings reports for 2019, Q1 2020, H1 2020 and Q1–Q3 2020
- Press releases concerning key corporate events
- Interviews and comments by Company representatives in financial media (such as Parkiet, Puls Biznesu, Forbes, Stockwatch or Biznes24 tv);
- Maintaining the Company’s profile on Stockwatch;
- Running an investor relations subpage at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations.

All press releases were published at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations/news, while periodic reports, including the Directors’ Report for 2020, were published at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations/reports/interim-reports.

Telephone numbers, email address and the Investor Relations Area contact form are available to market participants at https://en.kruk.eu/investor-relations/contact.
# Glossary of terms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Auditor</td>
<td>KPMG Audyt Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością Sp.K. of Warsaw</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAGR</td>
<td>Compound Annual Growth Rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalyst</td>
<td>Bond market operated by the Warsaw Stock Exchange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CZK</td>
<td>Czech koruna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBIT</td>
<td>Operating profit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBITDA</td>
<td>Operating profit before depreciation and amortisation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash EBITDA</td>
<td>EBITDA less revenue from purchased portfolios plus recoveries from purchased portfolios</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPS</td>
<td>Earnings per share</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>Euro</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FMCG</td>
<td>Fast Moving Consumer Goods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSE</td>
<td>Warsaw Stock Exchange (Giełda Papierów Wartościowych w Warszawie S.A.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Group, the KRUK Group</td>
<td>The Company as the Parent along with its subsidiaries and Non-Standard Securitisation Closed-End Investment Funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ItaCapital</td>
<td>ItaCapital S.r.l of Milan, Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kancelaria Prawna RAVEN</td>
<td>Kancelaria Prawna RAVEN P. Krupa sp. k. of Wrocław</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSDP</td>
<td>Central Securities Depository of Poland (Krajowy Depozyt Papierów Wartościowych S.A. of Warsaw)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PFSA</td>
<td>Polish Financial Supervision Authority (Komisja Nadzoru Finansowego)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRS</td>
<td>Polish National Court Register (Krajowy Rejestr Sądowy)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK Česká a Slovenská republika</td>
<td>KRUK Česká a Slovenská republika s.r.o. of Hradec Králové</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK España</td>
<td>KRUK España S.L. of Madrid, Spain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK Italia</td>
<td>KRUK Italia S.r.l of Milan, Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK ROMANIA</td>
<td>KRUK Romania s.r.l of Bucharest, Romania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KRUK TFI</td>
<td>KRUK Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. of Wrocław</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERIF BIG, ERIF</td>
<td>ERIF Biuro Informacji Gospodarczej S.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IAS</td>
<td>International Accounting Standards as endorsed by the European Union</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NBP</td>
<td>National Bank of Poland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Standard Securitisation Closed-End Investment Funds</td>
<td>Prokura NS FIZ, Bison NS FIZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDP</td>
<td>Gross Domestic Product</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PLN  Polish złoty

UOKiK President  President of the Office of Competition and Consumer Protection

2015-2019 Scheme  An incentive scheme for 2015–2019 implemented by the Company for the Management Board members, selected employees of the Company and selected members of the management boards and employees of the subsidiaries, under which up to 847,950 registered subscription warrants will be issued, conferring the right to subscribe for a total of 847,950 ordinary bearer shares issued as part of a conditional share capital increase.

Prokura NS FIZ  Prokura Niestandaryzowany Sekurytyzacyjny Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty (Prokura Non-standard securitisation closed-end investment fund)

Supervisory Board  The Company’s Supervisory Board

ROE  Return on Equity, computed as the ratio of consolidated net profit to equity as at the end of period

RON  Romanian leu

Regulation on current and periodic information  The Polish Minister of Finance’s Regulation on current and periodic information to be published by issuers of securities and conditions for recognition as equivalent of information whose disclosure is required under the laws of a non-member state, dated February 19th 2009 (Dz.U. of 2009, No. 209, item 1744, as amended)

SeCapital Luksemburg  SeCapital S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg)

SeCapital Polska w likwidacji (in liquidation)  SeCapital Polska Sp. z o.o. w likwidacji (in liquidation) of Warsaw

Consolidated financial statements  The Group’s consolidated financial statements for the reporting period ended December 31st 2020, prepared in accordance with the IFRS

Company KRUK Issuer  KRUK S.A. of Wrocław

Subsidiaries  The Company’s subsidiaries, as defined in the Polish Accounting Act, and Kancelaria Prawna RAVEN

Articles of Association  The Company’s Articles of Association

UOKiK  The Polish Office of Competition and Consumer Protection (Urząd Ochrony Konkurencji i Konsumentów)

USD  US dollar

General Meeting  General Meeting

Wonga  Wonga.pl Sp. z o.o. of Warsaw

Management Board  The Company’s Management Board

Employment  Number of employees (on a full- and part-time basis), including personnel under employment contracts and civil-law contracts.
SIGNATURES BY MANAGEMENT BOARD MEMBERS

The Directors’ Report on the operations of KRUK S.A. in 2020 is presented by the Company’s Management Board:

Piotr Krupa  
CEO and President of the Management Board  

Urszula Okarma  
Member of the Management Board  

Piotr Kowalewski  
Member of the Management Board  

Adam Łodygowski  
Member of the Management Board  

Michał Zasępa  
Member of the Management Board  

Wrocław, March 25th 2021